

# Thread Rolling

- Thread Rolling Heads, Rolls Consumables and Spares
- Machine Rolls
- Replacement Competitive Machine Rolls
- Technical and Operational Support Information





For over a century, Landis has been providing ThreadMaking Answers™ by setting global standards for excellence in high volume thread cutting and thread rolling applications.

This product catalog highlights a broad range of threading rolling solutions. Landis® Threading offers a complete range of thread-making solutions including the following product lines:

- Thread Cutting
- Thread and Form Rolling Products
- Collapsible & Solid Adjustable Taps
- Oster Program
- Reamer Products
- Replacement Dies
- Hollow Milling Program
- Cutter Discs
- Machine Grips

Your on-site application and customer service support will be addressed by our technical sales engineers who additionally are backed by an experienced customer service team.

Rely on Landis to achieve "Best in Class" threading solutions for your high performance applications.

Please contact us for additional information on any of the products illustrated in this catalog or any other part of Landis' comprehensive threading program.



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# We're On A Roll

*"Nobody knows more about threading than Landis"*

**I**f you already machine threads then you will already know LANDIS.

What you may not know is that "LANDIS THREADING SYSTEMS" is a new, revitalized company with

growth oriented programs, including rapidly expanding product lines, improved customer service and technical support internally and in the field to ensure that you get the best advice and service possible.

We still carefully select raw materials, and we still rely on over 95 years of design engineering, manufacture and heat treating experience. But when we add our experience, our commitment to develop new Landis products and our strict quality control procedures to our pride in the Landis name we are confident that LANDIS products stand head and shoulders above the rest.

As part of a major product development program we now have a **NEW** range of thread rolls for use on most makes of cylindrical die rolling machines.

Information on the new rolling products can be found on pages 39 - 41 of this catalogue.

Other new products include indexable and replaceable insert drilling systems, threadmilling and indexable carbide threading.

**For information or assistance on any new or existing Landis products please call us.**

**Inquiries lines: Toll-free 1.888.565.0386 or 717.762.3151**

**Customer Services: Toll-free phone 1.800.358.3500**

**Toll-free fax 1.888.718.2922**

**In Canada call: Toll-free phone 1.888.828.6340**

**Our office hours are 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M.  
Monday thru Friday EST. or ESTD.**

## Intent of This Publication

The intent of this publication is to help those using or considering using the thread rolling process.

Data provided includes features, ranges and dimensions of equipment, identification of consumable, spare and repair components.

Technical support includes reference material on When To Cut/When To Roll, Thread Roll Head/Thread Roll Management, Rollability of Materials and more. Day-to-day operational information includes operator's information; material rollability, troubleshooting, thread roll width of relief and recommended blank diameter information. Where it is possible to do so, all the information that pertains to a given type and size of tool is concentrated in one place for quick and handy reference.

## Did You Know

Landis has a trade in policy that allows 10% if you trade in a Landis or competitive thread cutting or rolling head, collapsible tap body or tap head.

All equipment must have standard shanks.

Equipment traded in must be complete.

## Landis Quality Thread Rolls

Landis offers thread rolls for ISPE, Kinifac, Landis, Reed, Tesker, and other types of cylindrical two die type machines.

Rolls are also offered for Alco, Fette, and Landis thread rolling heads.

# Advantages of Rolling Threads

Chipless cold forming with Landis thread rolling heads offer many advantages over other methods of producing threads.

Produce threads and related forms at high threading speeds with longer comparable tool life. Obtain threads up to 20% stronger than cut threads with significant material savings possible.

Operate at speeds higher than those obtainable with comparable thread cutting tools. With cold forming there is no abrasive wear and rolls will operate throughout their useful life without the need for periodic sizing. And the last thread produced will be as precise and as good as the first.

Cold forming results in threads of excellent micro structure, smooth mirror finish and improved grain structure for higher strength.

Rolling flows the material upward and outward to produce the thread. Because the thread is formed by the material being flowed upward and outward, the prepared blank is smaller than that required for a cut thread. This can result in material savings.

Application requirements for thread rolling are more stringent than for thread cutting. See the separate side bar on **"Application Considerations"**.

The preceding are but some of the considerations that must be evaluated. Where thread rolling can be used it can offer many decided advantages over thread cutting.

Landis offers heads for both rolling and cutting. If you wish to consider the use of a rolling tool, but are not familiar enough with the process to make a decision, consult the factory direct, or, consult your Landis representative.

## Application Considerations

1. A good rule of thumb to remember is that materials that roll well do not cut well, those that cut well do not roll well. This holds true in the majority of instances.
2. To be suitable for rolling, the material should have an elongation factor of 12%. This is the element which allows material to be plastically and permanently deformed.
3. The design and/or end use of the workpiece may dictate the use of a certain material. For example, cast iron is not a rollable material and would require that the threads be cut.
4. Cut threading allows a certain amount of latitude in respect to the O.D. of the blank. When a blank is to be cut, the nominal oversize can be trimmed away by the throat section of the die head chaser. No harm done. However, thread roll dies will accept only a specific volume of flowed material. An oversize blank results in excessive material flow which overfills the dies and results in die breakage. Therefore, the blank O.D. must be tightly controlled and held within the specified limits.

# Thread Rolling Heads

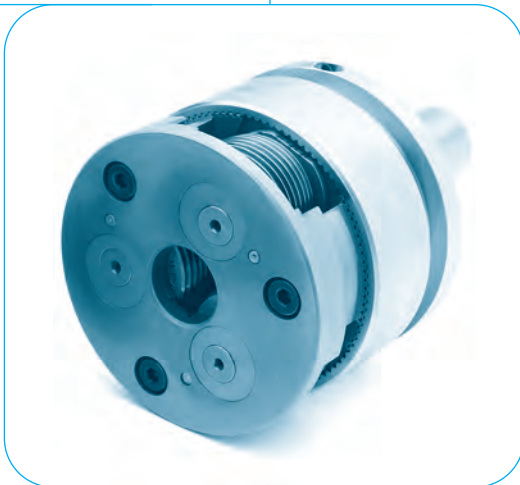
## Model TRSB Stationary Head



For application where the part rotates and the threading tool is stationary.

Nonrevolving head is ideal for turret lathes, hand and automatic screw machines, and other stationary tool applications.

## Model TRRB Revolving Head



A tool used on live spindle machines.

Revolving head for bar automatics and other live spindle machines, and for tapping, drilling, and threading machines.

## Operation

### TRSB Opening Action

Automatic opening of the TRSB Stationary Head is effected by interrupting the forward travel of the machine slide or carriage. Reset is done manually by handle or by cam.

### TRRB Opening Action

Opening action of the TRRB Revolving Head is effected by interrupting the forward travel of the operating yoke. The yoke is also used to reset the head.

## Positive Opening and Closing

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Both styles of heads employ eccentric roll shafts keyed to the head's operating mechanism by shaft adjusting cranks.

## Stationary Head Operation

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Three hardened driving pins, mounted in the adjusting ring, secure the head in the closed position. As the head pulls off, the driving pins withdraw from the closing ring which is under spring tension.

## Revolving Head Operation

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Three hardened conical closing pins, mounted in the adjusting ring, engage the closing ring to lock the head closed.

# Thread Rolling Heads

## Operation

### Eccentric Roll Shafts

Both the TRSB and TRRB style heads use three eccentric roll shafts operated by size adjusting cranks. As the heads open, the closing ring, under spring tension, causes the cranks to rotate the roll shafts and quickly clear the rolls from the completed thread.

### Precision Rolls

Rolls, interchangeable between like sizes of TRSB and TRRB Heads, are reversible, end for end, to provide two wear sections. The same roll set can be used to produce both right and left-hand threads. However, right and left-hand helix angle bushings must be used, respectively.



### Interchangeable Helix Angle Bushings

Interchangeable helix angle bushing sets allow the same head to be used to produce any diameter pitch and thread form combination that is within the capacity of the head. UNC, UNF, and "Sucker Rod" bushings sets are standard. Special bushing sets can be supplied where a more precise helix angle is required. Metric fine and coarse threads can be produced with UNF and UNC bushing sets. Certain metric diameter and pitch combination helix angles may vary sufficiently to require the use of metric bushing sets. Separate bushing sets are required for right and left-hand threading. However, the use of interchangeable bushing sets offers the decided advantage of allowing the same head to be used for right and left hand. With competitive equipment, two separate heads are required to do threads of different hand. With other types of rolling heads, excessive wear requires the replacement of major component parts. The interchangeable bushing feature can allow the Landis head to be reconditioned without replacing major parts.



## Multiple Bushing Bearings

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Multiple bushing roll bearings are supplied as standard equipment. This feature allows the heaviest cross section between the root of the thread form and the roll bore I.D. for maximum die strength. These bearings consist of three bushings telescoped one into the other. The outer and inner are bronze, the center one is steel finished to 16 micro-inch and hardened to 63-64 Rockwell "C". Installed to a running fit, the eight wear surfaces of the multiple bushings provide maximum uniform wear. The bearings are lubricated by the coolant which is circulated through the assembly by spiral grooves incorporated on each bushing.

Solid, one piece bronze or carbide bearings are available for more stringent operations.



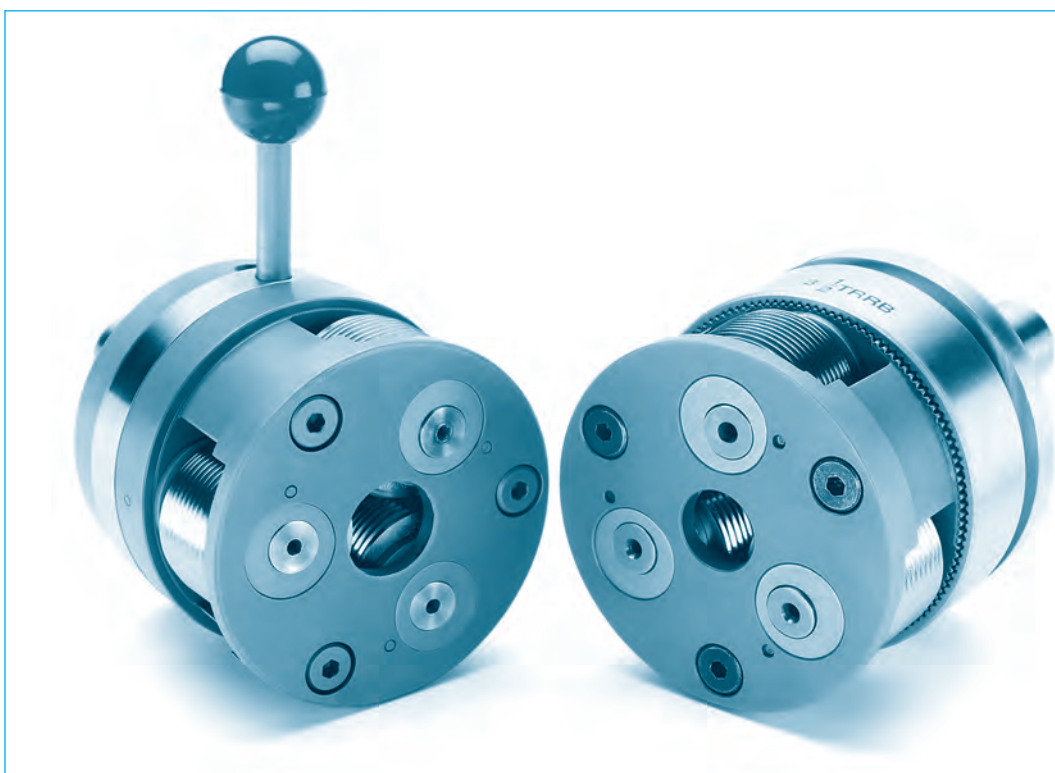
## Size Adjustment

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Nominal size is obtained by installing the proper roll set. Fine, minute adjustments for final size are made by loosening and tightening two opposed set screws in the adjusting ring.

# Specification information for No. 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>

## thread rolling heads— stationary and revolving



### Specifications for No. 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> thread rolling heads—stationary and revolving

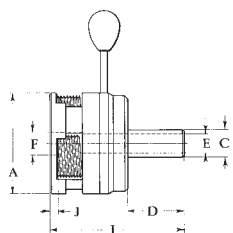
#### Specifications/Ranges

Head Model	Head Type*	Standard Range**	Maximum Oversize Range	Max. Thrd. Length Using Spec. Rolls & Std. Bore	Max. Thrd. Length Using Spec. Rolls & Spec. Bore	Weight***
3-1/2	TRSB Stationary	1/4" to 7/16"††—7 mm-11 mm	1/2"-20 Pitch—12 mm-1.25 mm P	5/8"-16 mm	7/8"-22 mm	3 lbs.
3-1/2	TRRB Revolving	1/4" to 7/16"††—7 mm-11 mm	1/2"-20 Pitch—12 mm-1.25 mm P	5/8"-16 mm	1"-25 mm	3 lb. 3 ozs.

\*TRSB—Stationary head for turret lathes, etc. TRRB—Revolving head for multi-spindles, etc.

\*\*Both left- and right-hand when proper helix angle bushings are used. \*\*\*Weight will vary slightly depending upon diameter and pitch rolls furnished.

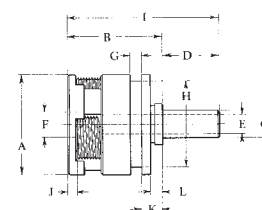
††Rolling 1/4" x 20 pitch U.N.C. is subject to factory review and recommendations. Please give pitch diameter, material and its hardness and whether right or left hand. Special rolls and helix angle bushings may be required.



#### TRSB Stationary Head

	A	C	D	E	F†	I	J*
No. 3-1/2	2-11/16"	3/4"	1-3/4"	15/32"	37/64"	4-3/16"	1/4"

\*To face of rolls. †Rolls up to shoulder unless diameter exceeds 9/16".



#### TRRB Revolving Head

	A	B	C	D	E	F†	G	H	I	J*	K	L
No. 3-1/2	2-3/4"	2-25/32"	3/4"	1-3/4"	15/32"	37/64"	.219"-.229"	2-3/8"	4-17/32"	1/4"	11/16"	13/32"

\*To face of rolls. †Rolls up to shoulder unless diameter exceeds 9/16".



## Replaceable Helix Angle Bushing Set††

UNC BUSHINGS	UNF BUSHINGS	STD. M/M COARSE BUSHINGS	STD. M/M FINE BUSHINGS	STD. LH BUSHING
FRT. C58522	FRT. C63966	FRT. C128586	FRT. C119859	FRT. C58662
REAR C58523	REAR C63967	REAR C128587	REAR C119860	REAR C58663
4° 0'	3° 0'	3° 15'	2° 30'	3° 0'

†† Bushings also available for special threads. Contact factory.



## Roll Shaft/Bearing Sets

MULTIPLE BUSHING BEARINGS	MULTIPLE BUSHING SET	1 PC. BEARIUM BRONZE BUSHING	1 PC. CARBIDE	ROLL SHAFTS W/OIL GROOVE
INT. E61198 MID. E61199 EXT. E60732	SE130525	D116818	D133737	D60711



## 3 1/2 TRB Thread Rollst

SIZE	IDENTICAL LONG THROAT	IDENTICAL SHORT THROAT	NO THROAT
1/4 - 20 UN/UNR *	B118583	B118807	B118821
1/4 - 20 UN/UNR **	B118801	B137314	
1/4 - 24 UN/UNR	B118833		
1/4 - 28 UN/UNR	B116027	B118811	B118823
1/4 - 32 UN/UNR	B118802	B118816	B118827
1/4 - 36 UN/UNR	B118832	B118846	
1/4 - 40 UN/UNR	B118831	B118845	
1/4 - 48 UN/UNR	B118830	B118844	
1/4 - 56 UN/UNR		B118843	
1/4 - 80 UN/UNR		B118842	
9/32 - 32 UN/UNR			B118855
9/32 - 40 UN/UNR	B118834	B118848	
9/32 - 48 UN/UNR		B118847	
5/16 - 13 UN/UNR	B118836		
5/16 - 18 UN/UNR	B118576	B118808	
5/16 - 20 UN/UNR	B118877	B118818	
5/16 - 24 UN/UNR	B116058	B118812	B118824
5/16 - 28 UN/UNR	B131072	B118849	
5/16 - 32 UN/UNR	B118803		B118828
5/16 - 40 UN/UNR	B118835		
3/8 - 16 UN/UNR	B118579	B118809	B118822
3/8 - 20 UN/UNR	B118805		
3/8 - 24 UN/UNR	B116059	B118813	B118825
3/8 - 28 UN/UNR	B117922	B118819	
3/8 - 32 UN/UNR	B118804	B118817	
3/8 - 40 UN/UNR	B118837		
3/8 - 48 UN/UNR		B118850	
7/16 - 14 UN/UNR	B118564	B118810	
7/16 - 16 UN/UNR	B118806		
7/16 - 20 UN/UNR	B118565	B118814	
7/16 - 24 UN/UNR	B118839	B118852	B118839
7/16 - 27 UN/UNR	B126537		
7/16 - 28 UN/UNR		B118815	
7/16 - 40 UN/UNR	B118838		

SIZE	IDENTICAL LONG THROAT	IDENTICAL SHORT THROAT	NO THROAT
1/4 - 28 UNJF	B115455		B063970
5/16 - 24 UNJF	B123628		B063971
3/8 - 24 UNJF	B123629		B067730
7/16 - 20 UNJF	B123630		
1/8 - 27 NPSM	B059339	B061669	
M6 - 1.0 I.S.O.	B129237	B121073	
M7 - 1.0 I.S.O.	B131088	B121074	
M8 - 1.25 I.S.O.		B121075	
M8 - 1.0 I.S.O.	B134902		
M10 - 1.50 I.S.O.	B125318	B119706	
M10 - 1.25 I.S.O.		B137776	
M10 - 1.0 I.S.O.	B137490		
M12 - 1.75 I.S.O.		B121076	
1/4 - 20 BSW *	B059390	B061673	
1/4 - 20 BSW **	B109327		
5/16 - 18 BSW	B059395	B061678	
3/8 - 16 BSW	B059399	B061682	
7/16 - 14 BSW	B059380	B061683	

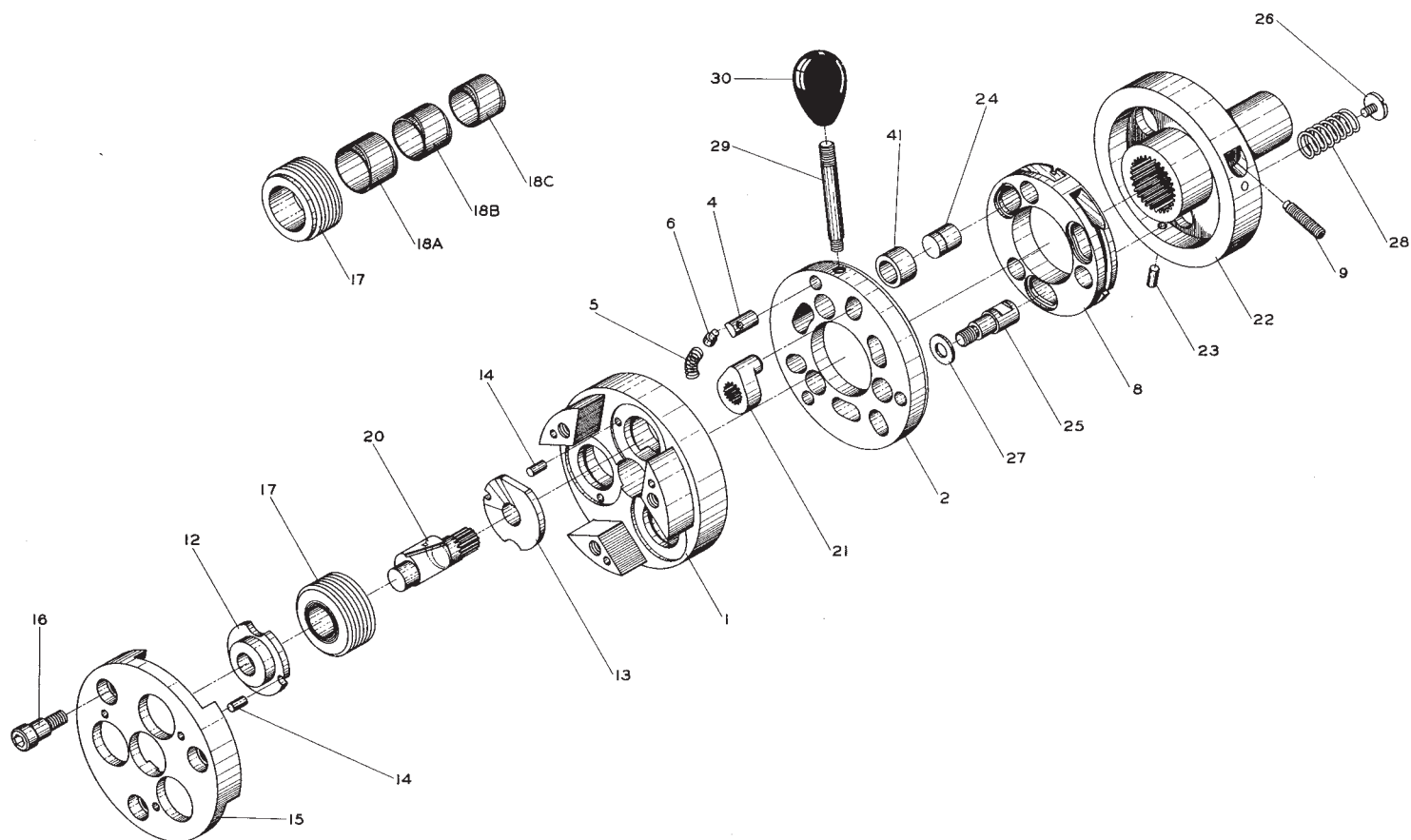
†For standard diameter and pitch combinations for UN, ISO and British thread forms.  
Rolls also available for other forms, or for special diameter, pitch and form threads.  
Contact factory application engineering department for details.

\*\* Indicates special helix angle bushings required for RH and LH.

\* Indicates RH only.

**Ordering Example: One set of 1/4"-20 pitch UN/UNR, Identical Long Throat, Thread Rolls, No. B118583 for No. 3-1/2 TRB Head.**

**When a choice must be made between Identical Long, Identical Short, and No Throat Rolls, refer to the "Width of Relief" Chart for the No. 3-1/2 Head on page 69.**



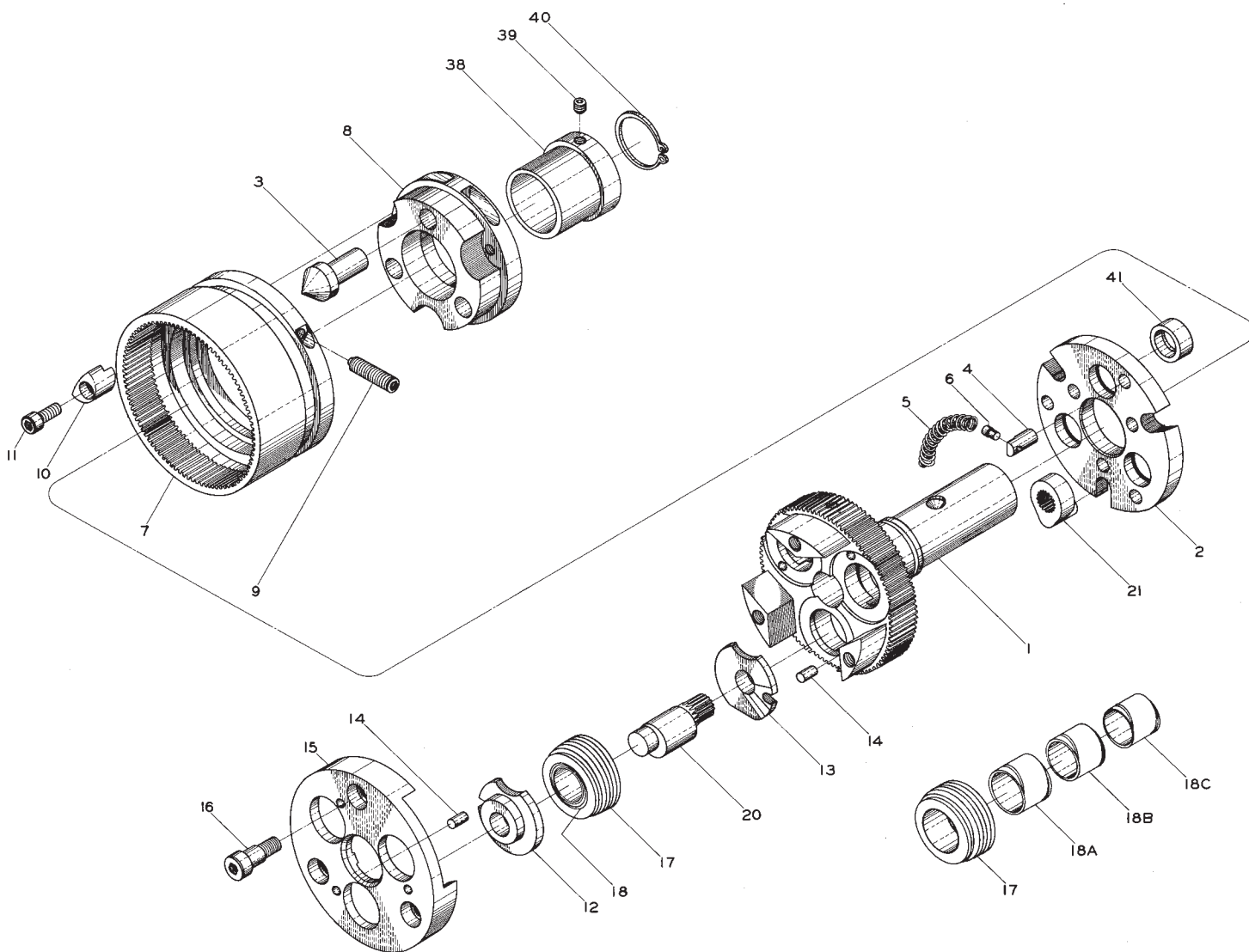
### No. 3 1/2 TRSB Stationary Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO. PCS.	NAME
TRS-1	A53559	1	Head Body
TRS-2	C67974	1	Closing Ring
TRS-4	E53550	3	Head Opening Pin
TRS-5	E53552	3	Head Opening Spring
TRS-6	E53551	3	Spring Retaining Pin
TRS-8	C53564	1	Adjusting Ring
TRS-9	18SF #10 x 1/2	2	Adjusting Screw
TRS-12	See Chart On Page 9	3	Front Bushing
TRS-13	See Chart On Page 9	3	Rear Bushing
TRS-14	1PH 3/32 x 3/16	6	Bushing Retaining Pin
TRS-15	B53544	1	Roll Retaining Cap
TRS-16	FA706	3	Retaining Cap Screw
TRS-17	Page 9	3	Thread Roll
TRS-18A*	E60732	3	External Bushing Bearing

DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO. PCS.	NAME
TRS-18B*	E61199	3	Middle Bushing Bearing
TRS-18C*	E61198	3	Internal Bushing Bearing
TRS-20	D60711	3	Thread Roll Shaft
TRS-21	D53557	3	Shaft Adjusting Crank
TRS-22	A53560	1	Standard Hollow Shank
TRS-23	1PS 1/8 x 5/16	3	Adjusting Ring Retaining Pin
TRS-24	E53566	3	Driving Pin
TRS-25	E53567	3	Connecting Stud
TRS-26	E53570	3	Stud Screw
TRS-27	E53568	3	Stud Washer
TRS-28	E53569	3	Pull Back Spring
TRS-29	E53562	1	Handle
TRS-30	E53563	1	Knob

NOTE: When ordering repair parts always designate part by letter, number, and name, in sequence, as listed.

IMPORTANT—Serial number and size of roll head must accompany order. \*Bronze and Carbide Bearings available. See Roll Shaft/Bearing Sets Chart on page 9.



### No. 3 1/2 TRRB Revolving Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	No. PCS.	NAME
TRR-1	A53543	1	Head Body
TRR-2	C53547	1	Closing Ring
TRR-3	E53554	3	Closing Pin
TRR-4	E53550	3	Head Opening Pin
TRR-5	E53552	3	Head Opening Spring
TRR-6	E53551	3	Spring Retaining Pin
TRR-7	B53549	1	Operating Ring
TRR-8	C53548	1	Adjusting Ring
TRR-9	18SF #10X1/2	2	Adjusting Screw
TRR-10	E53556	3	Retaining Segment
TRR-11	19S #6X1/2	3	Segment Screw
TRR-12	See Chart On Page 9	3	Front Bushing
TRR-13	See Chart On Page 9	3	Rear Bushing

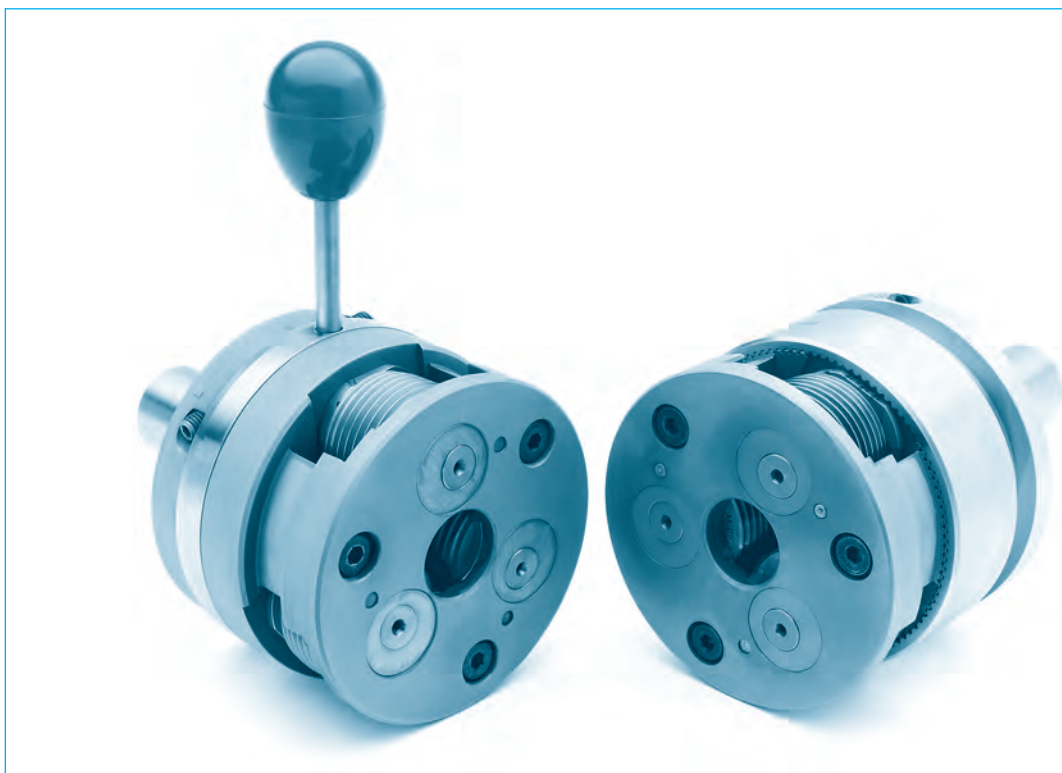
DR. NO.	PART NO.	No. PCS.	NAME
TRR-14	1PH 3/32x3/16	6	Bushing Retaining Pin
TRR-15	B53544	1	Roll Retaining Cap
TRR-16	FA706	3	Retaining Cap Screw
TRR-17	See Chart On Page 9	3	Thread Roll (Specify Diam. Pitch-Thread Form)
TRR-18A*	E60732	3	External Bushing Bearing
TRR-18B*	E61199	3	Middle Bushing Bearing
TRR-18C*	E61198	3	Internal Bushing Bearing
TRR-20	D60711	3	Roll Shaft
TRR-21	D53557	3	Shaft Adjusting Crank
TRR-38	E53545	1	Truarc Retaining Ring
TRR-40	E53546	1	Shank Retaining Ring

NOTE: When ordering repair parts always designate part by letter, number, and name, in sequence, as listed.

IMPORTANT—Serial number and size of roll head must accompany order. \*Bronze and Carbide Bearings available. See Roll Shaft/Bearing Sets Chart on page 9.

# Specification information for No. 5

## thread rolling heads— stationary and revolving



### Specification information for No. 5 thread rolling heads—stationary and revolving

#### Specifications/Ranges

Head Model	Head Type*	Standard Range**	Maximum Oversize Range	Max. Thrd. Length Using Spec. Rolls		Weight***
				& Std. Bore	& Spec. Bore	
5	TRSB Stationary	5/16" to 5/8"—8 mm-16 mm	3/4"-16 Pitch—20 mm-1.5 mm P	5/8"-16 mm	1- 1/8"-28 mm	6 lbs.
5	TRRB Revolving	5/16" to 5/8"—8 mm-16 mm	3/4"-16 Pitch—20 mm-1.5 mm P	5/8"-16 mm	2- 1/2"-63 mm	6 1/2 lbs.

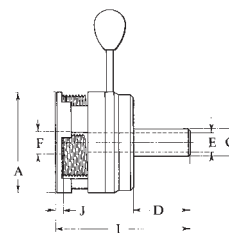
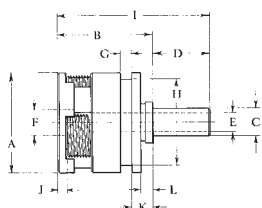
\*TRSB—Stationary head for turret lathes, etc. TRRB—Revolving head for multi-spindles, etc.

\*\*Both left - and right-hand when proper helix angle bushings are used. \*\*\*Weight will vary slightly depending upon diameter and pitch rolls furnished.

#### TRSB Stationary Head

	A	C	D	E	F†	I	J*
No. 5	3-1/2"	1"	2"	11-16"	57/64"	4-11/16"	11/32"

\*To face of rolls. †Rolls up to shoulder unless diameter exceeds 7/8".



#### TRRB Revolving Head

	A	B	C	D	E	F†	G	H	I	J*	K	L
No. 5	3-1/2"	3-13/32"	1"	2"	11/16"	57/64"	.375"-.385"	3"	5-13/32"	11/32"	13/16"	1/2"

\*To face of rolls. †Rolls up to shoulder unless diameter exceeds 7/8".



## Replaceable Helix Angle Bushing Sets††

UNC BUSHINGS	UNF BUSHINGS	STD. M/M COARSE BUSHINGS	STD. M/M FINE BUSHINGS	STD. LH BUSHING
FRT.	FRT.	FRT.	FRT.	FRT.
C64235	C113539	C119851	C119861	C58641
REAR	REAR	REAR	REAR	REAR
C64236	C113540	C119852	C119862	C58642
3° 40'	2° 45'	3° 15'	2° 30'	2° 40'

†† Bushings also available for special threads. Contact factory.



## Roll Shaft/Bearing Sets

MULTIPLE BUSHING BEARINGS	MULTIPLE BUSHING SET	1 PC. BEARIUM BRONZE BUSHING	1 PC. CARBIDE	ROLL SHAFTS W/OIL GROOVE
INT. E55356 MID. E55357 EXT. E55358	SE130526	D116819	D133738	D57811



## 5 TRB Thread Roll†

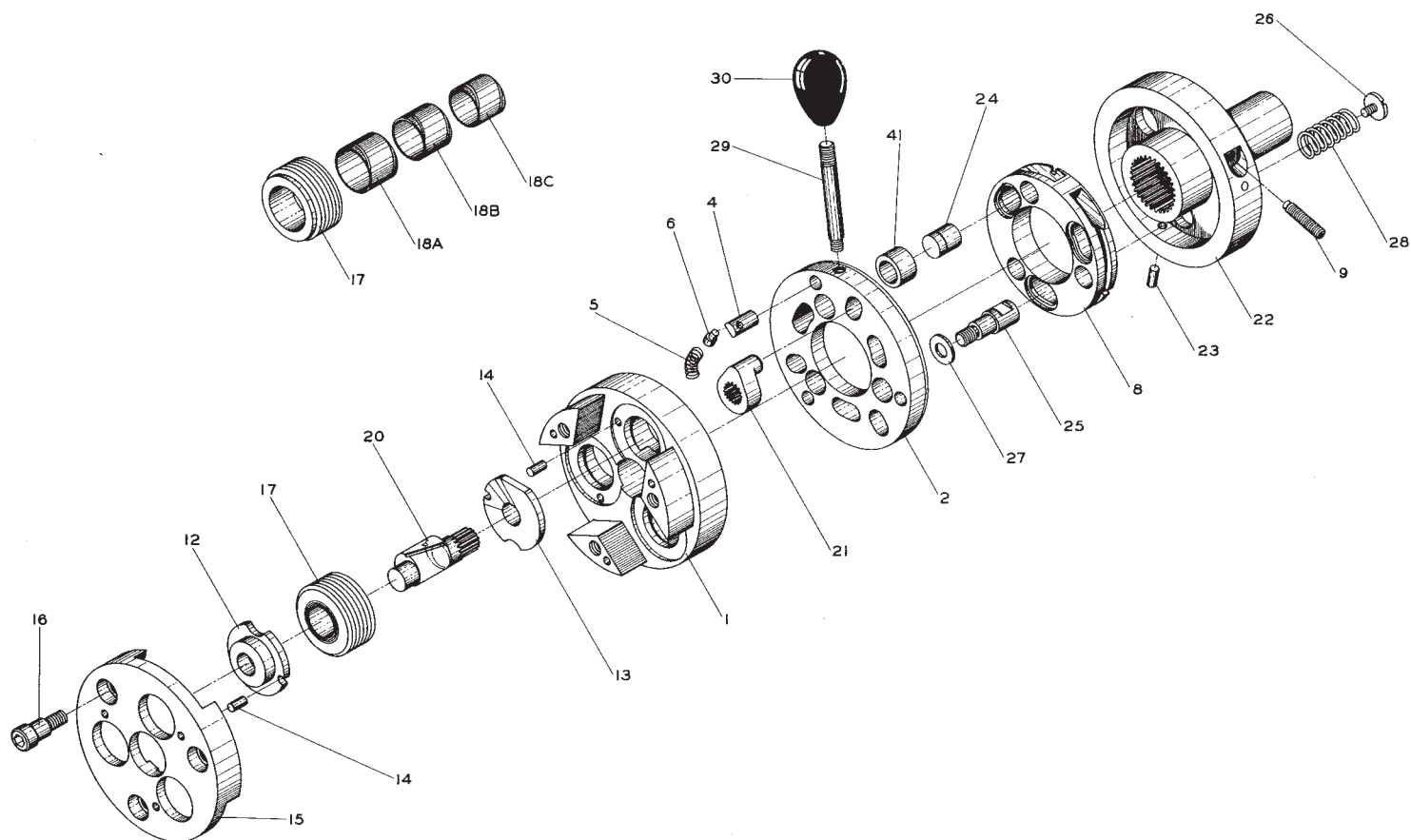
SIZE	IDENTICAL LONG THROAT	IDENTICAL SHORT THROAT	NO THROAT	SIZE	IDENTICAL LONG THROAT	IDENTICAL SHORT THROAT	NO THROAT
5/16 - 18 UN/UNR	B118623	B118891	B118920	5/16 - 24 UNJF	B123618		
5/16 - 24 UN/UNR	B104624	B118897	B129681	3/8 - 16 UNJC		B138897	
5/16 - 32 UN/UNR	B118866			3/8 - 24 UNJF	B123619		B067965
3/8 - 16 UN/UNR	B118573	B118892	B118878	7/16 - 20 UNJF	B119799		
3/8 - 24 UN/UNR	B104625	B118898	B118921	1/2 - 13 UNJC	B138176	B138177	
3/8 - 32 UN/UNR	B118867	B118914		1/2 - 20 UNJF	B118880	B123617	B069813
3/8 - 40 UN/UNR	B118931			9/16 - 18 UNJF	B123620		
7/16 - 14 UN/UNR	B118569	B118893		5/8 - 18 UNJF	B123621	B108441	
7/16 - 16 UN/UNR	B119965			5/8 - 24 UNJEF	B135783		
7/16 - 20 UN/UNR	B118545	B118584	B118922				
7/16 - 24 UN/UNR	B129834		B135455	1/8 - 27 NPSM	B058221	B061688	B126568
7/16 - 27 UN/UNR	B118932			1/4 - 18 NPSM	B058223	B061690	
7/16 - 28 UN/UNR	B118868	B118915		3/8 - 18 NPSM	B058226	B061693	
7/16 - 32 UN/UNR			B118926				
1/2 - 12 UN/UNR	B128228			M8 - 1.25 I.S.O.	B124008		B124811
1/2 - 13 UN/UNR	B115110	B118894	B115252	M10 - 1.50 I.S.O.	B132498	B120613	B124812
1/2 - 16 UN/UNR	B118873			M10 - 1.25 I.S.O.	B129117		B129588
1/2 - 18 UN/UNR	B118934	B118940		M10 - 1.0 I.S.O.	B136045		
1/2 - 20 UN/UNR	B104626	B118577	B118923	M12 - 1.75 I.S.O.		B125521	B124813
1/2 - 28 UN/UNR		B120078		M12 - 1.50 I.S.O.	B137327		
1/2 - 32 UN/UNR	B118872		B118919	M12 - 1.25 I.S.O.	B123571	B128899	
1/2 - 40 UN/UNR	B118933			M14 - 2.0 I.S.O.		B120614	
9/16 - 12 UN/UNR	B118558	B118895		M14 - 1.50 I.S.O.	B124687		
9/16 - 18 UN/UNR	B118546	B118899	B118924	M16 - 2.0 I.S.O.		B139490	B124814
9/16 - 20 UN/UNR	B122847	B134403		M16 - 1.50 I.S.O.	B132893		
9/16 - 24 UN/UNR	B118869	B118916					
9/16 - 32 UN/UNR	B118874			5/16 - 18 BSW	B062427		B124815
19/32 - 24 UN/UNR	B118935	B118941		3/8 - 16 BSW	B060721	B061698	B124816
5/8 - 11 UN/UNR	B118566	B118896	B115251	3/8 - 20 BSF	B058230	B061697	
5/8 - 18 UN/UNR	B118585	B118575	B118925	7/16 - 14 BSW	B062428		
5/8 - 20 UN/UNR		B118918		1/2 - 12 BSW	B058236	B061806	B124817
5/8 - 24 UN/UNR	B118870	B118917		1/2 - 16 BSF	B058237	B061807	
5/8 - 28 UN/UNR	B118876			5/8 - 11 BSW	B058245	B061817	
5/8 - 32 UN/UNR	B118875						
				1/2 - 27 GAS		B061809	

†For standard diameter and pitch combinations for UN, ISO and British thread forms. Rolls also available for other forms, or for special diameter, pitch and form threads.

Contact factory application engineering department for details.

**Ordering Example: One set of 5/16"-18 Pitch UN/UNR, Identical Long Throat, Thread Rolls, No. B118623 for No. 5 TRB Head.**

**When a choice must be made between Identical Long, Identical Short, and No Throat Rolls, refer to the "Width of Relief" Chart for the No. 5 Head on page 69.**



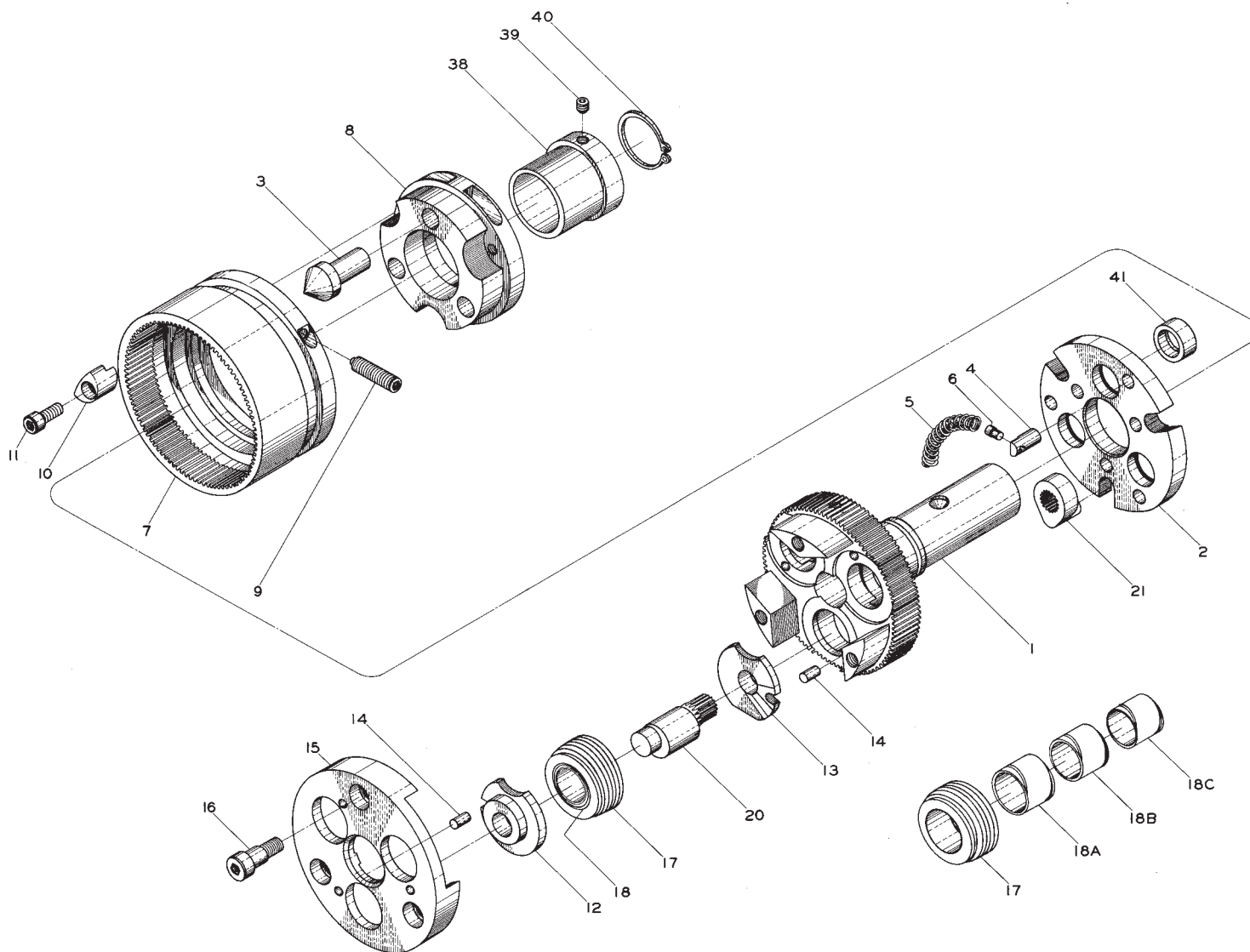
### No. 5 TRSB Stationary Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO. PCS.	NAME
TRS-1	A49868	1	Head Body
TRS-2	B49869	1	Closing Ring
TRS-4	E49835	3	Head Opening Pin
TRS-5	E66238	3	Head Opening Spring
TRS-6	E49841	3	Spring Retaining Pin
TRS-8	C49872	1	Adjusting Ring
TRS-9	18SF 1/4 x 1	2	Adjusting Screw
TRS-12	See Chart On Page 13	3	Front Bushing
TRS-13	See Chart On Page 13	3	Rear Bushing
TRS-14	1PH 5/32 x 1/4	6	Bushing Retaining Pin
TRS-15	A49829	1	Roll Retaining Cap
TRS-16	FA710	3	Retaining Cap Screw
TRS-17	See Chart On Page 13	3	Thread Roll
TRS-18A*	E55358	3	External Bearing Bushing

DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO. PCS.	NAME
TRS-18B*	E55357	3	Middle Bearing Bushing
TRS-18C*	E55356	3	Internal Bearing Bushing
TRS-20	D57811	3	Thread Roll Shaft
TRS-21	D53093	3	Shaft Adjusting Crank
TRS-22	B49867	1	Standard Hollow Shank
TRS-23	1PS 1/8 x 3/8	3	Adjusting Ring Retaining Pin
TRS-24	E49871	3	Driving Pin
TRS-25	E52112	3	Connecting Stud
TRS-26	E52113	3	Stud Screw
TRS-27	E49874	3	Stud Washer
TRS-28	E52362	3	Pull Back Spring
TRS-29	E52253	1	Handle
TRS-30	E52257	1	Knob

NOTE: When ordering repair parts always designate part by letter, number, and name, in sequence, as listed.

IMPORTANT—Serial number and size of roll head must accompany order. \*Bronze and Carbide Bearings available. See Roll Shaft/ Bearing Chart on page 13.



### No. 5 TRRB Revolving Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	No. PCS.	NAME
TRR-1	A54733	1	Head Body
TRR-2	C49832	1	Closing Ring
TRR-3	E49833	3	Closing Pin
TRR-4	E49835	3	Head Opening Pin
TRR-5	E52337	3	Head Opening Spring
TRR-6	E49841	3	Spring Retaining Pin
TRR-7	B49839	1	Operating Ring
TRR-8	C49836	1	Adjusting Ring
TRR-9	18SF 1/4 x 1	2	Adjusting Screw
TRR-10	E49838	3	Retaining Segment
TRR-11	1S #10 x 1/2	3	Segment Screw
TRR-12	See Chart On Page 13	3	Front Bushing
TRR-13	See Chart On Page 13	3	Rear Bushing
TRR-14	1 PH 5/32 x 1/4	6	Bushing Retaining Pin

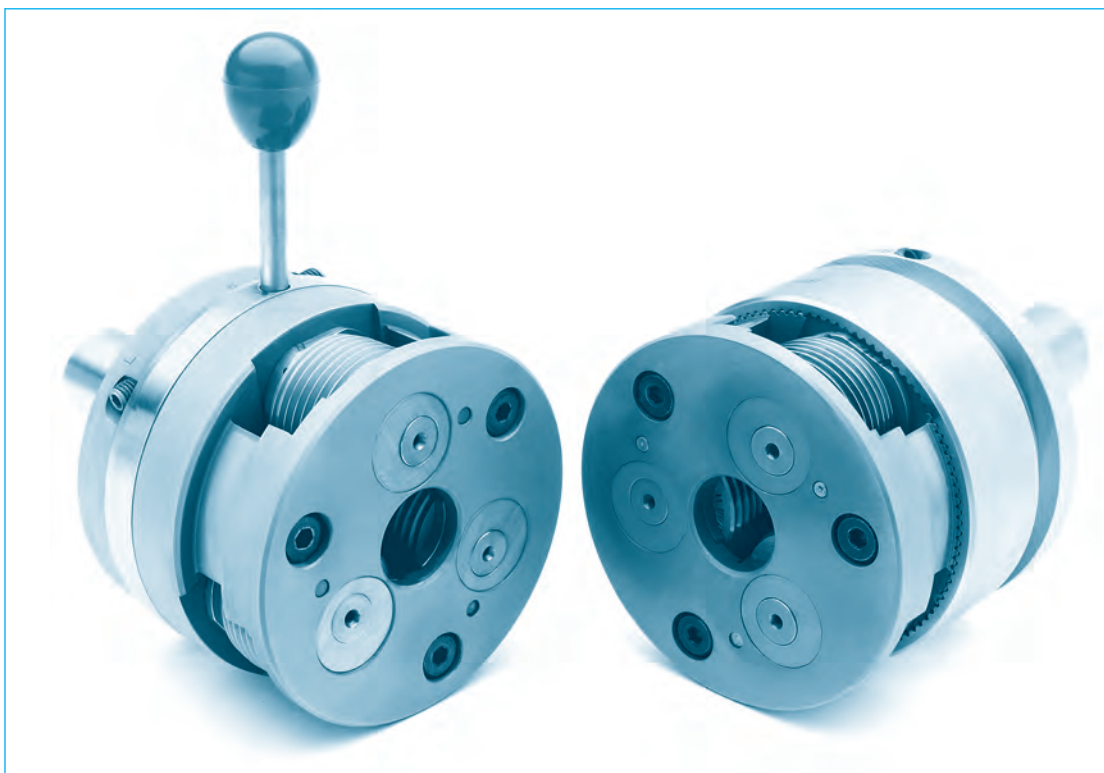
DR. NO.	PART NO.	No. PCS.	NAME
TRR-15	A49829	1	Roll Retaining Cap
TRR-16	FA710	3	Retaining Cap Screw
TRR-17	See Chart On Page 13	3	Thread Roll
TRR-18A*	E55358	3	External Bearing Bushing
TRR-18B*	E55357	3	Middle Bearing Bushing
TRR-18C*	E55356	3	Internal Bearing Bushing
TRR-20	D57811	3	Thread Roll Shaft
TRR-21	D53093	3	Shaft Adjusting Crank
TRR-38	Specify Serial No. of Head	1	Retaining Ring (Specify Serial No. of Head)
TRR-39	17S #10 x 1/4	1	Retaining Screw
TRR-40	E54734	1	TRUARC Retaining Ring

NOTE: When ordering repair parts always designate part by letter, number, and name, in sequence, as listed.

IMPORTANT—Serial number and size of roll head must accompany order. \*Bronze and Carbide Bearings available. See Roll Shaft/Bearing Chart on page 13.

# Specification information for No. 7

## thread rolling heads— stationary and revolving



### Specification information for No. 7 thread rolling heads—stationary and revolving

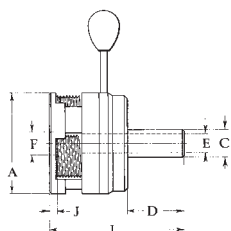
#### Specifications/Ranges

Head Model	Head Type*	Standard Range**	Maximum Oversize Range	Max. Thrd. Length Using Spec. Rolls		Weight***
				& Std. Bore	& Spec. Bore	
7	TRSB Stationary	7/16" to 7/8"—11 mm-22 mm	1"-12 Pitch—24 mm-2.0 mm P	3/4"-19 mm	1-3/8"-35 mm	12-1/2 lbs.
7	TRRB Revolving	7/16" to 7/8"—11 mm-22 mm	1"-12 Pitch—24mm-2.0 mm P	3/4"-19 mm	3-1/4"-82 mm	13-1/2 lbs.

\*TRSB—Stationary head for turret lathes, etc. TRRB—Revolving head for multi-spindles, etc.

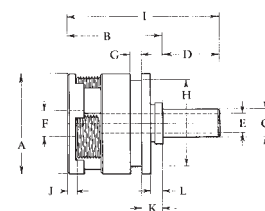
\*\*Both left- and right-hand when proper helix angle bushings are used. \*\*\*Weight will vary slightly depending upon diameter and pitch rolls furnished.

#### TRSB Stationary Head



I	A	C	D	E	F†	I	J*
No. 7	4-39/64"	1-1/2"	2-1/2"	15/16"	1-9/64"	6-1/16"	7/16"

\*To face of rolls. †Rolls up to shoulder unless diameter exceeds 1-1/8" for the No. 3-1/2, 7/8" for the No. 5, 1-1/8" for the No. 7, 1-3/4" for the No. 10 and 3-1/2" for the No. 16.



#### TRRB Revolving Head

II	A	B	C	D	E	F†	G	H	I	J*	K	L
No. 7	4-39/64"	4-9/32"	1-1/2"	2-1/2"	15/16"	1-9/64"	.375"-.385"	4-1/8"	6-25/32"	7/16"	1-1/64"	41/64"

\*To face of rolls. †Rolls up to shoulder unless diameter exceeds 1-1/8" for the No. 3-1/2, 7/8" for the No. 5,

## Replaceable Helix Angle Bushing Setst†



UNC BUSHINGS	UNF BUSHINGS	STD. M/M COARSE BUSHINGS	STD. M/M FINE BUSHINGS	STD. LH BUSHING
FRT. B58526	FRT. B113541	FRT. B119853	FRT. B119863	FRT. B58631
REAR B58527	REAR B113542	REAR B119854	REAR B119864	REAR B58632
3° 20'	2° 20'	3° 0'	2° 20'	2° 20'

††Bushings also available for special threads. Contact factory.

## Roll Shaft/Bearing Sets



MULTIPLE BUSHING BEARINGS	MULTIPLE BUSHING SET	1 PC. BEARIUM BRONZE BUSHING	1 PC. CARBIDE	ROLL SHAFTS W/OIL GROOVE
INT. E54464 MID. E54465 EXT. E54466	} SE130527	D116445	D133739	D57812



## 7 TRB Thread Roll†

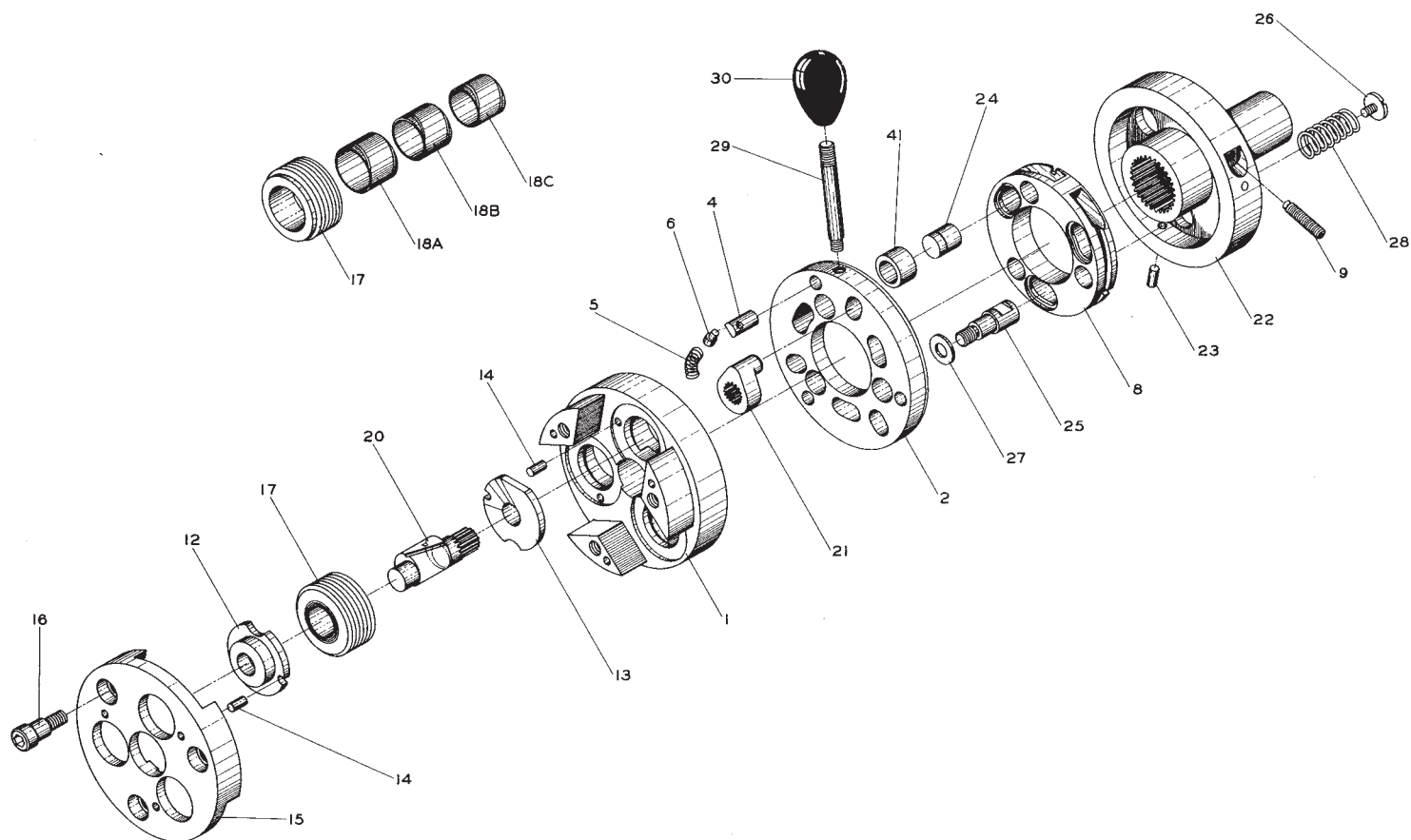
SIZE	IDENTICAL LONG THROAT	IDENTICAL SHORT THROAT	NO THROAT	SIZE	IDENTICAL LONG THROAT	IDENTICAL SHORT THROAT	NO THROAT
7/16 - 14 UN/UNR	B118563	B118970	B118991	7/8 - 12 UN/UNR	B118959		
7/16 - 20 UN/UNR	B116060	B118976	B118992	7/8 - 14 UN/UNR	B112566	B118582	B118996
7/16 - 32 UN/UNR	B118964	B118985		7/8 - 18 UN/UNR	B119105	B119134	B133923
1/2 - 13 UN/UNR	B115752	B118657	B134915	7/8 - 20 UN/UNR	B118963	B118983	
1/2 - 20 UN/UNR	B116061	B118977	B118993	7/8 - 32 UN/UNR		B118988	
1/2 - 28 UN/UNR		B118984					
9/16 - 12 UN/UNR	B118562	B118972		9/16 - 18 UNJF	B127232	B107340	
9/16 - 13 UN/UNR	B118999	B119127		5/8 - 18 UNJF		B098680	
9/16 - 18 UN/UNR	B116062	B118978	B118994	11/16 - 24 UNJEF		B107341	
9/16 - 20 UN/UNR	B118965						
9/16 - 24 UN/UNR	B118961	B118980		3/8 - 18 NPSM	B061898	B125330	
19/32 - 20 UN/UNR	B118971			1/2 - 14 NPSM	B124009		
43/64 - 11 UN/UNR	B119100						
5/8 - 11 UN/UNR	B118567	B118973	B128344	M12 - 1.75 I.S.O.	B129043		
5/8 - 12 UN/UNR	B118957			M12 - 1.50 I.S.O.	B134222		
5/8 - 18 UN/UNR	B112092	B118979	B118995	M12 - 1.25 I.S.O.	B133928		
5/8 - 24 UN/UNR		B118981		M14 - 2.0 I.S.O.	B115468		
11/16 - 11 UN/UNR	B119102	B119129		M14 - 1.50 I.S.O.	B134223		
11/16 - 12 UN/UNR	B127332			M16 - 2.0 I.S.O.	B112592	B134219	B136757
11/16 - 16 UN/UNR	B133962	B118986		M16 - 1.50 I.S.O.	B132163	B125329	
11/16 - 18 UN/UNR	B119101			M16 - 1.25 I.S.O.		B126480	
3/4 - 10 UN/UNR	B112091	B118974		M18 - 1.5 I.S.O.	B134224		
3/4 - 12 UN/UNR	B118958			M20 - 2.5 I.S.O.	B123573	B137344	
3/4 - 16 UN/UNR	B115236	B118578	B120021	M20 - 1.5 I.S.O.	B131276	B135799	
3/4 - 18 UN/UNR	B119104	B125493		M22 - 1.5 I.S.O.	B131211	B130685	
3/4 - 20 UN/UNR	B118962	B118982					
3/4 - 24 UN/UNR	B119103			7/16 - 14 BSW	B059383	B061822	
3/4 - 28 UN/UNR	B118968	B118987		1/2 - 12 BSW	B059382	B061825	
3/4 - 32 UN/UNR	B118967			1/2 - 16 BSF	B061170		
13/16 - 10 UN/UNR	B119109	B119132		5/8 - 11 BSW	B058257	B061832	
13/16 - 12 UN/UNR	B127774			5/8 - 14 BSF	B061169		
13/16 - 16 UN/UNR	B118960	B124886	B125638	3/4 - 10 BSW	B058261	B061837	
13/16 - 18 UN/UNR	B119108	B119131		3/4 - 12 BSF	B068074		
13/16 - 20 UN/UNR		B127234	B118998	7/8 - 9 BSW	B059381	B061842	
13/16 - 24 UN/UNR	B119107	B119130		7/8 - 11 BSF	B065222		
13/16 - 32 UN/UNR	B118969						
27/32 - 28 UN/UNR	B119110	B119133		3/8 - 19 BSPP	B121626		
7/8 - 9 UN/UNR	B118568	B118975	B118990	1/2 - 14 BSPP	B121099		

†For standard diameter and pitch combinations for UN, ISO and British thread forms. Rolls also available for other forms, or for special diameter, pitch and form threads.

Contact factory application engineering department for details.

**Ordering Example: One set of 7/16"-14 Pitch UN/UNR, Identical Long Throat, Thread Rolls, No. B118563 for No. 7 TRB Head.**

**When a choice must be made between Identical Long, Identical Short, and No Throat Rolls, refer to the "Width of Relief" Chart for the No. 7 Head on page 69.**



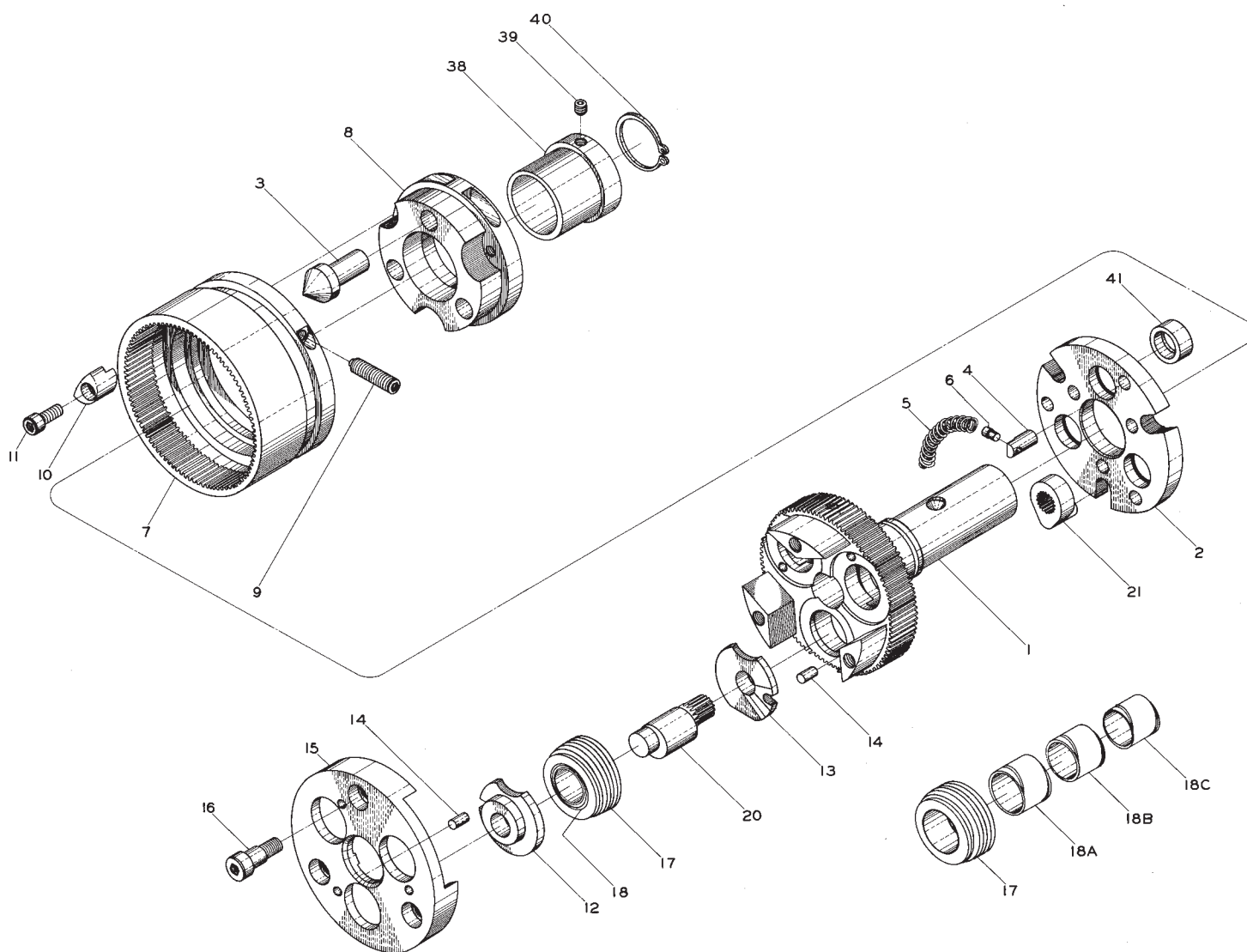
### No. 7 TRSB Stationary Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO. PCS.	NAME
TRS-1	A52450	1	Head Body
TRS-2	B52458	1	Closing Ring
TRS-4	E52463	3	Head Opening Pin
TRS-5	E52465	3	Head Opening Spring
TRS-6	E52464	3	Spring Retaining Pin
TRS-8	B52459	1	Adjusting Ring
TRS-9	18SF 5/16 x 1	2	Adjusting Screw
TRS-12	See Chart On Page 17	3	Front Bushing
TRS-13	See Chart On Page 17	3	Rear Bushing
TRS-14	1PH 3/16 x 3/8	6	Bushing Retaining Pin
TRS-15	A52454	1	Roll Retaining Cap
TRS-16	FA717	3	Retaining Cap Screw
TRS-17	See Chart On Page 17	3	Thread Roll
TRS-18A*	E54466	3	External Bearing Bushing
TRS-18B*	E54465	3	Middle Bearing Bushing

DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO. PCS.	NAME
TRS-18C*	E54464	3	Internal Bearing Bushing
TRS-20	D57812	3	Thread Roll Shaft
TRS-21	D53218	3	Shaft Adjusting Crank
TRS-22	A52455	1	Standard Hollow Shank
TRS-23	1PS 3/16 x 7/16	3	Adjusting Ring Retaining Pin
TRS-24	E52467	3	Driving Pin
TRS-25	E52472	3	Connecting Stud
TRS-26	E52475	3	Stud Screw
TRS-27	E52473	3	Stud Washer
TRS-28	E52474	3	Pull Back Spring
TRS-29	E52461	1	Handle
TRS-30	E52257	1	Knob
TRS-41	E52476	3	Driving Pin Bushing

NOTE: When ordering repair parts always designate part by letter, number, and name, in sequence, as listed.

IMPORTANT—Serial number and size of roll head must accompany order. \*Bronze and Carbide Bearings available. See Roll Shaft/ Bearing Chart on page 17.



### No. 7 TRRB Revolving Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	No. PCS.	NAME
TRR-1	A54750	1	Head Body
TRR-2	B52457	1	Closing Ring
TRR-3	D52466	3	Closing Pin
TRR-4	E52463	3	Head Opening Pin
TRR-5	E52465	3	Head Opening Spring
TRR-6	E52464	3	Spring Retaining Pin
TRR-7	A52462	1	Operating Ring
TRR-8	B52460	1	Adjusting Ring
TRR-9	18SF 5/16 x 1	2	Adjusting Screw
TRR-10	E52469	3	Locking Segment
TRR-11	11S 1/4 x 5/8	3	Segment Screw
TRR-12	See Chart On Page 17	3	Front Bushing - N.C.

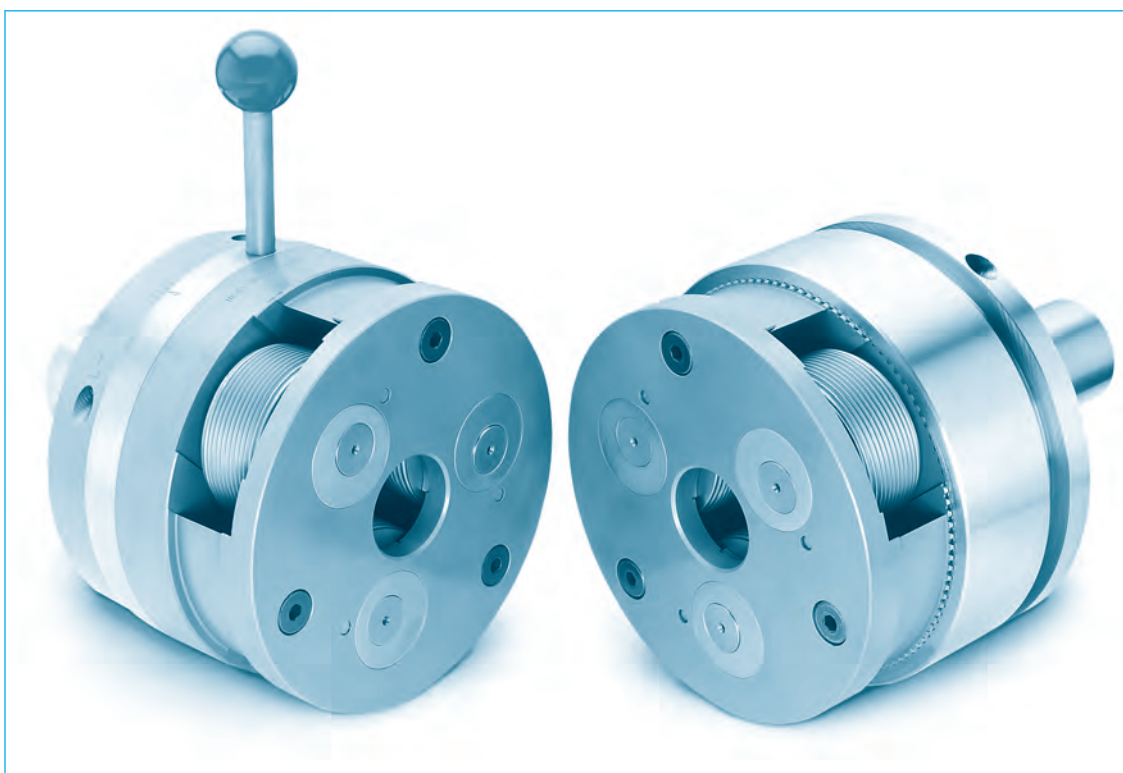
DR. NO.	PART NO.	No. PCS.	NAME
TRR-13	See Chart On Page 17	3	Rear Bushing - N.C.
TRR-14	1 PH 3/16 x 3/8	6	Bushing Retaining Pin
TRR-15	A52454	1	Roll Retaining Cap
TRR-16	FA717	3	Retaining Cap Screw
TRR-17	See Chart On Page 17	3	Thread Roll
TRR-18A*	E54466	3	External Bearing Bushing
TRR-18B*	E54465	3	Middle Bearing Bushing
TRR-18C*	E54464	3	Internal Bearing Bushing
TRR-20	D57812	3	Thread Roll Shaft
TRR-21	D53218	3	Shaft Adjusting Crank
TRR-38	D54749	1	Retaining Ring
TRR-40	E54751	1	TRUARC Retaining Ring

NOTE: When ordering repair parts always designate part by letter, number, and name, in sequence, as listed.

IMPORTANT—Serial number and size of roll head must accompany order. \*Bronze and Carbide Bearings available. See Roll Shaft/Bearing Chart on page 17.

# Specification information for No. 10

## thread rolling heads— stationary and revolving



### Specification information for No. 10 thread rolling heads—stationary and revolving

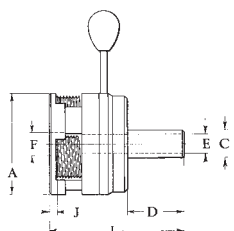
#### Specifications/Ranges

Head Model	Head Type*	Standard Range**	Maximum Oversize Range	Max. Thrd. Length Using Spec. Rolls & Std. Bore	& Spec. Bore	Weight***
10	TRSB Stationary	5/8" to 1-1/14"—16 mm-32 mm	1-3/8"-12 Pitch—33 mm-2.0 mm P 1-1/2"-12 Pitch†—36 mm-2.0 mm P	1"-25 mm	Unlimited 2"-51 mm	46 lbs.
10	TRRB Revolving	5/8" to 1-1/14"—16 mm-32 mm	1-3/8"-12 Pitch—33 mm-2.0 mm P 1-1/2"-12 Pitch†—36 mm-2.0 mm P	1"-25 mm	Unlimited 4-1/2"-114 mm	51 lbs. 4 ozs.

\*TRSB—Stationary head for turret lathes, etc. TRRB—Revolving head for multi-spindles, etc.

\*\*Both left- and right-hand when proper helix angle bushings are used. \*\*\*Weight will vary slightly depending upon diameter and pitch rolls furnished.

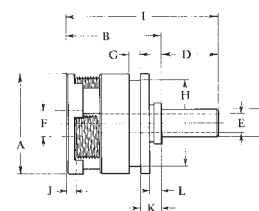
†Requires slight alteration to rear helix angle bushings.



#### TRSB Stationary Head

	A	C	D	E	F†	I	J*
No. 10	7-5/16"	2"	3-1/4"	1-5/16"	1-25/32"	8-3/8"	5/8"

\*To face of rolls. †Rolls up to shoulder unless diameter exceeds 1-3/4".



#### TRRB Revolving Head

	A	B	C	D	E	F†	G	H	I	J*	K	L
No. 10	7-5/8"	6-1/16"	2"	3-1/4"	1-5/16"	1-25/32"	.500"-.510"	6-3/4"	9-5/16"	5/8"	1-1/2"	15/16"

\*To face of rolls. †Rolls up to shoulder unless diameter exceeds 1-3/4".

## Replaceable Helix Angle Bushing Sets††



UNC BUSHINGS	UNF BUSHINGS	STD. M/M COARSE BUSHINGS	STD. M/M FINE BUSHINGS	STD. LH BUSHING
FRT.	FRT.	FRT.	FRT.	FRT.
C58528	C60718	C119855	C119865	C58645
REAR	REAR	REAR	REAR	REAR
C58529	C60719	C119856	C119866	C58646
2° 45'	1° 45'	2° 45'	1° 45'	2° 45'

††Bushings also available for special threads and sucker rod threads. Contact factory.

## Roll Shaft/Bearing Sets



MULTIPLE BUSHING BEARINGS	MULTIPLE BUSHING SET	1 PC. BEARIUM BRONZE BUSHING	1 PC. CARBIDE	ROLL SHAFTS W/OIL GROOVE
INT. E55392 MID. E55393 EXT. E55394	SE130528	D115458	D133740	D57813



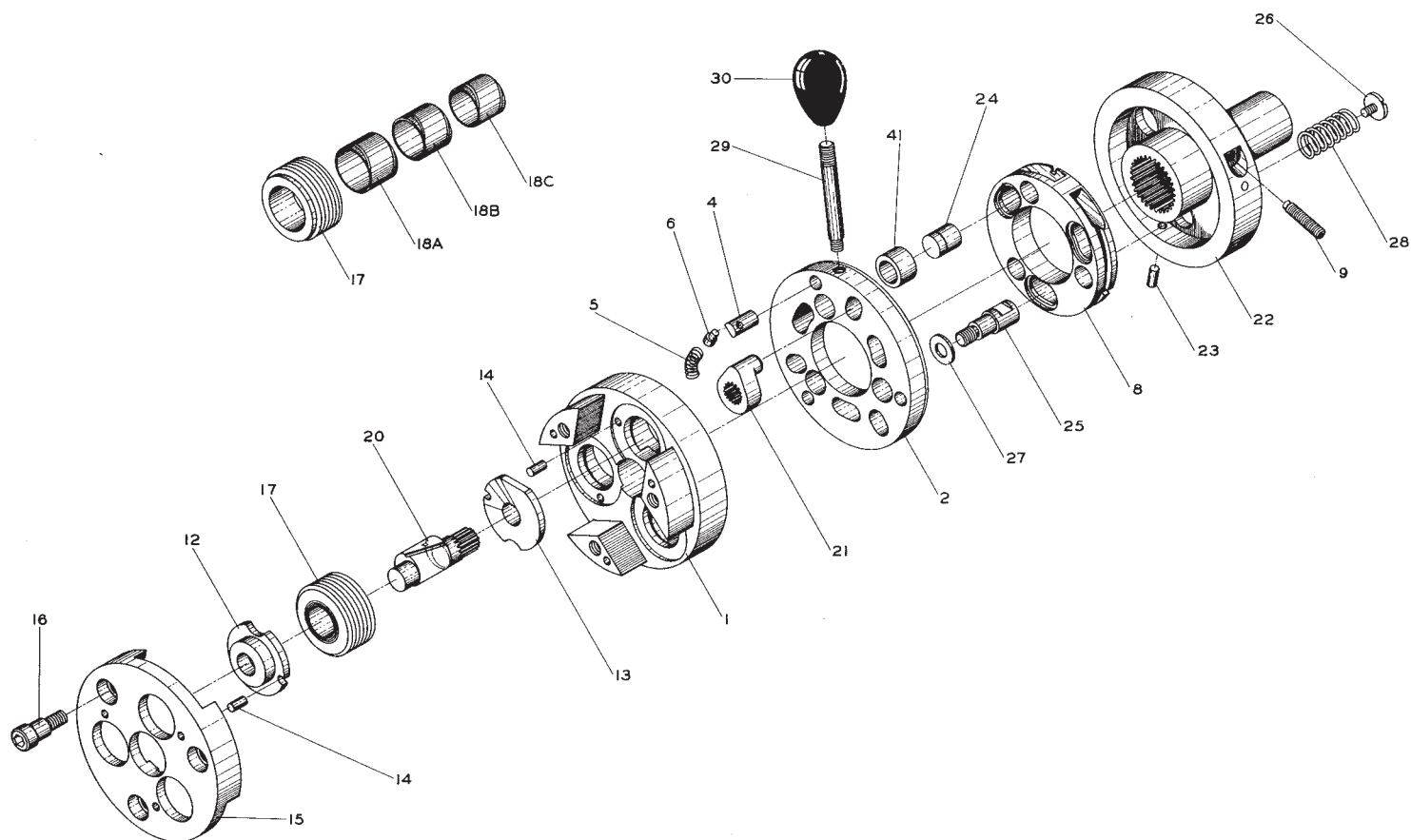
## 10 TRB Thread Roll†

SIZE	IDENTICAL LONG THROAT	IDENTICAL SHORT THROAT	NO THROAT	SIZE	IDENTICAL LONG THROAT	IDENTICAL SHORT THROAT	NO THROAT
5/8 - 11 UN/UNR	B118560	B119165		1-1/4 - 14 UN/UNR		B129978	
5/8 - 18 UN/UNR	B118624	B119171	B119186	1-1/4 - 16 UN/UNR	B119155		
11/16 - 11 UN/UNR	B119190	B119013		1-1/4 - 18 UN/UNR	B119159		
11/16 - 18	B123137						
3/4 - 10 UN/UNR	B118586	B119166		9/16 - 18 UNJF			
3/4 - 12 UN/UNR	B119147	B119180		5/8 - 11 UNJC		B138898	
3/4 - 16 UN/UNR	B118570	B119172	B119188	5/8 - 18 UNJF	B123631		
3/4 - 20 UN/UNR		B119177	B119189	5/8 - 24 UNJEF	B124638		
3/4 - 28 UN/UNR	B126446			11/16 - 24 UNJEF		B132987	
13/16 - 16 UN/UNR	B119148			3/4 - 10 UNJC	B138178		
13/16 - 20 UN/UNR	B119161			3/4 - 16 UNJF	B111835		
7/8 - 9 UN/UNR	B118571	B119167		7/8 - 14 UNJF	B123633		
7/8 - 12 UN/UNR				7/8 - 20 UNJEF	B132080		
7/8 - 14 UN/UNR	B118572	B119174		1 - 8 UNJC		B138899	
7/8 - 18 UN/UNR	B131350	B131248		1 - 12 UNJF	B123634		
7/8 - 20 UN/UNR		B119178		1-1/8 - 8 UNJ	B114392		
7/8 - 32 UN/UNR				1-1/4 - 12 UNJF		B128893	
15/16 - 9 UN/UNR	B119192	B119015					
15/16 - 10 UN/UNR	B119191	B119014		M16 - 2.0 I.S.O.	B139598		
15/16 - 12 UN/UNR	B128117			M20 - 2.5 I.S.O.	B132225		
1 - 8 UN/UNR	B118550	B119168	B129868	M20 - 2.0 I.S.O.	B119205		
1 - 11 UN/UNR	B129875	B130289		M20 - 1.5 I.S.O.	B132127	B117950	B128921
1 - 12 UN/UNR	B118561	B119173	B119187	M22 - 2.5 I.S.O.	B131595		
1 - 14 UN/UNR	B119193	B119016	B116332	M22 - 1.5 I.S.O.	B125273		
1 - 16 UN/UNR	B119149	B119185		M24 - 3.0 I.S.O.	B067483	B121882	
1 - 18 UN/UNR	B119194	B119017		M24 - 2.0 I.S.O.	B135232		
1 - 20 UN/UNR	B119158			M26 - 1.5 I.S.O.	B131053		
1 - 24 UN/UNR	B119089			M27 - 2.0 I.S.O.	B134904	B135721	
1 - 32 UN/UNR	B119162	B119184		M27 - 1.5 I.S.O.			B119204
1-1/16 - 10 UN/UNR	B119195	B119018		M30 - 3.5 I.S.O.	B132298	B139580	
1-1/16 - 12 UN/UNR	B119150			M30 - 2.0 I.S.O.	B118782		
1-1/16 - 18 UN/UNR		B119179		M32 - 1.5 I.S.O.	B123958		
1-3/32 - 8 UN/UNR	B119196	B119019		M33 - 2.0 I.S.O.		B135722	
1-1/8 - 7 UN/UNR	B118548	B119169					
1-1/8 - 8 UN/UNR	B119152	B119181		1/2 - 14 NPSM	B099327		
1-1/8 - 12 UN/UNR	B114092	B119175	B124985	3/4 - 14 NPSM	B069145		
1-1/8 - 14 UN/UNR		B119020		1 - 11-1/2 NPSM	B117712		
1-1/8 - 16 UN/UNR	B119151						
1-1/8 - 18 UN/UNR	B119160			5/8 - 11 BSW	B064991		
1-1/8 - 20 UN/UNR	B119163			3/4 - 10 BSW	B064992	B111770	
1-3/16 - 8 UN/UNR	B119154			13/16 - 10 BSW	B106844		
1-3/16 - 10 UN/UNR	B119198	B119021		7/8 - 9 BSW	B064993		
1-3/16 - 12 UN/UNR	B119153	B119182		1 - 8 BSW	B064994		B111446
1-3/16 - 24 UN/UNR	B119197			1 - 10 BSF	B062947		
1-1/4 - 8 UN/UNR	B119156			1-1/8 - 7 BSW	B065695		
1-1/4 - 7 UN/UNR	B118547	B119170		1-1/4 - 7 BSW	B113524		
1-1/4 - 8 UN/UNR		B119183		3/4 - 14 BSPP	B066915		
1-1/4 - 12 UN/UNR	B118559	B117921					

†For standard diameter and pitch combinations for UN, ISO and British thread forms. Rolls also available for other forms, or for special diameter, pitch and form threads. Contact factory application engineering department for details.

**Ordering Example: One set of 1-1/4"-7 Pitch UN/UNR, Identical Long Throat, Thread Rolls, No. B118547 for No. 10 TRB Head.**

**When a choice must be made between Identical Long, Identical Short, and No Throat Rolls, refer to the "Width of Relief" Chart for the No. 10 Head on page 70.**

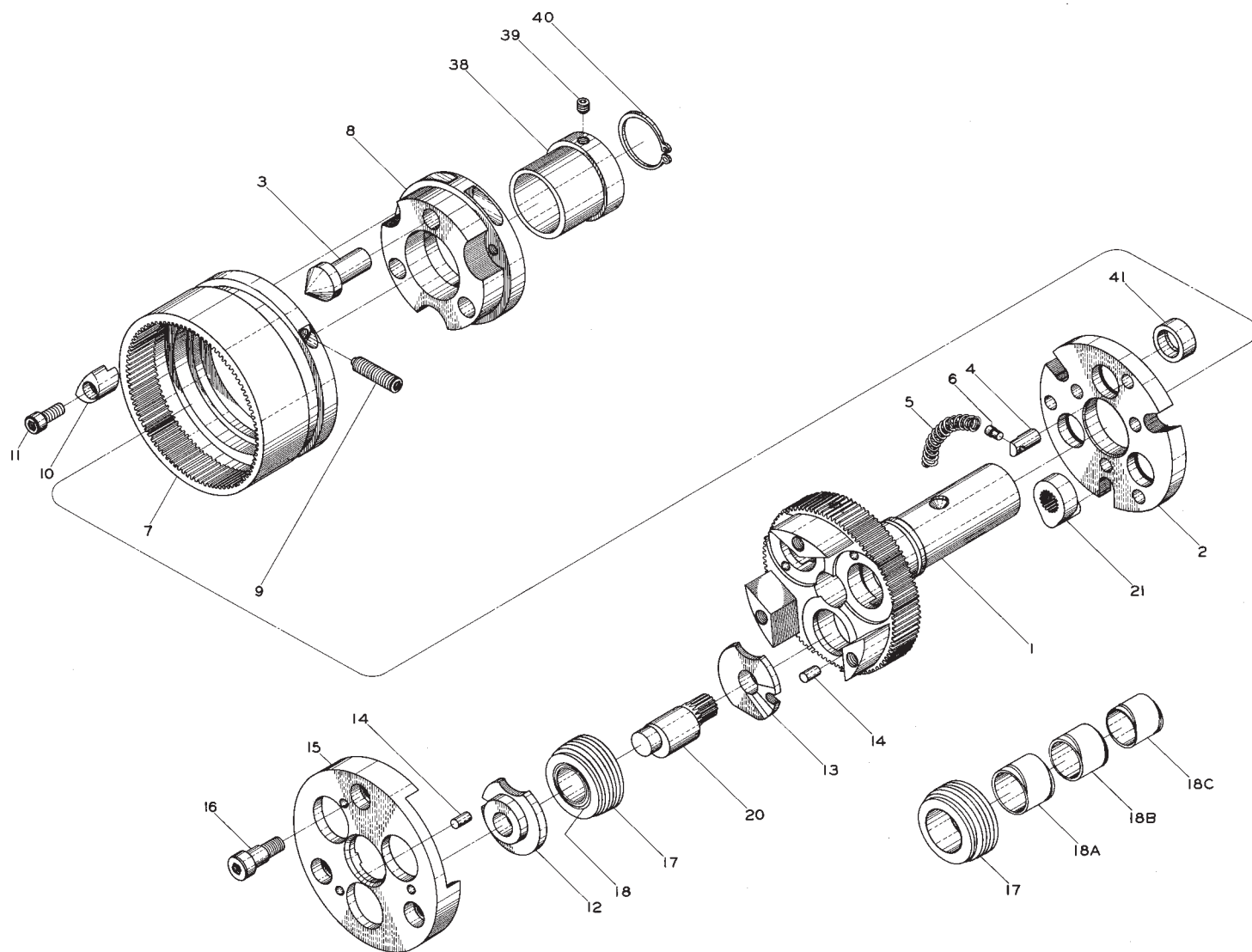


### No. 10 TRSB Stationary Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO. PCS.	NAME	DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO. PCS.	NAME
TRS-1	A53697	1	Head Body	TRS-18B*	E55393	3	Middle Bearing Bushing
TRS-2	B53699	1	Closing Ring	TRS-18C*	E55392	3	Internal Bearing Bushing
TRS-4	E53689	3	Head Opening Pin	TRS-20	D57813	3	Thread Roll Shaft
TRS-5	E53691	3	Head Opening Spring	TRS-21	D53695	3	Shaft Adjusting Crank
TRS-6	E53690	3	Spring Retaining Pin	TRS-22	B53698	1	Standard Hollow Shank
TRS-8	B53801	1	Adjusting Ring	TRS-23	1PS 1/4 x 5/8	3	Adjusting Ring Retaining Pin
TRS-9	18S 3/8 x 1	2	Adjusting Screw	TRS-24	E53803	3	Driving Pin
TRR-12	See Chart On Page 21	3	Front Bushing	TRS-25	E53804	3	Connecting Stud
TRR-13	See Chart On Page 21	3	Rear Bushing	TRS-26	E53807	3	Stud Screw
TRS-14	1PH 1/4 x 1/2	6	Bushing Retaining Pin	TRS-27	E53805	3	Stud Washer
TRS-15	A53681	1	Roll Retaining Cap	TRS-28	E53806	3	Pull Back Spring
TRS-16	FA722	3	Retaining Cap Screw	TRS-29	E53800	1	Handle
TRS-17	See Chart On Page 21	3	Thread Roll	TRS-30	E56452	1	Knob
TRS-18A*	E55394	3	External Bearing Bushing	TRS-41	E53802	3	Driving Pin Bushing

NOTE: When ordering repair parts always designate part by letter, number, and name, in sequence, as listed.

IMPORTANT—Serial number and size of die head must accompany order. \*Bronze and Carbide Bearings available. See Roll Shaft/ Bearing Chart on page 21.



### No. 10 TRRB Revolving Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	No. PCS.	NAME
TRR-1	A53680	1	Head Body
TRR-2	B53684	1	Closing Ring
TRR-3	E53693	3	Closing Pin
TRR-4	E53689	3	Head Opening Pin
TRR-5	E53691	3	Head Opening Spring
TRR-6	E53690	3	Spring Retaining Pin
TRR-7	A53686	1	Operating Ring
TRR-8	B53685	1	Adjusting Ring
TRR-9	18S 3/8 x 1-1/4	2	Adjusting Screw
TRR-10	E53694	3	Retaining Segment
TRR-11	11S 5/16 x 3/4	3	Segment Screw
TRR-12	See Chart On Page 21	3	Front Bushing
TRR-13	See Chart On Page 21	3	Rear Bushing

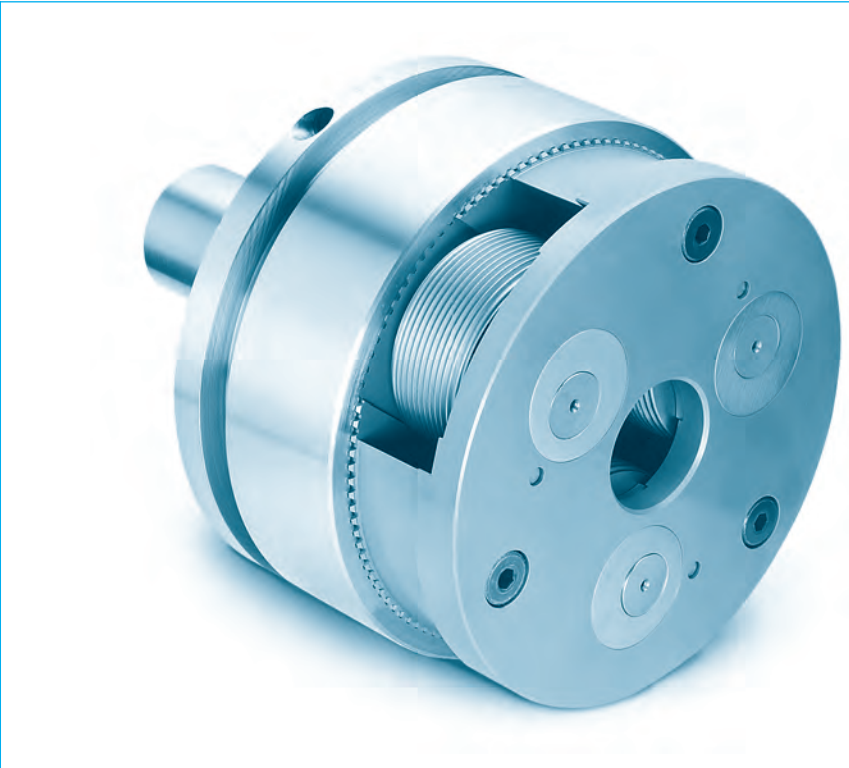
DR. NO.	PART NO.	No. PCS.	NAME
TRR-14	1 PH 1/4 x 1/2	6	Bushing Retaining Pin
TRR-15	A53681	1	Roll Retaining Cap
TRR-16	FA722	3	Retaining Cap Screw
TRR-17	See Chart On Page 21	3	Thread Roll
TRR-18A*	E55394	3	External Bearing Bushing
TRR-18B*	E55393	3	Middle Bearing Bushing
TRR-18C*	E55392	3	Internal Bearing Bushing
TRR-20	D57813	3	Thread Roll Shaft
TRR-21	D53695	3	Shaft Adjusting Crank
TRR-38	E53682	1	Retaining Ring
TRR-40	E53683	1	TRUARC Retaining Ring
TRR-41	E53692	3	Closing Pin Bushing

NOTE: When ordering repair parts always designate part by letter, number, and name, in sequence, as listed.

IMPORTANT—Serial number and size of roll head must accompany order. \*Bronze and Carbide Bearings available. See Roll Shaft/Bearing Sets Chart on page 21.

# Specification information for No. 16

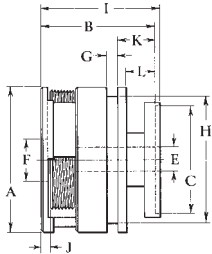
thread  
rolling  
head—  
revolving



## Specification information for No. 16 thread rolling head—revolving

Head Model	Head Type*	Standard Range**	Specifications/Ranges		Max. Thrd. Length Using Spec. Rolls		Weight***
			Maximum Oversize Range		& Std. Bore	& Spec. Bore	
16	TRRB Revolving	1/4" to 2"—32 mm-52 mm	2-1/2"-4 Pitch—64 mm-3.0 mm P		1-1/2"-38 mm	3-1/4"-82 mm	195 lbs.
			2-3/4"-4 Pitch†—68 mm-3.0 mm P		1-1/2"-38 mm	3-1/4"-82 mm	

\*TRRB—Revolving head for threading machines, etc.  
\*\*Both left- and right-hand when proper helix angle bushings are used. \*\*\*Weight will vary slightly depending upon diameter and pitch rolls furnished.  
†Requires slight alteration to rear helix angle bushings.



TRRB Revolving Head

	A	B	C	E	F†	G	H	I	J*	K	L
No. 16	12"	9-7/16"	8-3/4"	2-1/16"	3-9/16"	.875"-.885"	10-1/2"	9-3/4"	3/4"	3-3/2"	2-11/32"

\*To face of rolls. †Rolls up to shoulder unless diameter exceeds 3-1/2".



## Replaceable Helix Angle Bushing Sets††

UNC BUSHINGS	UNF BUSHINGS	STD. M/M COARSE BUSHINGS	STD. M/M FINE BUSHINGS	STD. LH BUSHING
FRT. B58414 REAR B58415 2° 15'	FRT. B113543 REAR B113544 1° 20'	FRT. B119857 REAR B119858 2° 15'	FRT. B119867 REAR B119868 1° 45'	FRT. B111992 REAR B111993 2° 15'

††Bushings also available for special threads. Contact factory.



## Roll Shaft/Bearing Sets

MULTIPLE BUSHING BEARINGS	MULTIPLE BUSHING SET	1 PC. BEARIUM BRONZE BUSHING	1 PC. CARBIDE	ROLL SHAFTS W/OIL GROOVE
INT. D58421 MID. D58420 EXT. D58419	} SD130923	D115745	D136188	C58416



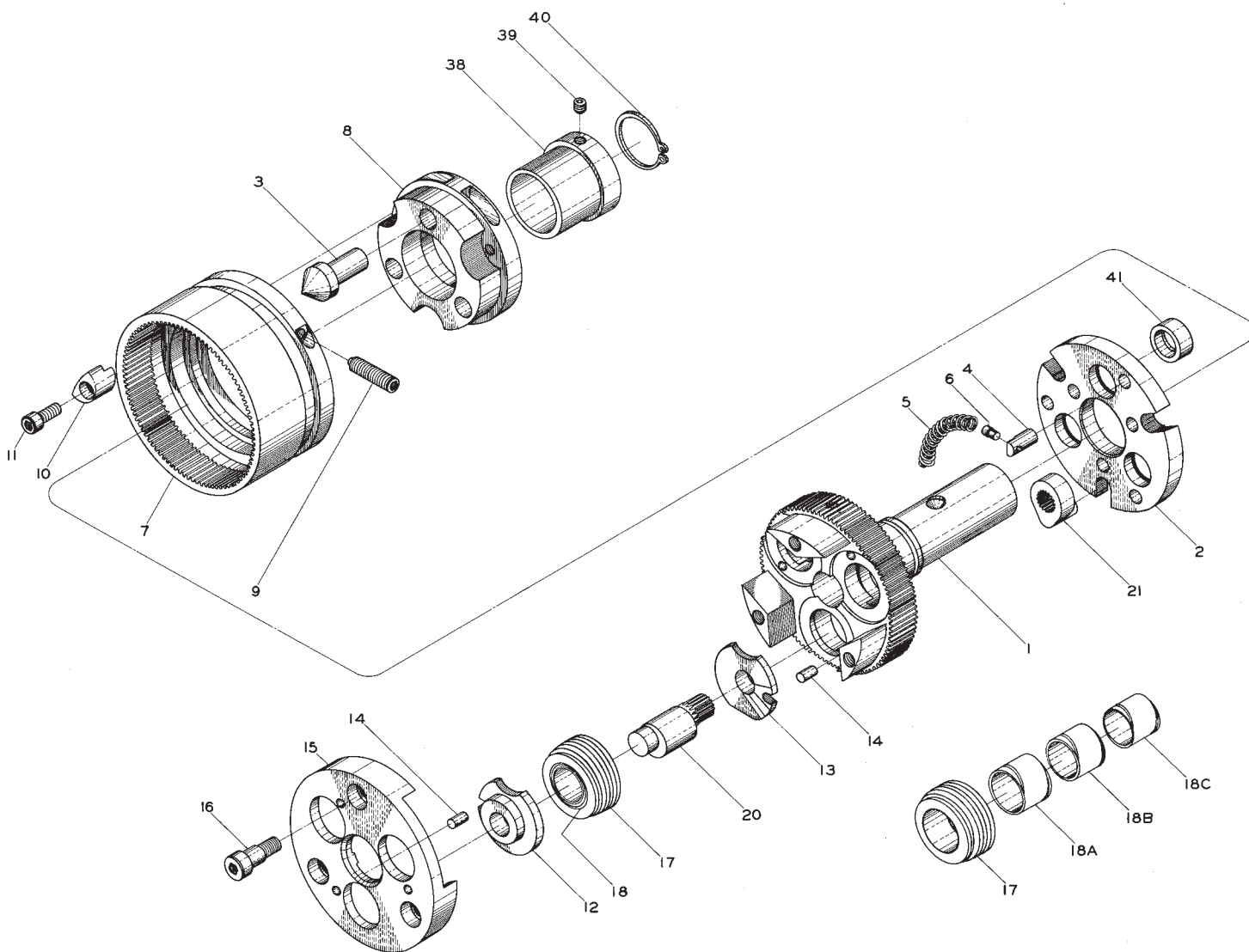
## 16 TRB Thread Roll†

SIZE	IDENTICAL LONG THROAT	IDENTICAL SHORT THROAT	NO THROAT	SIZE	IDENTICAL LONG THROAT	IDENTICAL SHORT THROAT	NO THROAT
1-1/4 - 7 UN/UNR	B118554			1-3/4 - 5 UN/UNR	B118552		
1-1/4 - 8 UN/UNR	B136428			1-3/4 - 8 UN/UNR	B122074		
1-1/4 - 12 UN/UNR	B118580			1-3/4 - 12 UN/UNR	B119093		
1-5/16 - 12 UN/UNR	B119090			1-3/4 - 16 UN/UNR		B119096	
1-3/8 - 6 UN/UNR	B118553			1-7/8 - 8 UN/UNR	B137662	B137986	
1-3/8 - 8 UN/UNR	B121624			1-7/8 - 12 UN/UNR	B118556		
1-3/8 - 12 UN/UNR	B118555			2 - 8 UN/UNR	B121840		
1-7/16 - 12 UN/UNR	B119091			2 - 12 UN/UNR	B119094		
1-1/2 - 6 UN/UNR	B118581	B119095		2 - 16 UN/UNR	B132652		
1-1/2 - 8 UN/UNR	B118655			2 - 4-1/2 UN/UNR	B118549		
1-1/2 - 12 UN/UNR	B118574	B117733					
1-9/16 - 12 UN/UNR	B119092			M39 - 4.0 I.S.O.	B127683		
1-5/8 - 8 UN/UNR	B137661	B137985		M48 - 5.0 I.S.O.	B133927		
1-5/8 - 12 UN/UNR	B118557						

†For standard diameter and pitch combinations for UN, ISO and British thread forms. Rolls also available for other forms, or for special diameter, pitch and form threads. Contact factory application engineering department for details.

**Ordering Example:** One set of 2"-8 Pitch UN/UNR, Identical Long Throat, Thread Rolls, No. B121840 for No. 16 TRB Head.

**When a choice must be made between Identical Long, Identical Short, and No Throat Rolls, refer to the "Width of Relief" Chart for the No. 16 Head on page 71.**



### No. 16 TRRB Revolving Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	No. PCS.	NAME
TRR-1	A58412	1	Head Body
Not Shown	50021	1	Key Fits Head Body TRR-1
TRR-2	B58422	1	Closing Ring
TRR-3	E58408	3	Closing Pin
TRR-4	E58418	3	Head Opening Pin
TRR-5	E116585	3	Head Opening Spring
TRR-6	E116965	3	Spring Retaining Pin
TRR-7	B58413	1	Operating Ring
TRR-8	B58423	1	Adjusting Ring
TRR-9	104S 1/2 x 2-1/2	2	Adjusting Screw
TRR-10	D58411	3	Retaining Segment
TRR-11	11S 3/8 x 1-1/2	3	Segment Screw
TRR-12	See Chart On Page 25	3	Front Bushing
TRR-13	See Chart On Page 25	3	Rear Bushing

DR. NO.	PART NO.	No. PCS.	NAME
TRR-14	1 PH 3/8 x 5/8	3	Bushing Retaining Pin
TRR-14	1PH 3/8 x 3/4	3	Bushing Retaining Pin
TRR-15	A58410	1	Roll Retaining Cap
TRR-16	FA730	3	Retaining Cap Screw
TRR-17	See Chart On Page 25	3	Thread Roll
TRR-18A*	D58419	3	External Bearing Bushing
TRR-18B*	D58420	3	Middle Bearing Bushing
TRR-18C*	D58421	3	Internal Bearing Bushing
TRR-20	C58416	3	Thread Roll Shaft
Not Shown	B58424	1	Retaining Flange (Not Shown)
TRR-21	C58417	3	Shaft Adjusting Crank
TRR-40	FL5081	1	TRUARC Retaining Ring Fits Head Body A58412
TRR-41	E58409	3	Closing Pin Bushing

NOTE: When ordering repair parts always designate part by letter, number, and name, in sequence, as listed.

IMPORTANT—Serial number and size of roll head must accompany order. \*Bronze and Carbide Bearings available. See Roll Shaft/Bearing Sets Chart on page 25.

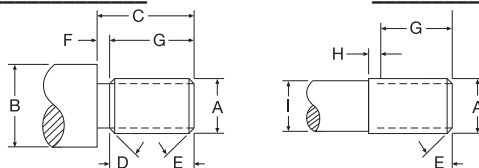


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**When Requesting A Quotation Or Placing An Order, Please Complete And Return This Sheet With All Applicable Information.**

Customer Contact Fax Number: 1- - -

**Blank Diameter:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Material & Hardness:** \_\_\_\_\_



## 27

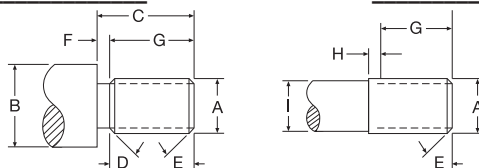


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**When Requesting A Quotation Or Placing An Order, Please Complete And Return This Sheet With All Applicable Information.**

**Customer Contact Fax Number:** 1- - -

**Blank Diameter:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Material & Hardness:** \_\_\_\_\_



## 27

# Operating

## TRSB stationary and TRRB revolving thread rolling heads

Reference numbers referred to by these instructions can be identified by referring to the appropriate parts drawings on pages 18 through 26

S

**TATIONARY** TRSB heads are opened by the pull-off action generated between the rolls and completed thread when forward travel of the tool is stopped.

TRRB Revolving heads are opened by the rearward movement of the operating yoke.

### How They Operate

In both styles, opening action causes the eccentric roll shafts to rotate and cam the rolls radially outward to clear the completed thread.

### Lubrication

Rolling heads are supplied with multiple bushing bearings (standard), or one piece bronze or carbide bearings for more stringent operations.

Grooved channels in the helix angle bushings direct coolant to the bearings and all three types are sufficiently lubricated by the coolant used for the other machining operations.

For maximum wear qualities, the head should be periodically disassembled, thoroughly cleaned, and inspected for condition. Lubricate before reassembly with a light machine oil.

Lubricate the splines on the head body (1) and operating ring (7) of revolving heads and the head body (1) shank of stationary heads with Moly Kote "G".

### Changing Thread Rolls and Helix Angle Bushings

Replaceable helix angle bushings give Landis heads versatility and maximum wear qualities. Separate bushing sets are used for UNC, UNF, millimeter coarse, millimeter fine, sucker rods, and L.H. threading.

Refer to the individual size head specifications on pages 9 through 25 for the appropriate part numbers for available bushing sets. Bushings also available for other threads, or for special diameter, pitch and form threads. Contact factory for details.

These same pages also list part numbers for the three styles of bearings.

To replace rolls, roll shafts, or helix angle bushing requires that roll retaining cap (15) be removed.

Place the head in copper clad vise jaws, gripping it by the shank. Remove the three retaining cap screws (16) and the cap can be removed.

# Operating

## TRSB stationary and TRRB revolving thread rolling heads

If the object is to just replace thread rolls, push down on the thread roll shafts as the cap is removed to prevent any unnecessary assembly.

If rolls of a different diameter and pitch or of a different form are to be used, then, further disassembly may be required.

### Installing Helix Angle Bushings

Helix angle bushings consist of three front and three rear bushings, which are not interchangeable. Front bushings contain an oil groove only, rear ones contain an oil groove and two size reference marks.

Bushing sets must accommodate the particular thread form to be rolled. Bushings to be used for UNC are etched with "N", those for UNF with "F". For metric threading, bushings are marked mm-C and mm-F for metric coarse and fine, respectively. Bushings for left-hand threading are marked L.H.



To replace bushings, remove face cap (15) and roll shafts (20). Front bushings (12) can be removed from the cap by careful tapping. Rear bushings that resist removal by hand can be removed by lightly prying around the edge.

Note: Front helix angle bushings are identical to each other and can be installed in any hole in the face cap. The same is true of rear bushings.

Roll shafts (20) are also interchangeable with each other and can be installed in any position.

Front and rear bushings are properly located in their respective holes by a locating pin. Exercise care that pins are not damaged or sheared during assembly. Either condition will prevent proper seating of the bushing.

First install rear bushings (13) in their respective seats.

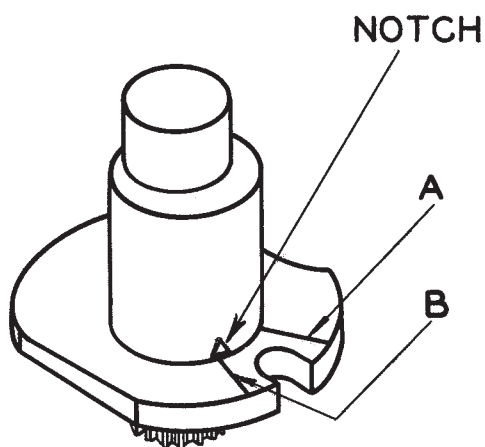
Close the head and insert the splined end of the roll shaft (20) into the splined end of the shaft adjusting crank (21) with the notch on the shaft aligned with the suitable reference line on the bushing.

Note: If reference lines are not visible, then one or more front bushings have been incorrectly installed in the rear position.

The correct rear helix angle bushing reference line to use depends upon the diameter to be rolled. Refer to Chart 1 for reference line positioning.

Reference numbers referred to by these instructions can be identified by referring to the appropriate parts drawings on pages 18 through 26

# Chart 1



Size of Head	A	B
7/16"	1/4" to 5/16"	3/8" to 7/16"
5/8"	5/16" to 7/16"	1/2" to 5/8"
7/8"	7/16" to 9/16"	5/8" to 7/8"
1-1/4"	5/8" to 7/8"	1" to 1-1/4"
2"	1-1/4" to 1-5/8"	1-11/16" to 2"

It may be necessary to lightly tap roll shaft into place causing the shaft adjusting crank (21) to assume the correct position.

During installation, the two opposed size adjusting screws (9) in the operating ring (7) or shank (22) should be approximately central. If, after adjusting the head to size, this is not the case, reset all the roll shafts one tooth at a time in the correct direction.

Check that thread rolls and the type of bearings to be used are free of foreign matter. If multiple bushing bearings are being used, first assemble the three piece bearing. Then, place whatever type of bearing that is to be used into the rolls and position the rolls on the shafts.

**IMPORTANT:** Rolls must be assembled clockwise in sequence 1, 2 and 3 as numbered for right-hand threading and in counterclockwise position 1, 2 and 3 for left-hand. Failure to assemble rolls properly can damage rolls when placed in operation.

Also, foreign material between the helix angle

bushing flange and seat can cause rolls to skid and ruin them. A line worn from the front to the rear of the rolls on the crest and both flanks of the individual forms indicates that this condition exists. This is, of course, the wrong time to detect this problem, so extra care should be taken at assembly to prevent it.

Install front helix angle bushings (12) in retaining cap (15) and position it over roll shafts (20). Replace cap screws (16), AT THIS POINT, CHECK ROLLS FOR FREE ROTATION. If rolls do not freely turn, determine why and correct.

## Disassembling Stationary Heads

Grip head in vise with copper clad jaws by the retaining cap (15) with shank up. Take care not to buckle retaining cap. Do not grip over thread rolls.

Remove three stud screws (26) and springs (28) and remove shank (22) with attached adjusting ring (8). Remove two adjusting screws (9), then revolve adjusting ring (8) until "O" reference marks on it and shank are aligned. Pull adjusting ring forward and remove from shank.

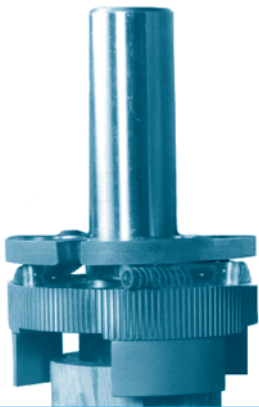
Remove connecting studs (25) and washers (27). Revolve closing ring (2) slightly clockwise and pull rearward until spring pins (4) clear slots in rear of head body.

Allow head opening springs (5) to revolve closing rings until reaching their full free length. Remove closing ring with opening springs attached. Remove shaft adjusting cranks from roll shafts.

# Operating

## TRSB stationary and TRRB revolving thread rolling heads

Figure  
1



### Assembling Stationary Heads

Place suitable rear helix angle bushings (13) in their respective seats. Place a block of wood with notched legs on head body (1), invert, and clamp in vise. Outside diameter of block must be small enough to fit between legs to hold bushings in place. See Figure 1.

Now, place three shaft adjusting cranks (21) in their respective recesses. Attach head opening springs (5) to spring retaining pins (6) and place closing ring (2) assembled with opening springs onto head body (1).

After assembling springs, position closing ring (2) close enough to allow free end of one spring to be placed in head body slot. Revolve closing ring to compress spring. Maintaining space between closing ring and head body, place remaining springs in their slots, then, slide ring forward until it contacts head body.

To retain closing ring, place stud washers (27) on connecting studs (25), pass studs through closing ring and screw into head body (1). Be sure closing ring moves freely before further assembly.

Assemble adjusting ring (8) to shank (22) with square slotted edge rearward.

Revolve adjusting ring until adjusting screws' (9) recesses are in line with tapped holes in shank.

Install adjusting screws and tighten all an equal amount.

Place assembled shank (22) and adjusting ring (8) on the head body (1) aligning "O" reference marks on both until splines mesh. Replace the three pull back springs (28) on connecting studs (25) and tighten stud screws (26).

Roll shafts, bearings, rolls, retaining cap, and all other front parts can now be assembled as described under "Changing Thread Rolls and Helix Angle Bushings".

Following assembly, grip shank in vise and push and pull open and close checking for proper functioning.

### Disassembling Revolving Heads

Note: The instructions for disassembly and assembly will generally apply to all five sizes of revolving heads. However, the 2" No.16TRRB cannot be gripped in a vise because of the size and weight (approximately 200 lbs.) and the use of a flange instead of a shank. Therefore, it will be necessary to place the head on a sturdy work bench to accomplish tear down and build-up.

Grip head in vise with copper clad jaws by retaining cap (15) with shank up. Take care not to buckle retaining cap.

Do not grip over thread rolls.

With head closed, remove retaining snap ring (40), then, retaining ring (38). Older heads have screw (39) which must be taken out before retaining ring can be removed.

Insert head adjusting wrench or suitable piece of bar stock between bore of adjusting ring (8) and shank until it contacts closing ring (2).

Using wrench to hold closing ring stationary, pull operating ring (7) back and remove head body (1).

Remove adjusting screws (9) from operating ring (7) and segment screws (11) from adjusting ring (8). Revolve adjusting ring until "O" on the ring aligns with "O" on shank. Adjusting ring can now be removed.

The preceding instructions are not necessary for average disassembly.

Continuing with disassembly, turn closing ring (2) slightly clockwise and pull it axially rearward until spring pins (6) clear slots in rear of head body. Allow head opening springs (5) to revolve closing ring (2) until springs reach their free length. Remove closing ring and attached head opening springs from head body. Remove roll shaft adjusting cranks (21) from shafts.

## Assembling Revolving Heads

Place suitable rear helix angle bushings (13) in their respective seats. Place a block of wood with notched legs on head body (1), invert, and clamp in vise. Outside diameter of block must be small enough to fit between legs to hold bushings in place. See Figure 1.

Now, place three shaft adjusting cranks (21) in their respective recesses. Attach head opening springs (5) to spring retaining pin (6) and place closing ring (2) assem-

bled with opening springs onto head body (1).

After assembling springs, position closing ring (2) close enough to allow free end of one spring to be placed in head body slot. Revolve closing ring to compress spring. Maintaining space between closing ring and head body, place the remaining springs in their slots. Position shank adjusting cranks until they are in alignment with closing ring slots, then, slide ring forward until it contacts head body.

If it had been disassembled, now assemble operating ring (7) aligning pins (3) with mating recesses in operating ring bore. Drop retaining segments (10) into position and secure with screws. Revolve adjusting ring inside operating ring until recesses for adjusting screws (9) are aligned so screws can be threaded through their respective holes into operating ring.

Install two screws and tighten each an equal amount.

Place assembled operating and adjusting rings, (7) and (8), onto head body. With "O" reference marks on both parts aligned and splines meshed, slide operating ring forward until head is completely closed.

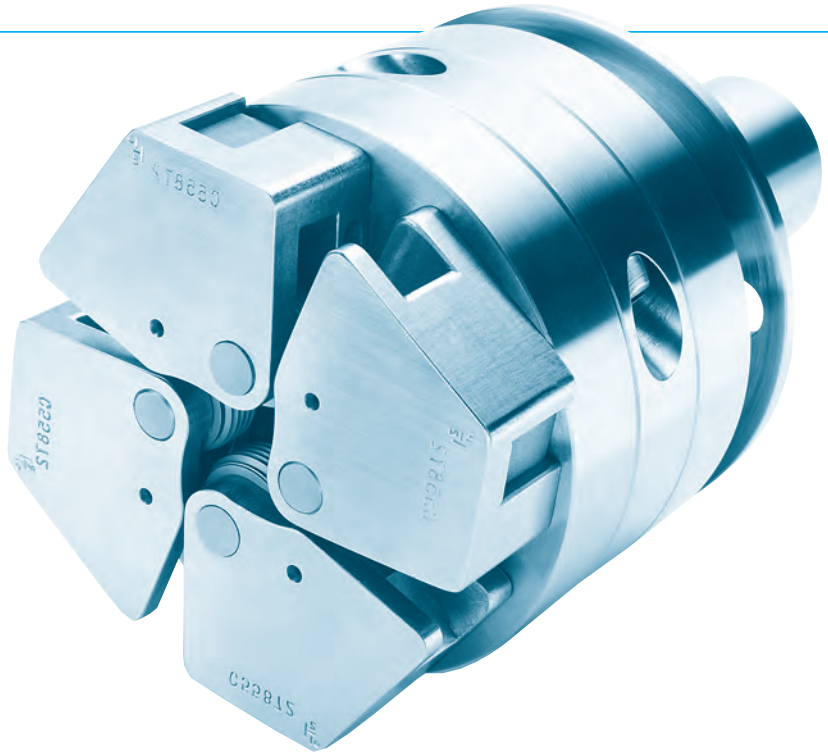
Slide retaining ring (38) forward over snap ring relief. Place snap ring (40) on shank and secure. On older No.5 heads, slide retaining ring forward aligning clamp screw (39) with shank section of head body (1) and tighten.

Roll shafts, bearings, rolls, retaining cap, and other front parts can now be assembled as described under "Changing Thread Rolls and Helix Angle Bushings".

Following assembly, grip shank in vise and push and pull open and close checking for proper functioning.

# 13JR Quadlan

thread  
rolling  
head  
for  
thin-wall  
tubing



T

**THE** 13JR Quadlan uses four rolls, instead of the customary three, which allows the rolling of NPSM threads on thin wall lamp tubing without collapsing or “lobing” of the work.

Essentially the same head as the 13/16” 13 JN Landex, the Quadlan uses roll instead of chaser holders.

Standard range is 1/8”, 1/4”, and 3/8” NPSM Pipe through the use of a single roll holder set. Comparable sizes of British Standard Parallel Pipe can be threaded.

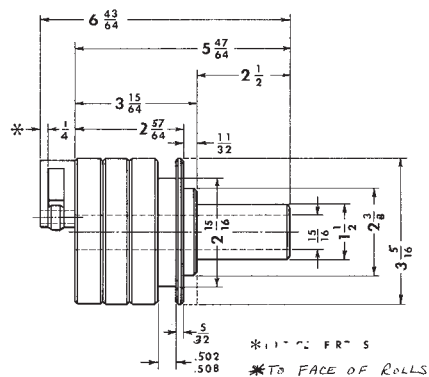
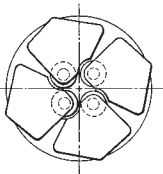
Other roll holder sets are available to produce 18TPI and finer pitches on larger diameters.

## Quadlan Thread Rolling Head

The 13JR can be supplied with either straight or Morse taper shanks for application to Landis 10TRM, Hause, Grant double end, or similar units.

A spring loaded reamer can be incorporated in the head when the end of the tube must be reamed. However, such applications require that the head be yoke operated.

**RANGE:** 1/8”, 1/4”, and 3/8” NPSM Pipe

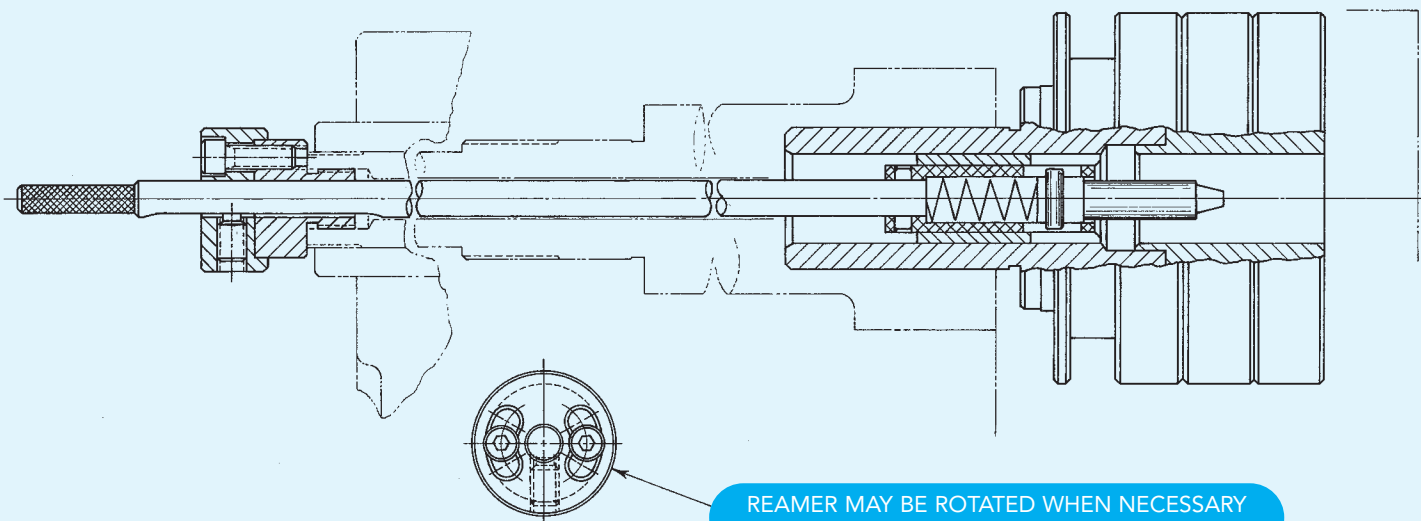


### 13JR QUADLAN Thread Rolling Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO PCS.	NAME
JR-143	C55872	4	Stl.Roll Holder
JR-141	E53997	4	Stl.Roll Shaft
JR-140	E53996	4	Stl.Shaft Retaining Screw
JR-144	GC1014	4	O-Ring

### 13JR QUADLAN Straight Pipe Standard Thread Rolls

27 Pitch	NPSM	27P-B53798
18 Pitch	NPSM	B53799



# 13JR Quadlan

## thread rolling head for thin-wall tubing

### Operator's instructions for 13JR Quadlan Thread Rolling Head

#### Changing Rolls

To change rolls, push operating ring 18 rearward to open position.

Insert hex allen wrench into screw 140 in base of holders and back out completely. When all four screws have been removed (one from each holder) turn head upside down and tap on face of holders so that roll shafts 141 start to come out. Remove roll shaft

with fingers and rolls are then free to come out of holder 143 slot (See Figure 1). If for any reason the rolls cannot be retrieved the head can be opened to a larger diameter to give more clearance between holders 143.

To install new rolls slide roll 142 into holder slot and push roll shaft 141 into holder making sure that the groove is at bottom and in line with screw hole for 140. Insert screw 140. Repeat for each holder. Be sure rolls are installed in order 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 clockwise when looking into face of roll head. Caution: Roll shafts are carbide and should not

be hammered into place because of the danger of shattering.

#### Disassembly

Remove stop screws 21 and lift off the operating ring 18. Remove the connecting pin retaining screws 131 and lift off the shank 41. Remove head opening spring screw 16 and spring 15. Remove the trunnion locking nuts 7 then, remove the roll holders with integral trunnions 143 and the sliding blocks 31. Remove the retaining plate screws 124 followed by the retaining plate 132, shim 6, the connecting pins 116 and the connecting pin springs 119. Now remove the adjusting worm nut 13 and washer 12 and back out and remove the adjusting worm 10. Separate the adjusting ring 9, closing ring 26 and head body 1.

#### Assembly

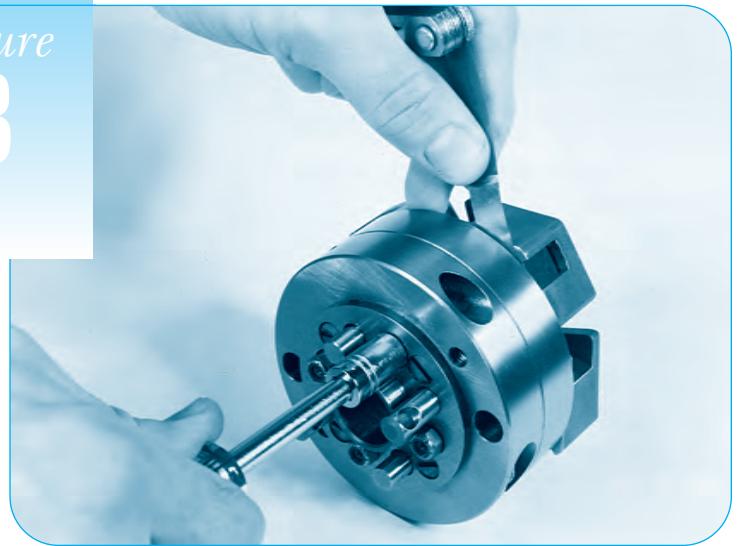
Place the closing ring 26 onto the head body 1 followed by the adjusting ring 9. At this point the clearance between the closing ring (which rotates to open and close the head) and adjusting ring can be checked by laying a straight edge across the head body and opposite sides of the adjusting ring surface. Using a feeler gage, check the gap between the straight edge and the head body (See Figure 2) and place

Figure  
1



shim slightly more than that amount onto the head body. Now replace the retaining plate 132 and secure with screws 124. The shim is correct if the closing ring can be rotated by hand and a .0015" feeler gage cannot be inserted between the rings. If the gage can be inserted, it will be necessary to reduce the shim. If the closing ring will not rotate and the gage will not fit between the rings the amount of shim must be increased until proper movement is obtained. After determining correct clearance, remove the retaining plate and continue assembly by installing the connecting pin springs 119 and the connecting pins 116. Install the retaining plate 132 and secure with the retaining plate screws 124. Install the adjusting worm 10, the adjusting worm washer 12 and secure with the adjusting worm nut 13. Replace the head opening spring 15 and screw 16. Place the sliding blocks 31 onto the closing pins 30 then replace the roll holders with integral trunnions 143 and secure with trunnion locking nuts 7 allowing .002" to .004" play (clearance)

Figure  
3

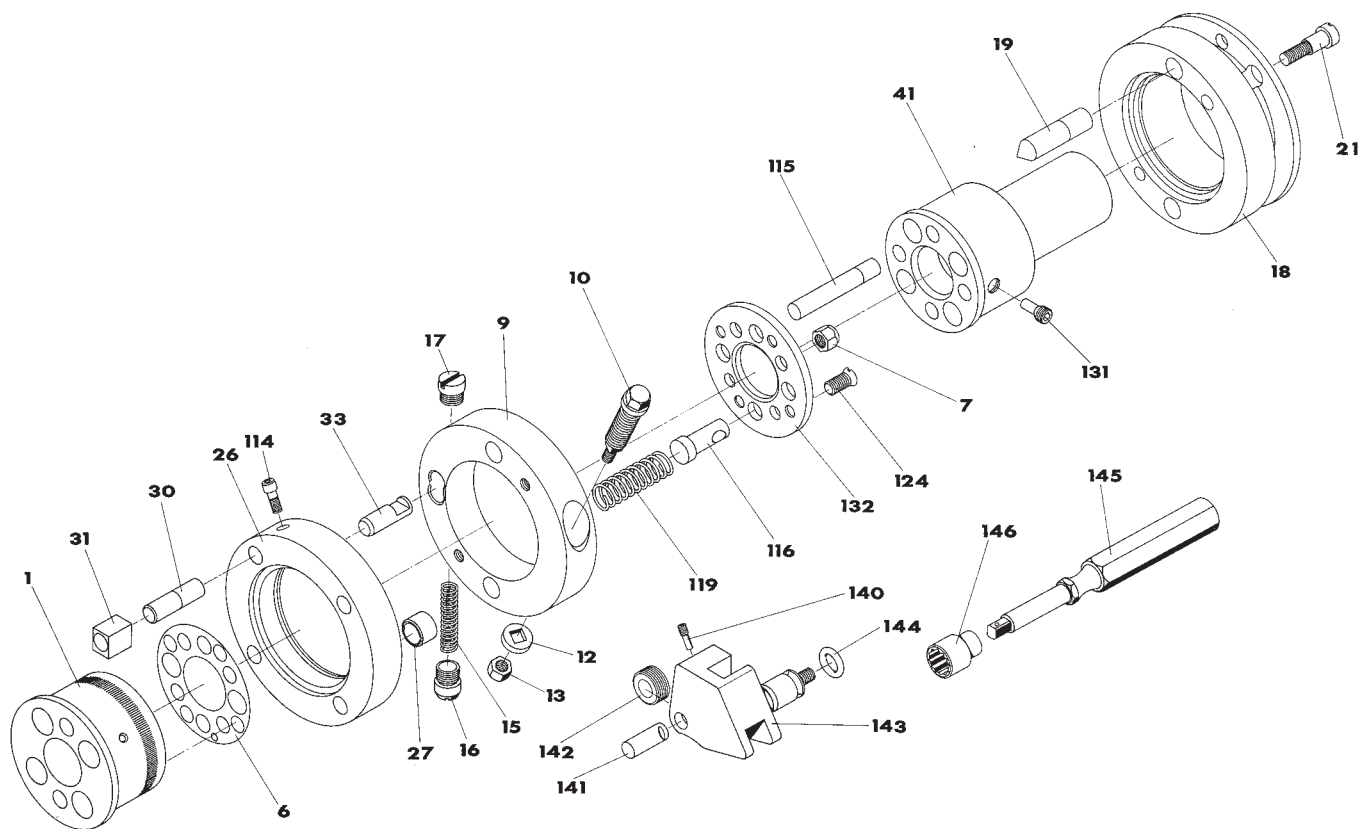


between the holder face and the closing ring surface (See Figure 3). Replace the shank 41 and secure it by installing the connecting pin retaining screws 131. Finally, replace the operating ring 18 and secure with stop screws 21.

Figure  
2



Reference numbers referred to by these instructions can be identified by referring to the appropriate parts drawings on page 38



### 13 JR QUADLAN Thread Rolling Head

DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO. PCS.	NAME
JR-1	OB60077	1	Head Body
JR-6A	OE103424	1	Spacing Washer .002" THICK
JR-6B	OE103425	1	Spacing Washer .003" THICK
JR-6C	OE103426	1	Spacing Washer .005" THICK
JR-7	FA000371	4	1/4-24 ESNA Trunnion Stop Nut #3851-0424
JR-9	OC060079	1	Adjusting Ring
JR-10	OD057162	1	Adjusting Worm
JR-12	OE060089	1	Adjusting Worm Washer
JR-13	FA000371	1	1/4-24ESNA Adjusting Worm Nut#3851-0424
JR-15	OE60084	1	Head Opening Spring
JR-16	OE60085	1	Head Opening Screw
JR-17	OE060087	1	Spring Hole Screw
JR-18	OC60133	1	Operating Ring
JR-19	OE060091	2	Closing Pin
JR-21	OE60093	2	Stop Screw
JR-26	OC055873	1	Closing Ring
JR-27	OE060092	2	Closing Pin Bushing

DR. NO.	PART NO.	NO. PCS.	NAME
JR-30	OE060102	4	Sliding Block Pin
JR-31	OE060101	4	Sliding Block
JR-33	OE060086	1	Head Opening Spring Pin
JR-41	OB060508	1	STD. Hollow Shank #1452Fitting
JR-114	GC001810	1	Driving Pin
JR-115	OE060094	2	Connecting Pin
JR-116	OE060509	2	Connecting Pin Spring
JR-119	OE060503	2	Retaining Zero Plate Screw
JR-124	OE060082	4	Connecting Pin
JR-131	OE060510	2	Retaining Screw
JR-132	D108052	1	Retaining Plate
JR-140	E53996	4	Roll Shaft
JR-141	E53997	4	Retaining Screw
JR-142	See Chart On Page 52	4	Roll Shaft
JR-143	C55872	4	Thread Roll (Specify: Dia., Pitch and Thread Form) *Roll Holder with Integral Trunnion
JR-144	GC1014	4	O-Ring
JR-145	GD521	1	1/4" Socket Driver
JR-146	GD518	1	3/8" Socket - 1/4" Drive

\*Special roll holders required for beaded tubing.

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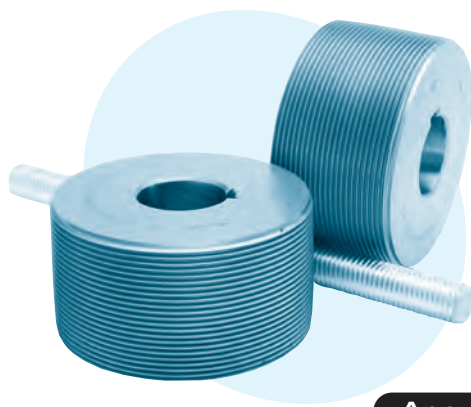
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**Annular Groove** — For today's popular standard "All Threaded" threaded rod applications.

### Annular Groove

Chart

# 1

### Annular Groove Thrufeed Dies — Available From Stock (Just A Sample Of What We Can Offer You!)

	1.500" Bore	1.500" Bore	2.000" Bore	2.125" Bore	3.000" Bore
	4.375" OD	4.500" OD	5.000" OD	6.000" OD	8.625" OD
1/4 - 20P	B139887	B139872	B139898	B139899	
5/16 - 18P	B139868	B139865	B139869	B139874	
3/8 - 16P	B139853	B139857	B139854	B139851	
7/16 - 14P	B139888	B139875	B139879	B139884	
1/2 - 13P	B139870	B139866	B139871	B139878	B139911
9/16 - 12P	B139889	B139876	B139880	B139883	B139912
5/8 - 11P	B139890	B139867	B139897	B139881	B139913
3/4 - 10P	B139891	B139894	B139873	B139882	B139914
7/8 - 9P			B139885	B139886	B139915
1" To 2" 8P			B139895	B139896	B139855

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die machines*



**Helical Groove**

## **Helical Groove Thrufeed Dies** —

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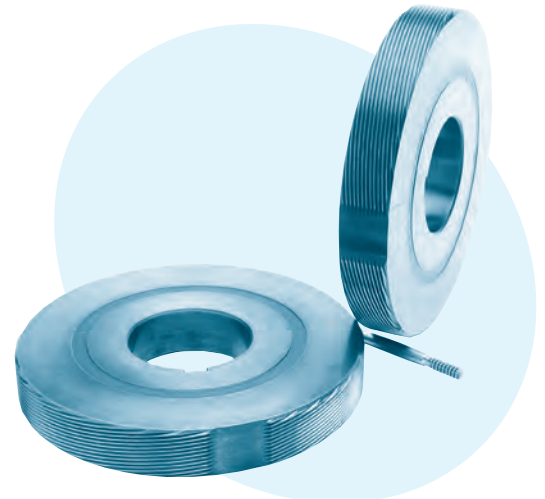
**Forced** — For Spline applications.

## **SEGMENTAL**

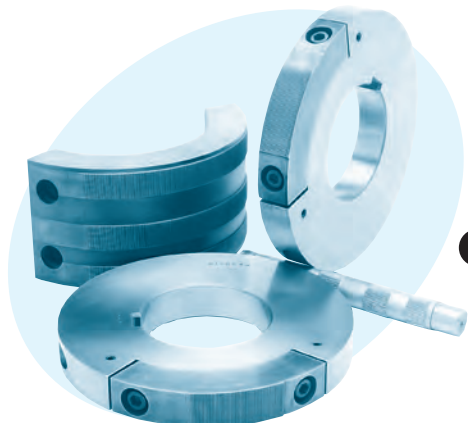
**Solid Cylindrical** — For Thread, Worm, and Ball Form Applications.

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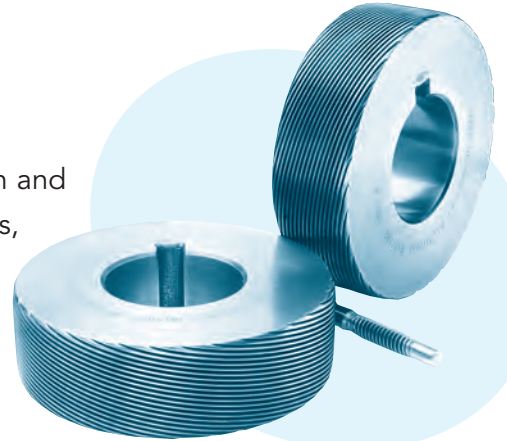
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## INFEED

**Plain Cylindrical** — For Threads, Acme, Worm, Gear and Splines Applications.

**Plain Cylindrical Infeed Rolling** — Where the left die is on a fixed center distance and the right cycles in and out or both dies cycle in and out. Thread length must be less than die width. Used to roll Motor Shafts, Worms, Threads, Gears and Splines.

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## MACHINE ROLLS

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**Customer Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Customer Address:** \_\_\_\_\_

**City:** \_\_\_\_\_ **State:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Zip:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Customer Contact Phone Number:** 1-                -                -                ext.:

Customer Contact Fax Number: 1- -

## TYPE OF MACHINE ROLLS

### THE RULES (Check One)

## THRUFEED TYPES

- ☐ Annular Groove
- ☐ Helical Groove
- ☐ Forced Thrufeed

## INFEED TYPES

- ☐ Plain Cylindrical
- ☐ Burnishing
- ☐ Special Form

## SEGMENTAL TYPES

- ☐ Solid Cylindrical
- ☐ Knurling Segments

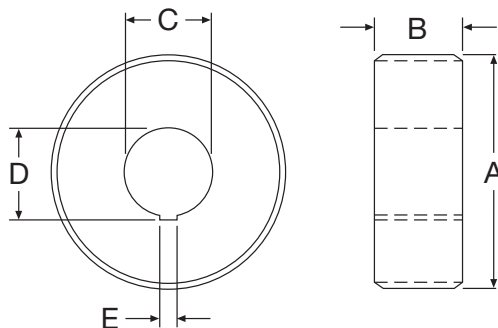
**Thread Size & Pitch** \_\_\_\_\_ **Number Of Dies Per Set:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Form Of Thread:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Class Of Thread:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Hand Of Thread:** \_\_\_\_\_

(A) O.D. Of Die: (B) Width Of Die: (C) Bore Of Die:

(D) Bore & Keyway Dimension: \_\_\_\_\_ (E) Width Of Keyway: \_\_\_\_\_

Number Of Starts: \_\_\_\_\_ Quantity Of Rolls Needed: \_\_\_\_\_



**Material & Hardness Of Material To Be Rolled:**

**If Existing Part, Reference Part Number:** \_\_\_\_\_

**What Make Of Dies Is Customer Using Now, If Any:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Make & Model Of Thread Rolling Machine To Be Used On:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Comments:** \_\_\_\_\_

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# Technical Support Information

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# When to Roll When to Cut Threads



**WHY** are some threads rolled and others cut? There are a great many reasons—some

valid, some not. Some threads are cut that should be rolled because they have been done this way from time immemorial. Some are rolled only because someone is partial to rolling. Still others are rolled for finish; strength; speed; material savings; chipless operation; tool position; threading back of shoulder; dimensional constancy, etc.

## When should you roll threads and when should you cut threads

Threads are cut, in addition to tradition, because of depth—where more than one pass is necessary; short runs (not discounting cutting capability for long runs); the lack of necessity for blank accuracy; proximity to shoulder in end threading; where workpiece material is not adaptable for rolling; capital expenditure, where machines are being considered; many tapered threads; lack of knowledge of thread rolling; fear or aversion to new processes, etc.

Let's consider a few examples for comparison on cutting and rolling heads. We'll assume it's necessary to produce

a thread on an aluminum die casting, or a piece of cast iron, or a zinc die casting or possibly one of the high-temperature space age metals. On some of these it is impossible to roll a thread—such as on the cast iron workpiece—because the metal will not flow. This is also true of some of the die castings; and the space age metals must have an opinion from the tool manufacturer as to their rollability. Chart 1 (supplied through the courtesy of American Society of Tool and Manufacturing Engineers) includes names of space age high strength, thermal resistant materials. Refer to Rollability of Material information beginning on page 50 and the Rollability Charts starting on page 62. This information concerns what can be expected in the way of material rollability and expected die life. A rule of thumb is the percentage of elongation. It shouldn't drop below 12%. This 12% figure can be misleading in the case of high work-hardening steels such as stainless, where in many cases the elongation as finished at the mill ranges from 20 to 40% and the hardness can range far below 20 Rc, but the cold forming of thread rolling will cause some grades to work-harden in the thread roots to 45 Rc and more. In cases of this kind where it is felt that the thread is too deep for a single



pass it would be better to cut rather than roll, because a second pass by rolling would greatly reduce roll life.

If finish is a consideration, rolling is far superior to cutting. Some workpiece prints specify a finish on the thread, but this is in most cases, especially in fine threads (finer than 8 TPI), practically impossible to check. It should be done radially in order to get the worst condition on the flank, but the average profilometer isn't capable of a reliable check over this short distance and the tracer can't get into a 60° angle. However, generally speaking the rolled thread will be as good or better than the rolling dies, which will be 32 microinches or less, while the cut thread will rarely be better than 63 microinches. The rolled thread will be as much as 20% stronger than the cut thread. This is largely due to the unbroken grain structure, while the cut thread shears the grain at every thread form, which results in a weakened tooth (see Figure 1).

In threading from the end of the workpiece it is often necessary to roll close to a shoulder; here, the cutting head is superior. The chaser contact (the cutting edge) lies at the helix angle on the center line of the work and tangentially stops right there. The thread roll also lies at the helix angle and also contacts the workpiece on the center line, but instead of stopping at the point of contact it must continue full circle and in so doing many times can't produce a full thread close enough to the shoulder (Figure 2), because of the curve of the roll beyond the point of contact is ahead of the center line and will strike the shoulder, especially if there is a sizeable difference between the

diameters of the thread and the shoulder.

On certain types of non-ferrous metals (zinc and aluminum die castings, certain types of aluminum and brass bars) cutting can be done at fairly high speeds. However, on steels - especially the higher alloys - it will be necessary to stay in the 5 to 60 SFM range. In comparison, a rolled thread can be first tried at 100 SFM and in many instances taken higher. Some jobs run as high as 400 SFM. Here a bit of caution is required because at these high speeds the axial travel is very rapid and short threads or threads going up to a shoulder are difficult to control. Where the rolling head is being used on an automatic screw machine and the threading operation does not govern the cycle time, it is foolish to do the threading at some very high speed and have the head lie idle while some other operation is being completed. 100 SFM is usually sufficient.

Where very deep, coarse, or multiple threads are to be produced cutting is best in most cases for a number of reasons. It is possible in using cutting heads to take more than one pass, without damage to the tool and to distribute the chip load over more cutting edges, thus improving finish and tool life. This is not good practice in thread rolling, as mentioned before, because any tendency to work-harden on the first pass will cause the roll to work much harder on the second. Multiple threads introduce the problem of long throats and higher pressures than single starts and must be taken into account. Roll bearing life is jeopardized and it is impossible to roll anywhere close to a shoulder. In cutting, the second pass can be adjusted so that it

## Nominal Compositions of Some High-Strength, Thermal-Resistant Materials

## Designation

## Composition (%)

	C	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Co	Mo	W	Cb	Ti	Al	Fe	Other
<b>Martensitic High-Strength, Low-Alloy Steels</b>													
AISI or SAE 3150	0.5	0.8	0.2	0.8	1.2							Bal.	
AISI or SAE 4130	0.3	0.5	0.3	1			0.2					Bal.	
AISI or SAE 4340	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.8	1.8		0.2					Bal.	
AMS 6434	0.4	0.9	0.5	0.8	1.8		0.4					Bal.	0.2V
AISI or SAE 8640	0.4	0.9	0.2	0.5	0.5		0.2					Bal.	
300-M	0.4	0.7	1.6	0.8	1.8		0.4					Bal.	0.1V
HS-260	0.4	0.7	0.6	1	2		0.5					Bal.	
D6AC (Crucible)	0.5	0.7	0.2	1	0.5		1					Bal.	0.08V
Airsteel X-200 (USS)	0.4	0.85	1.5	2			0.5					Bal.	
UCX-2 (Univ. Cyclops)	0.4	0.7	1	1.1		1	0.2					Bal.	0.15V
<b>Hot-Work Die Steels (Modified AISI Type H-11)</b>													
Halcomb 218 (Crucible)	0.4	0.4	1.1	5			1.3					Bal.	0.35V
Potomac A (Allegheny)	0.4	0.3	0.9	5				1.3				Bal.	0.5V
AISI 610	0.4	0.4	1.0	5			1.4					Bal.	0.5V
Vascojet 100 (Vanadium Alloys)	0.4	0.3	0.9	5			1.3					Bal.	0.4V
<b>Austenitic Stainless Steels</b>													
AISI 201 or 202	0.15	7		18	5							Bal.	
AISI 302	0.15	2	1	18	9							Bal.	
AISI 309	0.2	2	1	23	14							Bal.	
AISI 310	0.25	2	1.5	25	20							Bal.	
AISI 316	0.08	2	1	17	12		2.5					Bal.	
AISI 321	0.08	2	1	18	10					0.4		Bal.	
<b>Martensitic Stainless Steels</b>													
AISI 420	0.15	1	1	13								Bal.	
AISI 431	0.2	1	1	16	2							Bal.	
AISI 501 or 502	0.1	1	1	5			0.5					Bal.	
AISI 614	0.12	0.42	0.32	12								Bal.	
AISI 615 (Greek Ascoloy)	0.17	0.4	0.3	13	2		0.2	3				Bal.	
<b>Ferritic Stainless Steels</b>													
AISI 405	0.08	1	1	13							0.2	Bal.	
AISI 430	0.12	1	1	16								Bal.	
AISI 442	0.2	1	1	21								Bal.	
<b>Precipitation-hardening Stainless Steels</b>													
AISI 665 (W-545)	0.05	1.5	0.4	13.5	26		1.5			2.8	0.2	Bal.	0.08B
J1300 or M308 (General Electric)	0.08			14	33		4	6.5		2	0.25	Bal.	0.25Zr
Tinidur (Krupp)	0.08			15	30					1.75	0.4	Bal.	
AISI 631 (17-7PH)	0.07	0.5	0.3	17	7						1	Bal.	
AISI 632 (PH15-7Mo)	0.07	0.5	0.3	15	7		2.25				1	Bal.	
AISI 633 (AM-350)	0.1	0.75	0.3	16.5	4		2.75					Bal.	0.09N
AISI 634 (AM-355)	0.13	0.75	0.3	15.5	4		2.75					Bal.	0.1N
AISI 630 (17-4PH)	0.04	0.3	0.6	16	4		0.27					Bal.	3.3Cu
AISI 635 (Stainless W)	0.06	0.55	0.6	17	7					0.8	0.2	Bal.	
<b>Iron-base Superalloys</b>													
AISI 651 (19-9DL)	0.32	1.15	0.55	18.5	9		1.4	1.35	0.4	0.25		Bal.	
AISI 660 (A-286)	0.05	1.45	0.6	15	25		1.3			2	0.2	Bal.	0.28V
AISI 661 (N-155)	0.12	1.5	0.7	21	20		3	2.35	1			Bal.	0.13N
AISI 662 (Discaloy)	0.04	0.9	0.8	13.5	26		2.75			1.75	0.07	Bal.	
Incoloy 800	0.04	0.75	0.3	20.5	32							Bal.	
Unitemp 212	0.08	0.05	0.15	16	25					4	0.15	Bal.	0.5Cb&Ta
18%-Ni Maraging Steel	0.02	0.1	0.1		18.5	7	4.5			0.2		Bal.	
<b>Nickel-base Superalloys</b>													
AISI 664 (D-979)	0.06	0.25	0.2	15	44		4	3.6		3	1	Bal.	
AISI 680 (Hastelloy-X)	0.1	0.65	0.6	21	Bal.	1.5	9	0.6				18.5	
AISI 681 (Incoloy 901)	0.05	0.24	0.12	12.5	42.5		6			2.5	0.2	Bal.	
AISI 683 (René 41)	0.09			19	Bal.	11	10			3.1	1.5	1.8	
AISI 684 (Udimet 500)	0.1	0.1	0.1	17.5	Bal.	18	4.25			3	3	0.5	
AISI 685 (Waspaloy)	0.07	0.1	0.1	20	Bal.	13.5	4.45			3	1.4	0.75	
AISI 686 (R-235)	0.12			15	Bal.		5			2.5	2	10	
AISI 688 (Inconel-X)				15	73				0.85	2.5	0.8	6.75	
AISI 689 (M-252)	0.15			20	Bal.	10	10			2.6	1		
Inconel 718	0.04	0.2	0.2	19	52.5		3		5.2	0.8	0.6	18	
<b>Cobalt-base Superalloys</b>													
AISI 670 (L-605)	0.12	1.65	0.6	20	10	Bal.		15				1.6	
AISI 671 (S-816)	0.42	1	0.45	20	20	43.6	4	4	4				
V-36	0.3	1	0.5	25	20	Bal.	4	2	2			3	
Haynes 36	0.4			18.5	10	Bal.				15		2	
HS-31 or X-40	0.5			25	10	Bal.		8				2	
J-1650	0.2			20	27	Bal.		12		3.8			
HS-21	0.25	0.6	0.6	27	25	Bal.	5.5					2	

Nominal Composition continued on Page 47.

## Nominal Compositions of Some High-Strength, Thermal-Resistant Materials

Designation

Composition (%)

## Refractory Metals and Alloys\*\*

	C	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Co	Mo	W	Cb	Ti	Al	Fe	Other
Cb*									100				
D-14									Bal.				5 Zr
D-36									Bal.	10			5 Zr
D-43	0.01							10	Bal.				1 Zr
Cb-752								10	Bal.				2.5 Zr
FS-82									Bal.				33 Ta, 1 Zr
FS-85									Bal.				28 Ta, 1 Zr
Mo*							100						
Mo-.5 Ti	0.02						Bal.			0.45			
TZM	0.015						Bal.			0.5			0.08 Zr
Ta*													100 Ta
90Ta-10W								10					Bal. Ta
Ta-12.5W								12.5					Bal. Ta
Ta-8W-2Hf								8					Bal. Ta, 2Hf
T-222	0.01							9.6					2.4 Hf
GE-473								7.5					3 Re
W*								100					
													Bal. Cu
Gyromet								90					Mo, Ni, Fe

## Titanium and Alloys

Ti*										100			
Ti-8Mn		8								Bal.			
Ti-5Al-2.5Sn										Bal.	5		2.5 Sn
Ti-6Al-4V										Bal.	6		4V
Ti-7Al-4Mo							4			Bal.	7		
Ti-8Al-1Mo-1V							1			Bal.	8		1V
Ti-13V-11Cr-3Al				11						Bal.	3		13V
Ti-4Al-3Mo-1V							3			Bal.	4		1V
Ti-6Al-6V-2Sn										Bal.	6		2 Sn, 6V

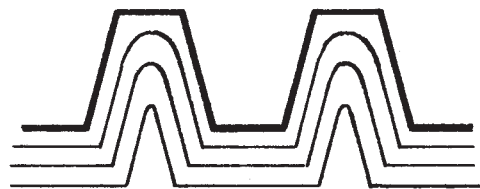
\* Commercially pure, unalloyed.

\*\* Maximum limits on C, H, N, and Fe specified by user.

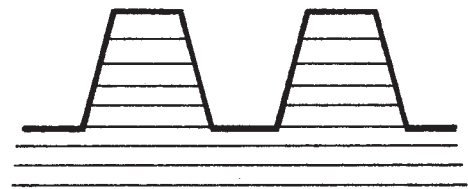
This chart from "Machining the Space Age Metals" reprinted through the courtesy Society of Manufacturing Engineers.

Figure

1



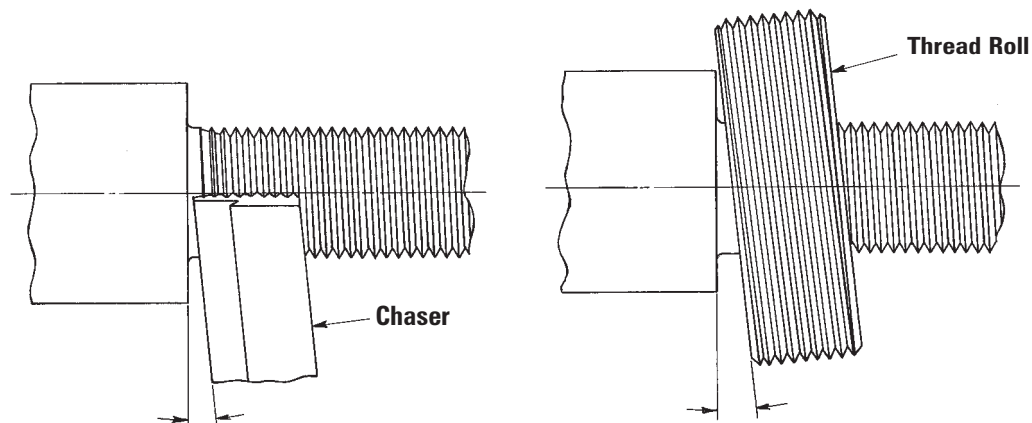
Rolled Thread



Cut Thread

Figure

2



Difference in Proximity to Shoulder

# When to Roll When to Cut Threads

removes just enough metal to smooth up the thread, if it is so desired. On multiple start threads, especially Acme and Trapezoidal, where the helix angle is high and the rear flank on the chaser has a negative rake, the throat teeth can be ground individually to provide positive rake for better cutting action. With a rolling head the rolls cannot be turned to an angle great enough to accommodate many types of multiple threads.

Although the cutting method is 100% acceptable for long runs it also requires less downtime in changeover for short runs. Also, there is a sizeable difference in the initial lower cost of the chaser as opposed to the greater cost of the roll. The workpiece for cut threads many times does not require the accuracy that a rolling blank does because the chaser can be made with a throat chamfer below the root of the thread that acts as a hollow mill to remove excess metal which the roll can't do.

## When should you roll threads and when should you cut threads

Threading behind the shoulder can be done using a straddle type thread rolling attachment. This tool operates generally from the cross slide of an automatic screw machine simultaneous with other operations being performed and is capable of rolling on the collet side of a shoulder even when the shoulder is larger than the thread. Attachments can roll very close to a shoulder, or, into a relatively small relief. They can roll either straight or taper threads and have all the advantageous characteristics of other roll threading procedures.

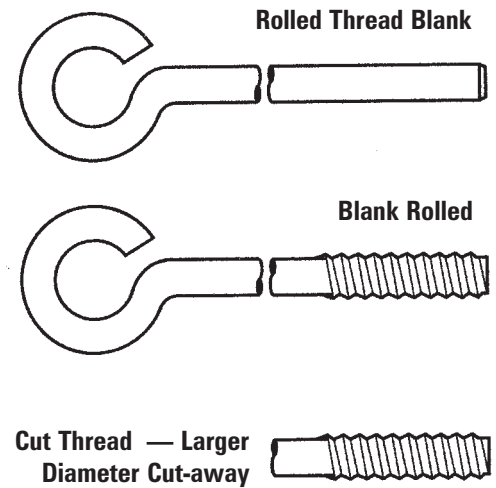
Where it isn't necessary to have the full thread diameter on the workpiece back of the thread, such as bent bolts (Figure 3), etc., it is less expensive from a blank material standpoint to roll the threads. For instance, if rolling stock is purchased to blank diameter there is about a 20% savings in weight realized for 1/2-13 UNC and more than 15% for 1-8 UNC over the bar necessary for a cut thread.

*Figure*  
**3**

Stock containing small amounts of lead have long been used, especially on automatic screw machines, for increasing their machinability— sometimes by as much as 25%.

These steels do not work out well for roll threading. The lead inclusions have a tendency to be squeezed out of the parent material as flakes and not only foul the coolant, but also cause an inferior finish. This same result occurs in high sulphur steels. Sulphur is added for the same reason as lead—increased machinability.

These are some of the reasons for cutting in some instances and rolling in others. Where a question exists as to which method is best it is best to submit the application details to Landis Threading Systems for an opinion.



# Rollability of Materials

A

**MATERIAL'S** yield strength and its percent of elongation factor determines whether it can be plastically and permanently deformed. To be rollable, a given material should have an elongation factor of 12%.

Other influencing factors include hardness, its microstructure, and the degree and speed at which it work hardens. Also, its modulus of elasticity, the non-metallic content of steels, and the workpiece diameter and pitch.

Material yield point must be exceeded if it is to be permanently deformed. Obviously, the higher its yield point, the more a material will resist deformation. Higher yield points require that proportionately higher rolling pressures be employed.

## What materials can be rolled?

Generally, the hardness and elongation factors are regarded as the routine indices of rollability. Being readily obtainable, hardness is used as comprehensive indicators of yield and reduction of area.

Basic open-hearth steels in the soft state are rollable providing carbon content does not exceed 1.5%. Sulfurized steels are rollable depending upon the severity of cold working to be done and the percentage of sulfur content. While sulfur additives will enhance the machinability of a cutting operation, they are not desirable for cold forming.

Sulfur content should not exceed 0.13%. Higher rates cause extremely hard sulfur inclusions which require higher rolling pressures. In addition to being detrimental to die life, inclusions resist cold forming, cause flaking, and can result in roll breakage.

Soft and malleable leaded steels are naturally thought to have good rollability. While desirable to enhance machinability, additives are not conclusive to cold forming. Softer than the base material, the lead inclusions result in intermittent and varying die loading which contributes to poorer die life. Lead content should be no more than 0.1%.

Figure  
1

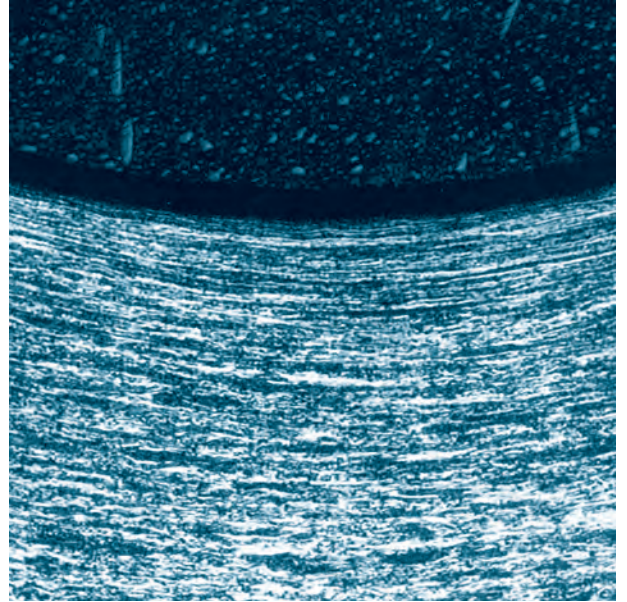
Cold or hot-working can result in hard spots, seams, laps, voids, and other defects. Refractory residues and other impurities have an abrasive effect on dies. Buying higher grade steels minimizes these conditions and their higher cost is offset by increased tool life and less downtime.

To what degree work-hardening will occur depends upon the analysis of the material, its initial hardness, the severity of deformation, and number of cold working cycles imposed on the workpiece.

The greatest amount of deformation with the greatest hardness increase occurs in the root area, the least on the flanks. Figure 1 shows a rolled thread cross section magnified 75X normal size. This shows that the grain structure has been flowed along the thread contour. An overall comparison of the entire thread profile would reveal that the structure is of deeper and finer grain in the root which reflects a higher degree of hardness in that area.

Work-hardening resulting from thread rolling is superficial and the material would be at core hardness .030" to .040" beneath the surface. Where a material has higher work hardening tendencies, hardening has been measured at .150" below the surface. Die life will proportionately decrease in direct ratio to the work hardening increase.

The charts on pages 62-64 list the rollability factor for various materials and what degree of die life can be expected.



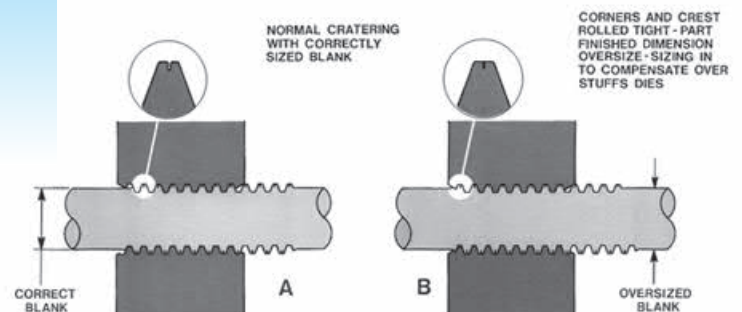
# Preparing *and* Controlling Blank Diameters

W

**HILE** the principles of rolling techniques will vary somewhat depending upon whether a rolling head, attachment, or machine is being used, there are common considerations which are peculiar to all

equipment types. One requirement is the need to maintain the blank diameter within specific limits. Failure to do so can result in premature wear or early failure of the dies. Rolling dies can be compared to a vessel which holds liquid, they can only hold an amount of flowed metal equal to but no more than their displacement. While a vessel can overflow, the same is not true of rolling dies. Since roll life is much greater than that of a cutting tool, the extra effort spent monitoring and controlling the blank to prevent breakage or premature die wear is more than offset by the performance obtained. Since material is caused to flow by the rolling process, and not machined away as with thread cutting, the blank must contain only enough material to fill the die cavity and form the thread. See Figure 1. When too much material is present, the die cavity is overfilled. Conversely, if too little material is provided, the thread will be incorrectly formed. An oversized blank exerts pressure against the dies forcing them outward which can cause die breakage or an

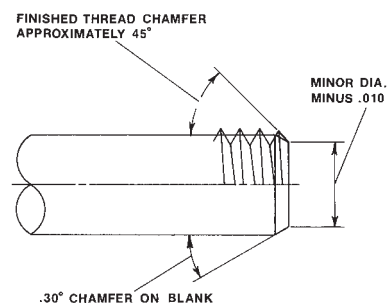
Figure  
1



**Controlling blank size is extremely important**

oversized thread. An oversized thread cannot be corrected by sizing the head smaller. This simply aggravates the condition resulting in still greater pressure on the dies. Depending upon the amount of oversize, the dies can break or their life be drastically shortened. Bear in mind that the blank diameters given on pages 65 through 68 for UN and metric threads are recommended starting points. Depending upon the material and its metallurgical make-up, the final blank diameter must finally be established by actual rolling. Although not always visible to the naked eye, rolled threads have a seam which is the result of material being flowed from the root area up to and folded in at the crest. Depending upon the coarseness of the pitch and how tightly the thread is being rolled, the seam will be more visible on some threads than on others. Better die life will be realized by starting with the minimal acceptable blank diameter (which also advantageously allows for growth) and accepting a larger seam. Seams have no bearing on thread strength but often are objected to on the basis of appearance. Where appearance is a factor, there are alternatives that can be tried. Threads can be rolled tighter if the poorer resulting die life is acceptable, or, the thread can be rolled with an oversized addendum which is then ground away to remove the seam. When rolling a balanced thread such as a UN 60 degree included angle thread, the volume of thread above the P.D. will approximate that below. The volume below is that which is flowed and displaced upward to form the addendum. Thus, it is apparent that with a balanced form, the prepared blank O.D. will approximate the thread's pitch diameter. Starting

Figure  
2



at the minimum recommended blank diameter allows a certain amount of blank growth due to tool wear and allows the longest possible running time, before maximum allowable blank diameter is reached. Therefore, in practice, the blank diameter should be less than the maximum thread P.D. and tolerances on blank diameter should be as small as practical. When rolling shorter length threads, it may be necessary to increase blank diameter slightly to compensate for endwise stretching which occurs. Die thread form chipping can be minimized by beveling the end of the blank as shown in Figure 2. The small bevel diameter at the blank end should be equal to the thread minor diameter minus .010". Rolling will force the end threads outward and the finished bevel will approximate 45 degrees. Blanks should be produced as round and straight as possible, rolling will not entirely correct for these inaccuracies. Avoid variations in diameter along blank length. These cause uneven pressure distribution which can overload the rolls and result in premature failure. Maintain the very best finish possible. The smoother the blank finish, the smoother the final thread finish. Blank O.D. will vary according to material hardness. The recommended blank charts on pages 65 through 68 take this into account and list tolerances for various classes of UN and metric threads based on tolerance.

# Troubleshooting tips

## thread rolling heads— thread rolling management

T

**HIS** information is devoted to solving problems that are encountered when using thread rolling heads and what can be done to correct them. The “Cause and Correction” chart on page 61 can serve as a quick reference guide to correcting some of the more common problems. This information contains a more detailed explanation of problems and how to prevent them, along with maintenance tips, a pre-start check list, and material rollability factors.

Several references are made to preparing and holding blanks within recommended tolerances. Recommended blank diameter information and charts can be found starting on page 65 as well as in the 17th Edition and earlier Landis Handbooks.

### Head Maintenance

1. Heads should be kept clean and well lubricated. A head should not be just superficially cleaned, but periodically completely disassembled, thoroughly cleaned, inspected, lubricated, and reassembled. Refer to the operator’s information section beginning on page 29 for disassembly, lubricating and other pertinent information.

Figure  
1



2. Thread rolling heads are generally equipped with multiple bushing type bearings as shown in Figure 1. Where more extreme pressures are involved, such as when producing coarse pitches or threading heat treated or stainless steels, these bushings will tend to mushroom or elongate endwise. Either of these conditions will sometimes cause the bearings to bind so that the rolls stall or skid and perhaps prevent the head from opening. When this occurs, the bearings can be honed or filed to relieve the condition. This should be done carefully to maintain a neat fit over the roll shafts and in the bore of the roll. As an alternative, single bronze or carbide bushings may be substituted for multiple bushing bearings.

3. The splined end of the roll shaft is inserted into a mating spline in the shaft adjusting crank, with the size reference notch on the shaft aligned with the desired diameter reference line on the rear helix angle bushing (Figure 2). **It is important that all three roll shafts are set exactly the same, relative to the setting lines on the rear helix angle bushings.** The shaft should also be installed with the head in the “closed position,” and the size adjusting screws in a central position.

Figure  
2



4. After completing the head assembly or changing rolls, make certain that the rolls turn freely by hand after the front retaining cap is installed and the retaining screws tightened. If the rolls do not freely turn, tap the end of the roll shafts lightly with a soft hammer. If this does not free them, disassemble the head and look for improperly seated helix angle bushings or dirt behind the bushing seat.

### Pre-Start Check List

Here are some questions to consider before beginning the job. An ounce of prevention at start-up is worth a pound of cure when the job is running.

1. Is the blank diameter within specified tolerances? It is best to start with the recommended minimum tolerance to assure maximum running time before tool wear results in the blank "growing" over the maximum allowable blank O.D.
2. Does the blank have the recommended chamfer angle?
3. Has the head been aligned with the work?
4. Check that the rolls are installed in the proper rotation. Install in 1, 2, 3 clockwise sequence for right-hand threading, the opposite for left-hand.

Note that thread rolling heads require the use of left-hand helix angle bushings for left-hand threading.

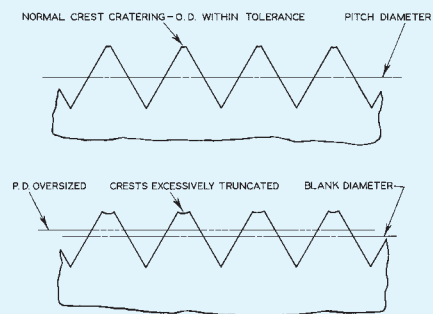
5. To prevent over-rolling and possible damage to the rolls and equipment, deliberately oversize the head for the first piece. Then size down on the next or subsequent pieces until the desired thread size is obtained.

6. Check R.P.M. One of the advantages of thread rolling is that it allows higher operating speeds. Use an R.P.M. rate that results in 100 or more surface feet per minute. Refer to page 161 of the 17th Edition Landis Handbook for surface speed, R.P.M. conversion information.

7. Be extra attentive when a thread is to be rolled into a relief or close to a shoulder. Check that the width of relief is sufficient, and that the allowance for the head trip point is correct. If these allowances are not correct, there is a very good chance that broken dies will result.

8. Make certain that the proper helix angle bushings are being used for the thread to be rolled.

Figure  
3



### Thread Rolling Problems

#### Excessive Truncation of the Thread Crests

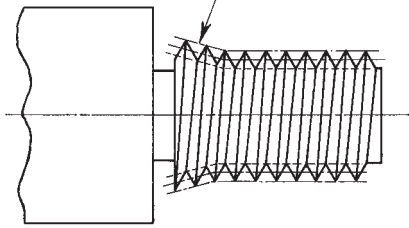
When the P.D. is oversize and excessive truncation of the thread crest is visible as shown in Figure 3, you

# Troubleshooting tips

## thread rolling heads— thread rolling management

Figure  
4

Incorrect Helix Angle and Worn Parts Result  
In Taper at Leave-Off End of Thread



should stop and investigate. A normal reaction is to first try sizing down the head in an attempt to eliminate the condition. A common reason for this condition is attempting to roll material that is too hard or that is prone to excessive work hardening. Such materials resist cold forming causing the head to spring. Thus, sizing-in will not help, but will aggravate the condition putting additional pressure on the tool. Roll breakage and possible tool damage can result. If hardness is the reason, it will be necessary to change to a softer material. Generally, 32 Rockwell C is the maximum hardness that is practical to roll. Problems can be expected at higher hardnesses.

Stainless steels are materials that can cause problems related to work hardening.

Most of the 400-series steels are considered best for rolling, with 410 being the best of the series. The 300-series steels should be avoided if possible because they work harden. Sometimes, the 400 series cannot be used because they will magnetize, or the 300 series is preferred because it is more suitable for the job from the chemical analysis viewpoint. Refer to the Rollability of Materials information on page 50 and the Rollability Chart starting on page 62 on what can be expected from materials in the way of rollability as well as what can be expected in tool life.

Figure  
5



### Taper at Leave-off End of Thread

Taper at the leave-off end (Figure 4) is caused by presenting the rolls to the work at an improper helix angle. This can be caused by worn roll shafts or multiple bushing bearings, an enlarged roll bore, or the use of a bushing set with the wrong helix angle. Also, all of the bushings in the set must match, having the same helix angle. If there is no apparent reason involved, then the helix angle is probably not correct for the thread being produced.

### Marked or Highlighted Thread Flanks

Marking or highlighting of the flanks occurs when over-rolling is taking place (Figure 5). The excessive metal that is present during over-rolling has nowhere to go and is pushed up ahead in front of the rolls. As the rolls leave the work when the

head opens, they scoop out or mark the flanks. The blank can also be within the recommended minimum-maximum tolerance, and the head sized down too far. First check the blank for size. If it is too large, reduce the blank to suit; if not, open up the head increasing the pitch diameter. As stated earlier, an oversize blank should be corrected immediately to prevent damage due to over-rolling.

### **Enlarged and Burnished Root Radius**

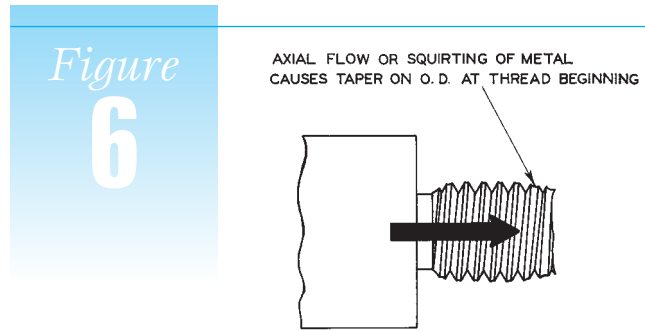
This condition is generally only discernable using a comparator and thread charts and is caused by the rolls not laying close enough to the helix angle of the thread. It can be corrected by using the proper helix angle bushings.

### **Thread O.D. Variations**

Variations in the thread O.D. can be the result of variations in the blank O.D. or varying degrees of hardness from piece to piece. The importance of maintaining the blank within the recommended tolerance should be explained to personnel and every attempt made to consistently hold the size. If the hardness varies from piece to piece, the threads produced on the blanks that are within heat treating tolerance will be acceptable, while the threads produced on blanks hardened beyond the tolerance will show truncation and will be small on O.D. The solution again is to explain the importance of maintaining uniform heat treatment within specified limits.

### **O.D. Tapered at Beginning of Thread**

Taper on the O.D. at the beginning of the thread (Figure 6) is due to the axial flow of surface metal toward



the end of work. This phenomenon occurs when using any end-rolling thread rolling head. The condition generally is not objectionable when a relatively long thread is being produced. However, it can be objectionable when extremely short threads are being rolled. The condition can be recognized by the fact that not enough material flows radially to fill up the crest and the beginning threads will appear partially complete. An unthreaded section in front of the thread to impede the flow can help (Figure 7a). Also, changing to a less ductile material can reduce the amount of flow. Or, the thread can be produced longer than required and the tapered section cut off later (Figure 7b). To cold form freely and permanently deform the material, it must have an elongation factor of 12% to 20%. The closer to 20% the more freely it will flow. Therefore, changing to a material with a lower elongation percentage will help.

### **P.D. Tapered at Beginning of Thread**

A tapered pitch diameter at the beginning of the thread is generally caused by deflection of the head resulting from rolling hard materials. In the majority of cases, this condition will show up on the first two or three threads. The obvious solution is to change to a softer material. Secondly, sometimes changing to a thread roll having a longer throat angle that will lessen the pressure by distributing it over a longer length will

# Troubleshooting tips

## thread rolling heads— thread rolling management

Figure  
7

solve the problem. Obviously, the lower throat angle results in a longer length of imperfect thread and this must be taken into consideration. Thread run-out dimensions are available from the factory.

### Cupped End on Work

“Cupped end” means that the first thread is forced over the end making a concaved appearance on the extreme end of the work (Figure 8). This results from the metal being

flowed over an insufficient chamfer on the work. While it can occur with many materials, it is more prevalent with the softer ones that flow

more readily. Landis recommends a chamfer angle of 30° from the centerline of the work, or 60° included angle, starting below the root (Figure 9). If a 30° chamfer does not correct the situation, then the angle can be changed to 15° to 12° starting even further below the root.

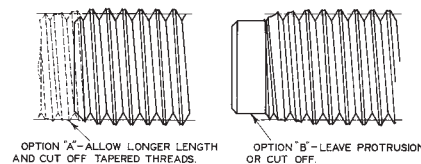
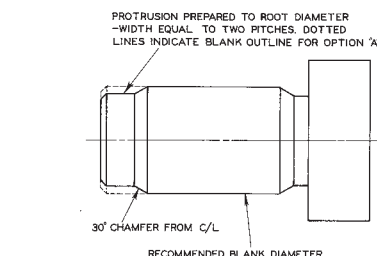


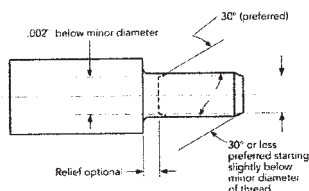
Figure  
8



### Metal Flakes Adhering to Flanks

Flaking usually occurs when rolling high sulphur content material, leaded steels, and some aluminum. Lead is added to steel to improve its cutting action but does not enhance rolling because the lead particles flake off. In general, all materials (not only the leaded ones) that cut well do not roll well, and materials that have a sufficient elongation factor to allow them to roll well are bad prospects for cutting. The solution is to select a material that is suitable for rolling if the application specifications permit. The previously mentioned Rollability of Materials information rates the various materials.

Figure  
9



### Excessive Truncation with Pitch Diameter to Correct Size

Higher ductile materials extrude more than others with some moving as much as 1/16" to the inch. Sometimes, the problem can be solved by increasing the blank

diameter; sometimes it cannot be cured except by changing materials. If the blank O.D. is increased, it should be done very gradually. Another condition that can cause the problem is a rough finish on the blank. Extremely rough blanks have deeper craters or valleys that are devoid of material. Thus, there is less material to roll up to finish out the thread, and while the pitch diameter is correctly rolled up to size, the crests are excessively truncated. The solution is to produce a finer finish on the blank. Note: Excessive truncation should not be confused with a normal amount of truncation or cratering. In addition, threads are sometimes intentionally rolled full or “tight” with little or no seam for cosmetic reasons. Where possible the thread should be rolled with some truncation or cratering to allow the very best roll life to be realized. It is recommended that the blank initially be prepared to the minimum blank tolerance to allow some “grow room” that results from tool wear before the blank reaches the maximum allowable blank diameter. Packing the material by rolling tight will result in poorer die life. Rolling oversize will cause premature wear or die breakage.

---

### Rolls Break into Washer Segments

Rolls breaking into washer segments several threads thick (as shown in Figure 10) is a direct result of over-rolling of a blank that is too large in diameter. The excessive pressure generated causes the rolls to split at the weakest point — which is the root of the thread. The blank can be oversize from erroneously using the wrong recommended tolerance or from the blank growing from tool wear on the machine producing the blank. In the latter case, it is good practice to periodically check the blanks at the machine where the rolling is being done to make sure the blanks are within tolerance and have not grown from tool wear. It is also possible to over-roll on one side. This results from localized hard areas on a section of the workpiece. A good example of this is welded tubing with the weld and areas adjacent to it being harder than the rest of the workpiece. This can also cause over-rolling.

---

### Premature Crest Breakdown and Chipping

The primary cause of premature wear and chipping is from attempting to roll excessively hard material. Other causes are using improper helix angle bushings (corrected by replacing the bushings) and the use of an incorrect starting lead rate for the workpiece or thread rolling head.

---

### Head Overheating

Head overheating is often the result of an insufficient coolant supply or not applying the coolant at the point of roll contact with the workpiece. Coolant should not be applied to the rolls from the head periphery. Applying the coolant at the point of contact between the rolls and workpiece is especially important with revolving type heads which tend to sling the coolant away from the work. By its very nature, the thread rolling process generates a great deal of pressure and heat and the more coolant that can be flowed onto the operation the better. Sometimes, overall machine and workpiece considerations dictate what coolant must be used. Cutting oil lubricates the tools better and might work best for machining certain materials. Soluble oils do not lubricate as well but carry off heat better.

# Troubleshooting tips

## thread rolling heads— thread rolling management

Figure  
10



Regardless of whether oil or water soluble is used, Moly-Kote G is recommended to lubricate the internal parts of the heads. It is especially good for protecting these against the corrosive effect of water solubles. In most cases, Landis recommends Moly-Kote G or an equivalent for lubrication, and water soluble as the coolant. When yoke-operated rolling heads are operated at higher R.P.M.s, the head may overheat from yoke friction. In such cases, the R.P.M. should be reduced. It is also possible for the yoke to bind on the trip rod causing the yoke to rub in the yoke slot or groove, or for the yoke to fit too snugly in the groove.

### Broken Roll Shafts

Roll Shafts can be broken by rolling excessively hard material. Striking the shoulder can also break the shafts, and the head tripping point should be checked carefully at setup. Over-rolling can also cause this problem. Either the head is sized down too far, or the blank is not within the recommended tolerance.

### Thread Eccentric with Workpiece

Eccentric threads can be caused by uneven hardness on opposite sides of the blank. This is often caused when induction heating is used and the part is not centrally positioned in the induction coil. Regardless of the reason, the heat treating operation should be controlled to give uniform, consistent hardness. Eccentric threads can also occur when the head and the workpiece are not in alignment. This is generally a machine, not a tool, problem; the machine should be realigned and/or rebuilt as required.

## Trouble-Shooting Chart— Thread Rolling Heads

Common Application Problems, Their Cause and Correction

### Problem

Excessive truncation on thread crest on work and P.D. oversized even after attempting to adjust to correct size

Taper at leave-off end of full threads.

Highlights or marks on crests and flanks of threads where rolls leave work several threads back of throat when head opens.

Enlarged and burnished radius in root; (this usually is only discernable using a comparator and thread chart).

Variation in thread O.D.

Taper on O.D. at the beginning of the thread (difficult to improve).

Taper on P.D. at beginning of thread (difficult to improve). On a majority of jobs the condition will show up on the first two or three threads.

Cupped end on work or first thread being forced over the end (more prevalent in soft materials).

Metal flakes and adheres to thread flanks.

Thread crests excessively truncated with P.D. down to size and O.D. of blank to correct, recommended diameter.

Rolls break and separate into washer type segments several threads thick.

Premature thread crest breakdown and chipping.

Head overheats.

Thread eccentric to workpiece.

Broken roll shafts

### Cause

Material too hard, or too prone to workharden causing head to deflect excessively.

Using improper helix angle bushings, rolls too low at rear end.

Due to over-rolling, metal is being piled and pushed ahead of the rolls and the material is left standing when the head opens.

The rolls are not laying close enough to the helix angle of work.

1. Variable blank diameter. Finish thread diameter will vary on a ratio of as much as 4:1 to the blank.
2. Variable hardness.

Due to axial flow of surface metal toward end of work. The metal that flows axially is not there to roll up to finish the thread.

Head deflecting from hard materials.

Metal being flowed axially over a chamfer of insufficient angle.

1. Due to using high sulphur content steels, leaded steels and some aluminum.
2. Over-rolling some materials.

1. The more ductile the material, the more it will extrude with some moving as much as 1/16" per inch.
2. Rough turned finish on the blank.

1. Over-rolling.
2. Rolls laying at a higher than standard helix angle.

1. Excessively hard material.
2. Incorrect helix angle.
3. Incorrect starting lead.

1. Insufficient coolant supply.
2. Improper coolant application.

Improper alignment.

1. Excessively hard material.
2. Striking the shoulder.
3. Over-rolling.

### Correction

Use a softer material or material less prone to work harden.

Check helix angle bushings to be sure a matched set of bushings all having the same angle are being used. If bushings match, return head with work samples to factory.

1. If blank O.D. is correct, size head to increase P.D.
2. If blank O.D. is oversize, reduce blank to recommended tolerance.

Use correct helix angle bushings.

1. Hold blank diameter to recommended O.D. tolerance.
2. Hold heat treatment to closer limits and assure uniformity.

1. Change to a less ductile material.
2. Or, if there is to be an unthreaded section in front of the thread, cut off the thread after rolling.

1. Use a softer material.
2. Use rolls with different throat design.

A 30° chamfer angle starting below the thread root is recommended. Some materials may require 15° to 12° starting even further below root.

1. Change to a more suitable material.
2. Decrease blank O.D.

1. Increase the blank diameter. This may or may not correct the problem, depending upon the material.
2. Produce a fine finish on the blank.

1. Reduce blank diameter.
2. Using helix angle bushings that are correct for application.

1. Reduce workpiece hardness.
2. Use suitable helix angle bushings.
3. Use correct lead means to get onto the work.

1. Increase coolant volume.
2. Apply coolant to workpiece at the point of roll contact — not to the rolls from the head periphery. This is especially true of revolving heads.

Check head and machine for misalignment.

1. Use softer material.
2. Reset head tripping point.
3. Use recommended blank diameter.

# Chart 1

## Rollability of Materials

### CARBON AND ALLOY STEELS Proportional Die Life

		Proportional Die Life								
Material Designation	Thread Finish		Soft		Rc 15-24		Rc 25-32		Rc 33 to	Remarks
AISI 1008 - 1095	E		H		H-M		M		L	Excellent Rollability
AISI 1108 - 1151	G		H		H-M		M			These are free machining steels with high sulphur content. The highest sulphur materials-1110,1144 and 1200 series should be avoided when possible.
AISI 1211 - 1215	F		M							
AISI B1111 - B1113	F		H							
AISI 1330 - 1345	E		H		M		M-L		L	These are medium alloy steels such as manganese, molybdenum, chrome and nickel. Work hardening of material requires higher pressures and some reduction in roll life over the 1000-1200 series will be experienced.
AISI 4012 - 4047	E		H-M		M		M-L		L	
AISI 4118 - 4161	E		H-M		M		M-L		L	
AISI 4320-4340	E		H-M		M		M-L		L	
AISI 4419										
AISI 4615 - 4626										
AISI 4718 - 4720										
AISI 4815 - 4820										
AISI 5015 - 5060	E		H-M		M		M-L		L	
AISI 5115 - 5160										
AISI E51100 - E52100										
AISI 6118 - 6150	E		H-M		M		M-L		L	
AISI 8615 - 8655	E		H-M		M		M-L		L	
AISI 8720-8740										
AISI 8822										
AISI 9255 - 9260										
Stainless 302 304 309-317	E				M-L					These are non-hardenable austenitic steels containing higher quantities of nickel and chromium. High work hardening occurs with higher percent alloys. Also non-magnetic. Recommend Carpenter #10 wherever possible. Material does not seam.
Stainless 305, 321, 347, 348 Carpenter & 12 - 20CB	E				M		L			
Stainless Carpenter #10	E				H-M		M-L			
Stainless 329 - 430F - 446	E				M-L		L			
Stainless 430 - 443	E				M		L			Non-hardenable ferritic chromium stainless but magnetic. Lower work hardening but higher pressures required due to carbon.
Stainless 414 - 420F - 440F	E				M-L		L			
Stainless 410 - 431 - 440C - 501 - 502	E				H-M		L			Hardenable martensitic chromium steels, magnetic. Most suited for rolling of the stainless grades, low work hardening.
High Speed T1, M1, M2	E				M-L		L			
Nitralloy 135 - 230	E				M		M-L		L	Not rollable after nitriding.

Letter designations for Finish: E-excellent, G-good, F-fair, P-poor.

Letter designations for Die Life: H-high, M-medium, L-low.

Elongation factor: generally acceptable results can be achieved when percent elongation equals twelve (12) or more.

# Chart 2

## Rollability of Materials

### WROUGHT COPPER AND COPPER ALLOYS

Material Designation						
SAE No.	ASTM No.	Alloy Name	Max. Hardness	Finish	Die Life	Remarks
CA102	B124 #12	Oxygen Free Copper	RF40	E	H	More than 90% copper. Excellent rollability.
CA110	B124 #12	Electrolytic Copper (ETP)	RF40	E	H	
CA122	B124 #12	Phosphorus Deoxidized (DHP)	RF45	E	H	
CA210	B36 #1	Gilding 95%	RB40	E	H	Copper-zinc alloys basically good for rolling except when zinc exceeds 30%. This tends to produce poor finish as indicated in CA270 CA280.
CA220	B36 #2	Commercial Bronze 90%	RB42	E	H	
CA230	B36 #3	Red Brass	RB55	E	H	
CA240	B36 #4	Low Brass 80%	RB55	E	H	
CA260	B36 #6	Cartridge Brass 70%	RB60	E	H	
CA270	B36 #8	Yellow Brass	RB55	F	H	
CA280	B135 #5	Muntz Metal	RB78	P	M	
CA314	B140-B	Leaded Comm. Bronze	RB65	P	M-H	Copper zinc alloys with lead added for improved machining characteristics. Poor to fair for rolling. Higher lead produces poorer thread finish and is not recommend for rolling.
CA335	B121 #2	Low Lead Brass	RB60	G	M-H	
CA340	B121 #3	Medium Leaded Brass	RB60	G	M-H	
CA342	B121 #5	High Leaded Brass	RB55	P	M	
CA345		Thread Rolling Brass	RB75	G	M-H	
CA353	B121 #5	High Leaded Brass 62%	RB55	P	M	
CA356	B121 #6	Extra High Leaded Brass	RB55	P	L-M	
CA360	B16	Free Cutting Brass	RB70	P	L	
CA365 to CA368						
CA368	B171	Leaded Muntz Metal	RB70	P	M	
CA370	B135 #6	Free Cutting Muntz Metal	RB70	P	L	
CA377	B124 #2	Forging Brass	RB65	P	L	
CA385		Architectural Bronze	RB65	P	L	
CA443 to CA445	B171	Inhibited Admiralty	RB75	E	H	Copper zinc alloy with 1.0% tin excellent rollability.
CA464 to CA467						Copper zinc alloy with lead and tin not conducive to good rolling characteristics. Alternate material should be used.
CA467	B124 #3	Naval Brass	RB75	P-F	M	
CA485	B21-C	Leaded Naval Brass	RB80	P	L	
CA502	B105	Phosphor Bronze E	RB50	G	H	Copper tin alloy generally good for rolling but increasing tin content reduces rollability. CA544 contains some lead & zinc thereby reducing its rollability.
CA510	B139-A	Phosphor Bronze A	RB65	G	H	
CA521	B139-C	Phosphor Bronze C	RB70	P-F	M-H	
CA524	B139-D	Phosphor Bronze D	RB70	P	M	
CA544	B139-B2	Free Cutting Phosphor Bronze	RB70	P	L	
CA606		Aluminum Bronze	RB70	G	M	Copper aluminum alloy fair to good rolling characteristics. Increased quantities of silicon nickel, introduce work hardening and reduce rollability.
CA614	B150-3	Aluminum Bronze D	RB70	G	M	
CA617	B150-1	Aluminum Bronze	RB70	P	L-M	
CA360	B150-2	Aluminum Bronze	RB70	P	L	
CA639		Aluminum Silicon Bronze	RB75	G	L	
CA651	B98-B	Low Silicon Bronze B	RB70	E	M	Copper with silicon as basic alloy. Average rollability.
CA655	B98-A	High Silicon Bronze A	RB75	FG	M	
CA675	B138-A	Manganese Bronze A	RB70	P	M	High zinc alloy, alternate material should be used.
CA706	B111	Copper Nickel - 10%	RB70	G	M-H	High nickel alloy reduces rollability proportionally.
CA715	B111	Copper Nickel - 30%	RP70	G	M	
CA745	B151-E	Nickel Silver 65 - 10	RB70	E	H	Copper with zinc and nickel as alloy-rollability good to excellent. As alloy increases, rollability decreases.
CA752	B151-A	Nickel Silver 65 - 18	RB70	G-E	H	
CA754		Nickel Silver 65 - 15	RB70	E	H	
CA757	B151-D	Nickel Silver 65 - 12	RP70	E	H	
CA770	B151-B	Nickel Silver 55 - 18	RB70	G	M	

#### COPPER CASTING ALLOYS, ANNEALED

Copper casting alloys, in the annealed condition, mostly are rated as poor rollability and poor die life. The copper alloys with basic quantities of tin, zinc or silicon rate slightly better in die life with poor to fair finish. It is recommended that these materials be avoided where possible and should only be considered for low production quantities.

Letter designations for Finish: E-excellent, G-good, F-fair, P-poor.

Letter designations for Die Life: H-high, M-medium, L-low.

Elongation factor: generally acceptable results can be achieved when percent elongation equals twelve (12) or more.

# Chart 3

## Rollability of Materials

### WROUGHT ALUMINUM AND ALUMINUM ALLOYS

Material Designation								Remarks
SAE No.	ASTM No.	Condition	Max. Hardness	% Elongation	Finish	Die Life		
1100-0	990A	Annealed	RB23	45	E	H	99% aluminum recommended for rolling. Work hardens very slowly, cannot be heat treated. Major alloy is silicon.	
1100-H12	990A	1/4 Hard	RB28	25	E	H		
110-H14	990A	1/2 Hard	RB32	20	G-E	H		
1100-H16	990A	3/4 Hard	RB38	17	G	H		
1100-H18	990A	Full Hard	RB44	15	FG	M		
2011-T3	CB60A	Heat treated and cold worked	RB95	15	FG	M-H	Lower quality finish is a result of lead and Bismuth alloys, not generally recommended for rolling.	
2011-T6C	B60A	Heat treated and aged	RB97	17	F	M-H		
2011-T8	CB60A	Heat treated, cold worked & aged	RB100	12	P-F	M-H		
2014-0	CS41A	Annealed	RB45	18	G	M-H	Copper, silicon, manganese major alloys, higher strength requires greater roll pressure.	
2014-T4	CS41A	Heat treated and aged	RB105	20	G-E	M-H		
2014-T6	CS41A	Heat treated and aged	RB135	13	F	M-H		
2017-0	CM41A	Annealed	RB45	22	E	H	Good rollability. Most commonly used for rolling.	
2017-T4	CM41A	Heat treated and aged	RB105	22	E	H		
2024-0	CG42A	Annealed	RB47	22	E	H		
2024-T3	CG42A	Heat treated and cold worked	RB120	18	E	H		
2024-T4	CG42A	Heat treated and aged	RB120	18	E	H		
2117-T4	CG30A	Heat treated and aged	RB70	27	E	H		
3003-0	M1A	Annealed	RB28	40	E	H	99% aluminum, recommended for rolling. Work hardens very slowly, cannot be heat treated. Major alloy is manganese.	
3003-H12	M1A	1/4 Hard	RB35	20	G-E	H		
3003-H14	M1A	1/2 Hard	RB40	16	G	H		
3003-H16	M1A	3/4 Hard	RB47	14	F	M		
3003-H18	M1A	Full Hard	RB55	10	P-F	L-M		
5052-0	CR20A	Annealed	RB47	30	E	H	Fair to good rollability in the lower hardness condition, major alloy manganese with chromium.	
5052-H32	CR20A	1/4 Hard	RB60	18	G	M		
5052-H34	CR20A	1/2 Hard	RB68	14	F	M		
5052-H36	CR20A	3/4 Hard	RB73	10	P-F	L-M		
5053-H38	CR20A	Full Hard	RB77	8	P	L		
5056-0	GM50A	Annealed	RB65	35	E	H	Major alloy magnesium. Recommend rolling in annealed condition only.	
5056-H18	GM50A	Strain Hardened	RB105	10	P	L-M		
5056-H38	GM50A	Strain Hardened and Stabilized	RB100	15	P-F	L-M		
6061-0	GS11A	Annealed	RB30	30	E	H	Good to excellent rollability in conditions.	
6061-T4	GS11A	Heat treated and aged	RB25	65	G-E	H		
6061-T6	GS11A	Heat treated and aged	RB17	95	G	H		
7075-0	ZG62A	Annealed	RB60	16	F	H	Generally not recommended for rolling.	
7075-T6	ZG62A	Heat treated and aged	RB150	11	P	M		

#### WROUGHT NICKEL AND NICKEL ALLOYS

The nickel alloys in general can be produced with a good to excellent thread finish. The "inconel" and "hastelloy" series result in a poor to fair finish. The higher tensile of nickel alloys requires high roll pressures and, therefore, medium to low die life can be expected. It is recommended that annealed material be used wherever possible.

Letter designations for Finish: E-excellent, G-good, F-fair, P-poor.

Letter designations for Die Life: H-high, M-medium, L-low.

Elongation factor: generally acceptable results can be achieved when percent elongation equals twelve (12) or more.

# Chart 1

## Recommended Blank Diameters

Blank Diameters for Parallel Rolled Threads UNF and UNC - Class 2

Steel																Aluminum Alloy			
Size		10-50 C Soft		30-50 C Soft		30-50 C or Alloy 15-25 RC		30-50 C or Alloy 26-32 RC		Stainless Chrome Nickel 300 Series*		Stainless Chrome 400 Series*		Brass and Bronze		Soft		Hard	
																Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
O.D.	Pitch	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
#0	80	.0504	.0498	.0507	.0501	.0509	.0503	.0511	.0505	.0513	.0507	.0515	.0509	.0507	.0501	.0509	.0503	.0507	.0501
#1	72	.0623	.0617	.0627	.0621	.0629	.0622	.0631	.0625	.0633	.0626	.0635	.0628	.0627	.06321	.0629	.0622	.0627	.0621
#1	64	.0612	.0605	.0616	.0609	.0618	.0611	.0620	.0613	.0622	.0615	.0624	.0617	.0616	.0609	.0618	.0611	.0616	.0609
#2	64	.0742	.0735	.0746	.0739	.0748	.0741	.0750	.0743	.0752	.0745	.0754	.0747	.0746	.0739	.0748	.0741	.0746	.0739
#2	56	.0726	.0719	.0730	.0723	.0732	.0725	.0734	.0728	.0737	.0730	.0739	.0732	.0730	.0723	.0732	.0725	.0730	.0723
#3	56	.0855	.0847	.0859	.0852	.0861	.0854	.0863	.0856	.0866	.0858	.0868	.0860	.0859	.0852	.0861	.0854	.0859	.0852
#3	48	.0835	.0827	.0840	.0832	.0842	.0834	.0844	.0837	.0846	.0839	.0849	.0841	.0840	.0832	.0842	.0834	.0840	.0832
#4	48	.0964	.0956	.0969	.0961	.0971	.0964	.0974	.0966	.0976	.0968	.0979	.0971	.0969	.0961	.0971	.0964	.0969	.0961
#4	40	.0936	.0928	.0941	.0933	.0943	.09335	.0946	.0938	.0948	.0940	.0951	.0943	.0941	.0938	.0943	.0935	.0941	.0933
#5	44	.1081	.1073	.1086	.1078	.1088	.1080	.1091	.1082	.1093	.1085	.1096	.1088	.1086	.1078	.1088	.1080	.1086	.1078
#5	40	.1065	.1057	.1070	.1062	.1073	.1064	.1075	.1067	.1078	.1070	.1081	.1072	.1070	.1062	.1073	.1064	.1070	.1062
#6	40	.1195	.1187	.1200	.1192	.1203	.1194	.1205	.1197	.1208	.1200	.1211	.1202	.1200	.1192	.1203	.1194	.1200	.1192
#6	32	.1153	.1144	.1159	.1149	.1161	.1152	.1164	.1155	.1167	.1158	.1170	.1161	.1159	.1149	.1161	.1152	.1159	.1149
#8	36	.1436	.1427	.1442	.1432	.1444	.1435	.1447	.1438	.1450	.1441	.1453	.1444	.1442	.1432	.1444	.1435	.1442	.1432
#8	32	.1412	.1402	.1417	.1408	.1420	.1411	.1423	.1414	.1426	.1416	.1429	.1419	.1417	.1408	.1420	.1411	.1417	.1408
#10	32	.1671	.1661	.1677	.1667	.1680	.1670	.1683	.1673	.1686	.1676	.1689	.1679	.1677	.1667	.1680	.1670	.1677	.1667
#10	24	.1591	.1589	.1608	.1596	.1611	.1599	.1614	.1602	.1618	.1606	.1621	.1609	.1608	.1596	.1611	.1599	.1608	.1596
#12	28	.1900	.1889	.1907	.1896	.1910	.1899	.1913	.1902	.1916	.1905	.1920	.1908	.1907	.1896	.1910	.1899	.1907	.1896
#12	24	.1861	.1848	.1868	.1855	.1871	.1859	.1874	.1862	.1878	.1865	.1881	.1869	.1868	.1855	.1871	.1859	.1868	.1855
1/4	20	.2144	.2131	.2151	.2138	.2155	.2142	.2159	.2146	.2166	.2153	.2159	.2146	.2151	.2138	.2155	.2142	.2151	.2138
1/4	28	.2241	.2228	.2248	.2235	.2251	.2238	.2255	.2242	.2261	.2248	.2255	.2242	.2248	.2235	.2251	.2238	.2248	.2235
5/16	18	.2729	.2716	.2737	.2724	.2741	.2728	.2745	.2732	.2753	.2740	.2745	.2732	.2737	.2724	.2741	.2728	.737	.2724
5/16	24	.2823	.2810	.2830	.2817	.2834	.2821	.2837	.2824	.2845	.2832	.2837	.2824	.2830	.2817	.2834	.2821	.2830	.2817
3/8	16	.3306	.3291	.3315	.3300	.3320	.3305	.3324	.3309	.3333	.3318	.3324	.3309	.3315	.3300	.3320	.3305	.3315	.3300
3/8	24	.3448	.3434	.3455	.3441	.3459	.3445	.3463	.3449	.3471	.3457	.3463	.3449	.3455	.3441	.3459	.3445	.3455	.3441
7/16	14	.3871	.3855	.3880	.3864	.3885	.3869	.3890	.3874	.3899	.3883	.3890	.3874	.3880	.3864	.3885	.3869	.3880	.3864
7/16	20	.4012	.3999	.4021	.4008	.4025	.4012	.4029	.4016	.4037	.4024	.4029	.4016	.4021	.4008	.4025	.4012	.4021	.4008
1/2	13	.4458	.4440	.4468	.4450	.4473	.4455	.4478	.4460	.4488	.4470	.4478	.4460	.4468	.4450	.4473	.4455	.4468	.4450
1/2	20	.4637	.4623	.4646	.4632	.4650	.4636	.4655	.4641	.4663	.4649	.4655	.4641	.4646	.4632	.4650	.4636	.4646	.4632
9/16	12	.5039	.5021	.5050	.5032	.5055	.5037	.5060	.5042	.5070	.5052	.5060	.5042	.5050	.5032	.5055	.5037	.5050	.5032
9/16	18	.5225	.5210	.5234	.5219	.5238	.5223	.5243	.5228	.5252	.5237	.5243	.5228	.5234	.5219	.5238	.5223	.5234	.5219
5/8	11	.5614	.5595	.5625	.5606	.5630	.5611	.5636	.5617	.5647	.5628	.5636	.5617	.5625	.5606	.5630	5611	.5625	.5606
5/8	18	.5850	.5833	.5859	.5842	.5864	.5847	.5869	.5852	.5878	.5861	.5869	.5852	.5859	.5842	.5864	.5847	.5859	.5842
3/4	10	.6799	.6779	.6811	.6791	.6817	.6797	.6823	.6803	.6834	.6814	.6823	.6803	.6811	.6791	.6817	.6797	.6811	.6791
3/4	16	.7052	.7034	.7062	.7044	.7067	.7049	.7072	.7054	.7082	.7064	.7072	.7054	.7062	.7044	.7067	.7049	.7062	.7044
7/8	9	.7972	.7952	.7985	.7965	.7991	.7971	.7998	.7978	.8010	.7990	.7998	.7978	.7985	.7965	.7991	.7971	.7985	.7965
7/8	14	.8240	.8221	.8251	.8232	.8257	.8238	.8262	.8243	.8273	.8259	.8262	.8243	.8251	.8232	.8257	.8238	.8251	.8232
1	8	.9131	.9107	.9144	.9120	.9151	.9127	.9158	.9134	.9172	.9148	.9158	.9134	.9144	.9120	.9151	.9127	.9144	.9120
1	12	.9408	.9388	.9420	.9400	.9426	.9406	.9432	.9412	.9443	.9423	.9432	.9412	.9420	.9400	.9426	.9406	.9420	.9400
1-1/8	7	1.0262	1.0235	1.0276	1.0250	1.0283	1.0257	1.0290	1.0264	1.0304	1.0278	1.0290	1.0264	1.0276	1.0250	1.0283	1.0257	1.0276	1.0250
1-1/8	12	1.0657	1.0637	1.0669	1.0649	1.0675	1.0655	1.0681	1.0661	1.0693	1.0673	1.0681	1.0661	1.0669	1.0649	1.0675	1.0655	1.0669	1.0649
1-1/4	7	1.1510	1.1483	1.1525	1.1498	1.1533	1.1506	1.1540	1.1513	1.1555	1.1528	1.1540	1.1513	1.1525	1.1498	1.1533	1.1506	1.1525	1.1498
1-1/4	12	1.1906	1.1885	1.1919	1.1898	1.1925	1.1904	1.1931	1.1910	1.1943	1.1922	1.1931	1.1910	1.1919	1.1898	1.1925	1.1904	1.1919	1.1898
1-3/8	6	1.2601	1.2571	1.2617	1.2587	1.2625	1.2595	1.2633	1.2603	1.2649	1.2619	1.2633	1.2603	1.2617	1.2587	1.2625	1.2595	1.2617	1.2587
1-3/8	12	1.3153	1.3133	1.3166	1.3146	1.3171	1.3152	1.3178	1.3158	1.3191	1.3171	1.3178	1.3158	1.3166	1.3146	1.3172	1.3152	1.3166	1.3146
1-1/2	6	1.3850	1.3820	1.3866	1.3836	1.3874	1.3844	1.3882	1.3852	1.3898	1.3868	1.3882	1.3851	1.3866	1.3836	1.3874	1.3844	1.3866	1.3836
1-1/2	12	1.4402	1.4382	1.4415	1.4395	1.4422	1.4402	1.4428	1.4408	1.4441	1.4421	1.4428	1.4408	1.4415	1.4395	1.4422	1.4402	1.4415	1.4395
1-3/4	5	1.6124	1.6094	1.6142	1.6112	1.6150	1.6120	1.6159	1.6129	1.6177	1.6147	1.6159	1.6129	1.6142	1.6112	1.6150	1.6120	1.6142	1.6112
2	4-1/2	1.8474	1.8442	1.8493	1.8461	1.8503	1.8471	1.8512	1.8480	1.8531	1.8499	1.8512	1.8480	1.8442	1.8461	1.8503	1.8471	1.8442	1.8461

Note: These dimensions are for set-up reference. Diameters must be finally established by actual rolling.

\*Only certain grades rollable.

# Chart 2

## Recommended Blank Diameters

Blank Diameters for Parallel Rolled Threads UNF and UNC - Class 3

Steel																Aluminum Alloy			
Size		10-50 C Soft		30-50 C Soft		30-50 C or Alloy 15-25 RC		30-50 C or Alloy 26-32 RC		Stainless Chrome Nickel 300 Series*		Stainless Chrome 400 Series*		Brass and Bronze		Soft		Hard	
																Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
O.D.	Pitch	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
#0	80	.0512	.0507	.0514	.0510	.0515	.0511	.0517	.0513	.0519	.0515	.0517	.0513	.0514	.0510	.0515	.0511	.0514	.0510
#1	72	.0632	.0627	.0635	.0630	.0637	.0632	.0638	.0633	.0641	.0636	.0638	.0633	.0635	.0630	.0637	.0632	.0635	.0630
#1	64	.0621	.0616	.0624	.0619	.0625	.0620	.0627	.0622	.0630	.0625	.0627	.0622	.0624	.0619	.0625	.0620	.0624	.0619
#2	64	.0751	.0746	.0754	.0749	.0755	.0750	.0757	.0752	.0760	.0755	.0757	.0752	.0754	.0749	.0755	.0750	.0754	.0749
#2	56	.0735	.0730	.0738	.0733	.0739	.0734	.0741	.0736	.0744	.0739	.0741	.0736	.0738	.0733	.0739	.0734	.0738	.0733
#3	56	.0865	.0860	.0868	.0863	.0869	.0864	.0871	.0866	.0874	.0869	.0871	.0866	.0868	.0863	.0869	.0864	.0868	.0863
#3	48	.0845	.0840	.0848	.0843	.0850	.0845	.0852	.0847	.0855	.0850	.0852	.0847	.0848	.0843	.0850	.0845	.0848	.0843
#4	48	.0975	.0969	.0978	.0972	.0980	.0974	.0982	.0976	.0986	.0980	.0982	.0976	.0978	.0972	.0980	.0974	.0978	.0972
#4	40	.0947	.0941	.0950	.0945	.0953	.0947	.0955	.0949	.0958	.0952	.0955	.0949	.0950	.0945	.0953	.0947	.0950	.0945
#5	44	.1091	.1085	.1095	.1088	.1097	.1091	.1099	.1093	.1102	.1096	.1099	.1093	.1095	.1088	.1097	.1091	.1095	.1088
#5	40	.1077	.1071	.1081	.1075	.1083	.1077	.1085	.1079	.1088	.1082	.1085	.1079	.1081	.1075	.1083	.1077	.1081	.1075
#6	40	.1207	.1200	.1211	.1204	.1213	.1206	.1215	.1208	.1219	.1212	.1215	.1208	.1211	.1204	.1213	.1206	.1211	.1204
#6	32	.1164	.1157	.1169	.1162	.1171	.1164	.1174	.1167	.1178	.1171	.1174	.1167	.1169	.1162	.1171	.1164	.1169	.1162
#8	36	.1448	.1441	.1452	.1445	.1454	.1447	.1457	.1450	.1461	.1454	.1457	.1450	.1452	.1445	.1454	.1447	.1452	.1445
#8	32	.1424	.1417	.1429	.1422	.1431	.1424	.1433	.1426	.1437	.1430	.1433	.1426	.1429	.1422	.1431	.1424	.1429	.1422
#10	32	.1683	.1676	.1688	.1681	.1690	.1683	.1693	.1686	.1697	.1690	.1693	.1686	.1688	.1681	.1690	.1683	.1688	.1681
#10	24	.1615	.1607	.1620	.1612	.1622	.1614	.1625	.1617	.1630	.1622	.1625	.1617	.1620	.1612	.1622	.1614	.1620	.1612
#12	28	.1913	.1906	.1918	.1911	.1921	.1914	.1923	.1916	.1928	.1921	.1923	.1916	.1918	.1911	.1921	.1914	.1918	.1911
#12	24	.1874	.1866	.1879	.1871	.1881	.1873	.1884	.1876	.1889	.1881	.1884	.1876	.1879	.1871	.1881	.1873	.1879	.1871
1/4	20	.2159	.2150	.2164	.2155	.2167	.2158	.2170	.2161	.2176	.2167	.2170	.2161	.2164	.2155	.2167	.2158	.2164	.2155
1/4	28	.2254	.2246	.2259	.2251	.2261	.2253	.2264	.2256	.2269	.2261	.2264	.2256	.2259	.2251	.2261	.2253	.2259	.2251
5/16	18	.2724	.2737	.2753	.2743	.2756	.2746	.2759	.2749	.2765	.2755	.2759	.2749	.2753	.2743	.2756	.2746	.2753	.2743
5/16	24	.2839	.2830	.2845	.2836	.2847	.2838	.2850	.2841	.2855	.2846	.2850	.2841	.2845	.2836	.2847	.2838	.2845	.2836
3/8	16	.3326	.3314	.3333	.3321	.3336	.3324	.3340	.3328	.3346	.3334	.3340	.3328	.3346	.3334	.3340	.3328	.3333	.3321
3/8	24	.3463	.3453	.3469	.3459	.3472	.3462	.3475	.3465	.3480	.3470	.3475	.3465	.3469	.3459	.3472	.3462	.3469	.3459
7/16	14	.3893	.3880	.3900	.3887	.3903	.3890	.3907	.3894	.3914	.3901	.3907	.3894	.3900	.3887	.3903	.3890	.3900	.3887
7/16	20	.4032	.4022	.4038	.4028	.4041	.4031	.4044	.4034	.4051	.4041	.4044	.4034	.4038	.4028	.4041	.4031	.4038	.4028
1/2	13	.4480	.4467	.4487	.4474	.4491	.4478	.4495	.4482	.4502	.4489	.4495	.4482	.4487	.4474	.4491	.4478	.4487	.4474
1/2	20	.4657	.4646	.4664	.4653	.4654	.4643	.4670	.4659	.4676	.4665	.4670	.4659	.4664	.4653	.4654	.4643	.4664	.4653
9/16	12	.5062	.5049	.5070	.5057	.5070	.5057	.5078	.5065	.5085	.5072	.5078	.5065	.5070	.5057	.5070	.5057	.5070	.5057
9/16	18	.5246	.5233	.5253	.5240	.5253	.5240	.5260	.5247	.5267	.5254	.5260	.5247	.5253	.5240	.5253	.5240	.5253	.5240
5/8	11	.5636	.5623	.5644	.5631	.5644	.5631	.5653	.5640	.5661	.5648	.5653	.5640	.5644	.5631	.5644	.5631	.5644	.5631
5/8	18	.5871	.5858	.5878	.5865	.5878	.5865	.5885	.5872	.5892	.5879	.5885	.5872	.5878	.5865	.5878	.5865	.5878	.5865
3/4	10	.6825	.6810	.6834	.6819	.6834	.6819	.6843	.6828	.6852	.6837	.6843	.6828	.6834	.6819	.6834	.6819	.6834	.6819
3/4	16	.7073	.7060	.7080	.7067	.7080	.7067	.7088	.7075	.7096	.7083	.7088	.7075	.7080	.7067	.7080	.7067	.7087	.7067
7/8	9	.8002	.7986	.8010	.7994	.8011	.7995	.8021	.8005	.8030	.8014	.8021	.8005	.8010	.7994	.8011	.7995	.8010	.7994
7/8	14	.8262	.8249	.8270	.8257	.8270	.8257	.8279	.8266	.8287	.8274	.8279	.8266	.8270	.8257	.8270	.8257	.8270	.8257
1	8	.9160	.9142	.9170	.9151	.9170	.9152	.9180	.9162	.9191	.9173	.9180	.9162	.9170	.9152	.9170	.9152	.9170	.9152
1	12	.9434	.9419	.9443	.9428	.9428	.9415	.9452	.9437	.9461	.9446	.9452	.9437	.9443	.9428	.9428	.9415	.9443	.9428
1-1/8	7	1.0292	1.0273	1.0303	1.0284	1.0303	1.0284	1.0314	1.0295	1.0325	1.0306	1.0314	1.0295	1.0303	1.0284	1.0303	1.0284	1.0303	1.0284
1-1/8	12	1.0684	1.0669	1.0693	1.0678	1.0693	1.0678	1.0693	1.0678	1.0711	1.0696	1.0693	1.0678	1.0693	1.0678	1.0693	1.0678	1.0693	1.0678
1-1/4	7	1.1542	1.1523	1.1553	1.1534	1.1553	1.1534	1.1553	1.1534	1.1575	1.1556	1.1553	1.1534	1.1553	1.1539	1.1553	1.1534	1.1553	1.1534
1-1/4	12	1.1933	1.1918	1.1942	1.1927	1.1942	1.1927	1.1951	1.1936	1.1960	1.1945	1.1951	1.1936	1.1942	1.1927	1.1942	1.1927	1.1942	1.1927
1-3/8	6	1.2633	1.2613	1.2645	1.2625	1.2651	1.2631	1.2657	1.2637	1.2665	1.2649	1.2657	1.2637	1.2645	1.2625	1.2651	1.2631	1.2645	1.2625
1-3/8	12	1.3182	1.3167	1.3191	1.3176	1.3196	1.3181	1.3200	1.3185	1.3210	1.3195	1.3200	1.3185	1.3191	1.3176	1.3196	1.3181	1.3191	1.3176
1-1/2	6	1.3883	1.3862	1.3894	1.3874	1.3900	1.3880	1.3906	1.3886	1.3918	1.3898	1.3906	1.3886	1.3894	1.3874	1.3900	1.3880	1.3894	1.3874
1-1/2	12	1.4433	1.4416	1.4442	1.4425	1.4447	1.4430	1.4451	1.4434	1.4461	1.4444	1.4451	1.4434	1.4442	1.4425	1.4447	1.4430	1.4442	1.4425
1-3/4	5	1.6165	1.6141	1.6178	1.6154	1.6185	1.6161	1.6191	1.6167	1.6205	1.6181	1.6191	1.6167	1.6178	1.6154	1.6185	1.6161	1.6178	1.6154
2	4-1/2	1.8518	1.8493	1.8532	1.8507	1.8539	1.8514	1.8546	1.8521	1.8561	1.8536	1.8546	1.8521	1.8532	1.8507	1.8539	1.8514	1.8532	1.8507

Note: These dimensions are for set-up reference. Diameters must be finally established by actual rolling.

\*Only certain grades rollable.

# Chart 3

## Recommended Blank Diameters

Blank Diameters In Inches & MMs for Straight, Rolled Metric Threads

Steel															Aluminum Alloy					
Size in M/M			10-15 C Soft		30-50 C Soft		30-50 C or Alloy 15-25 RC		30-50 C or Alloy 26-32 RC		Stainless Chrome Nickel 300 Series*		Stainless Chrome 400 Series*		Brass and Bronze		Soft		Hard	
			Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
Size	Pitch	M/M In.	2.756 .1085	2.743 .1080	2.764 .1088	2.751 .1083	2.769 .1090	2.756 .1085	2.771 .1091	2.758 .1086	2.779 .1094	2.766 .1089	2.771 .1091	2.758 .1086	2.764 .1088	2.751 .1083	2.769 .1090	2.756 .1085	2.764 .1088	2.751 .1083
3	.35	M/M In.	2.652 .1044	2.639 .1039	2.659 .1047	2.647 .1042	2.664 .1049	2.652 .1044	2.667 .1050	2.654 .1045	2.675 .1053	2.662 .1048	2.667 .1050	2.654 .1045	2.659 .1047	2.647 .1042	2.664 .1049	2.652 .1044	2.659 .1047	2.647 .1042
3.5	.35	M/M In.	3.256 .1282	3.244 .1277	3.261 .1284	3.249 .1279	3.266 .1286	3.254 .1281	3.269 .1287	3.256 .1282	3.277 .1290	3.264 .1285	3.269 .1287	3.256 .1282	3.261 .1284	3.249 .1279	3.266 .1286	3.254 .1281	3.261 .1284	3.249 .1279
3.5	6	M/M In.	3.084 .1214	3.071 .1209	3.094 .1218	3.081 .1213	3.096 .1219	3.084 .1214	3.101 .1221	3.089 .1216	3.109 .1224	3.096 .1219	3.101 .1221	3.089 .1216	3.094 .1218	3.081 .1213	3.096 .1219	3.084 .1214	3.094 .1218	3.081 .1213
4	.5	M/M In.	3.653 .1438	3.640 .1433	3.660 .1441	3.647 .1436	3.663 .1442	3.650 .1437	3.668 .1444	3.655 .1439	3.675 .1447	3.663 .1442	3.668 .1444	3.655 .1439	3.660 .1441	3.647 .1436	3.663 .1442	3.650 .1437	3.660 .1441	3.647 .1436
4	.7	M/M In.	3.520 .1386	3.505 .1380	3.528 .1389	3.513 .1383	3.533 .1391	3.518 .1385	3.538 .1393	3.523 .1387	3.548 .1397	3.533 .1391	3.538 .1393	3.523 .1387	3.528 .1389	3.513 .1383	3.533 .1391	3.518 .1385	3.528 .1389	3.513 .1383
4.5	.5	M/M In.	4.153 .1635	4.140 .1630	4.161 .1638	4.148 .1633	4.163 .1639	4.150 .1634	4.168 .1641	4.155 .1636	4.176 .1644	4.163 .1639	4.168 .1641	4.155 .1636	4.161 .1638	4.148 .1633	4.163 .1639	4.150 .1634	4.161 .1638	4.148 .1633
5	.5	M/M In.	4.651 .1831	4.638 .1826	4.661 .1835	4.648 .1830	4.663 .1836	4.651 .1831	4.666 .1837	4.653 .1832	4.676 .1841	4.663 .1836	4.666 .1837	4.653 .1832	4.661 .1835	4.648 .1830	4.663 .1836	4.651 .1831	4.661 .1835	4.648 .1830
5	.8	M/M In.	4.455 .1754	4.437 .1747	4.463 .1757	4.448 .1751	4.468 .1759	4.453 .1753	4.473 .1761	4.458 .1755	4.483 .1765	4.465 .1758	4.473 .1761	4.463 .1755	4.448 .1757	4.468 .1759	4.453 .1753	4.463 .1757	4.448 .1751	4.468 .1759
6	.75	M/M In.	5.484 .2159	5.469 .2153	5.494 .2163	5.479 .2157	5.499 .2165	5.484 .2159	5.504 .2167	5.489 .2161	5.512 .2170	5.496 .2164	5.504 .2167	5.489 .2161	5.494 .2163	5.479 .2157	5.499 .2165	5.484 .2159	5.494 .2163	5.479 .2157
6	1.0	M/M In.	5.314 .2092	5.293 .2084	5.326 .2097	5.306 .2089	5.334 .2100	5.314 .2092	5.339 .2102	5.319 .2094	5.352 .2107	5.331 .2099	5.339 .2102	5.319 .2094	5.326 .2097	5.306 .2089	5.334 .2100	5.314 .2092	5.326 .2097	5.306 .2089
7	.75	M/M In.	6.485 .2553	6.469 .2547	6.495 .2557	6.480 .2551	6.500 .2559	6.485 .2553	6.505 .2561	6.490 .2555	6.513 .2564	6.497 .2558	6.505 .2561	6.490 .2555	6.495 .2557	6.480 .2551	6.500 .2559	6.485 .2553	6.495 .2557	6.480 .2551
7	1.0	M/M In.	6.314 .2486	6.294 .2478	6.327 .2491	6.307 .2483	6.335 .2494	6.314 .2486	6.340 .2496	6.320 .2488	6.353 .2501	6.332 .2493	6.340 .2496	6.320 .2488	6.327 .2491	6.307 .2483	6.335 .2494	6.314 .2486	6.327 .2491	6.307 .2483
8	1.0	M/M In.	7.315 .2880	7.295 .2872	7.328 .2885	7.308 .2877	7.336 .2888	7.315 .2880	7.341 .2890	7.320 .2882	7.353 .2895	7.333 .2887	7.341 .2890	7.320 .2882	7.328 .2885	7.308 .2877	7.336 .2888	7.315 .2880	7.328 .2885	7.308 .2877
8	1.25	M/M In.	7.150 .2815	7.130 .2807	7.163 .2820	7.142 .2812	7.168 .2822	7.148 .2814	7.176 .2825	7.155 .2817	7.188 .2830	7.168 .2822	7.176 .2825	7.155 .2817	7.163 .2820	7.142 .2812	7.168 .2822	7.148 .2814	7.163 .2820	7.142 .2812
9	1.0	M/M In.	8.313 .3273	8.293 .3265	8.326 .3278	8.306 .3270	8.334 .3281	8.313 .3273	8.339 .3283	8.319 .3275	8.352 .3288	8.331 .3280	8.339 .3283	8.319 .3275	8.326 .3278	8.306 .3270	8.334 .3281	8.313 .3273	8.326 .3278	8.306 .3270
9	1.25	M/M In.	8.151 .3209	8.131 .3201	8.164 .3214	8.143 .3206	8.169 .3216	8.148 .3208	8.176 .3219	8.156 .3211	8.189 .3224	8.169 .3216	8.176 .3219	8.156 .3211	8.164 .3214	8.143 .3206	8.169 .3216	8.148 .3208	8.164 .3214	8.143 .3206
10	1.0	M/M In.	9.314 .3667	9.294 .3659	9.327 .3672	9.307 .3664	9.335 .3675	9.314 .3667	9.340 .3677	9.319 .3669	9.352 .3682	9.332 .3674	9.340 .3677	9.319 .3669	9.327 .3672	9.307 .3664	9.335 .3675	9.314 .3667	9.327 .3672	9.307 .3664
10	1.5	M/M In.	8.984 .3537	8.956 .3526	8.999 .3543	8.971 .3532	9.007 .3546	8.979 .3535	9.014 .3549	8.989 .3539	9.030 .3555	9.004 .3545	9.014 .3549	8.989 .3539	8.999 .3543	8.971 .3532	9.007 .3546	8.979 .3535	8.999 .3543	8.971 .3532
11	1.5	M/M In.	9.982 .3930	9.954 .3919	9.997 .3936	9.970 .3925	10.005 .3939	9.977 .3928	10.012 .3942	9.987 .3932	10.027 .3948	10.003 .3938	10.012 .3942	9.987 .3932	9.997 .3936	9.970 .3925	10.005 .3939	9.977 .3928	9.997 .3936	9.970 .3925
12	1.5	M/M In.	10.983 .4324	10.955 .4313	10.998 .4330	10.970 .4319	11.006 .4333	10.978 .4322	11.013 .4336	10.988 .4326	11.029 .4342	11.003 .4332	11.013 .4336	10.988 .4326	10.998 .4330	10.970 .4319	11.006 .4333	10.978 .4322	10.998 .4330	10.970 .4319
12.	1.75	M/M In.	10.818 .4259	10.785 .4246	10.836 .4266	10.803 .4253	10.843 .4269	10.810 .4256	10.853 .4273	10.820 .4260	10.871 .4280	10.838 .4267	10.853 .4273	10.820 .4260	10.836 .4266	10.803 .4253	10.843 .4269	10.810 .4256	10.836 .4266	10.803 .4253
14	1.5	M/M In.	12.982 .5111	12.954 .5100	12.997 .5117	12.969 .5106	13.005 .5120	12.977 .5109	13.012 .5123	12.987 .5113	13.028 .5129	13.002 .5119	13.012 .5123	12.987 .5113	12.997 .5117	12.969 .5106	13.005 .5120	12.977 .5109	12.997 .5117	12.969 .5106
14	2	M/M In.	12.647 .4979	12.614 .4966	12.664 .4986	12.631 .4973	12.675 .4990	12.642 .4977	12.685 .4994	12.652 .4981	12.705 .5002	12.672 .4989	12.685 .4994	12.652 .4981	12.664 .4986	12.631 .4973	12.675 .4990	12.642 .4977	12.664 .4986	12.631 .4973
16	1.5	M/M In.	14.983 .5899	14.956 .5888	14.999 .5905	14.971 .5894	15.006 .5908	14.978 .5897	15.014 .5911	14.989 .5901	15.029 .5917	15.004 .5907	15.014 .5911	14.989 .5901	14.999 .5905	14.971 .5894	15.006 .5908	14.978 .5897	14.999 .5905	14.971 .5894
16	2	M/M In.	14.648 .5767	14.615 .5754	14.666 .5774	14.633 .5761	14.676 .5778	14.643 .5765	14.686 .5782	14.653 .5769	14.707 .5790	14.674 .5777	14.686 .5782	14.653 .5769	14.666 .5774	14.633 .5761	14.676 .5778	14.643 .5765	14.666 .5774	14.633 .5761
18	1.5	M/M In.	16.982 .6686	16.955 .6675	16.998 .6692	16.970 .6681	17.005 .6695	16.977 .6684	17.013 .6698	16.988 .6688	17.028 .6704	17.003 .6694	17.013 .6698	16.988 .6688	16.998 .6692	16.970 .6681	17.005 .6695	16.977 .6684	16.998 .6692	16.970 .6681
18	2.5	M/M In.	16.312 .6422	16.274 .6407	16.335 .6431	16.297 .6416	16.345 .6435	16.307 .6420	16.358 .6440	16.320 .6425	16.380 .6449	16.342 .6434	16.358 .6440	16.320 .6425	16.335 .6431	16.297 .6416	16.345 .6435	16.307 .6420	16.335 .6431	16.297 .6416
20	1.5	M/M In.	18.984 .7474	18.956 .7463	18.999 .7480	18.971 .7469	19.007 .7483	18.979 .7472	19.014 .7486	18.989 .7476	19.030 .7492	19.004 .7482	19.014 .7486	18.989 .7476	18.999 .7480	18.971 .7469	19.007 .7483	18.979 .7472	18.999 .7480	18.971 .7469
20	2.5	M/M In.	18.313 .7210	18.275 .7195	18.336 .7219	18.298 .7204	18.346 .7223	18.308 .7208	18.359 .7228	18.321 .7213	18.382 .7237	18.344 .7222	18.359 .7228	18.321 .7213	18.336 .7219	18.298 .7204	18.346 .7223	18.308 .7208	18.336 .7219	18.298 .7204
22	1.5	M/M In.	20.983 .8261	20.955 .8250	20.998 .8267	20.970 .8256	21.006 .8270	20.978 .8259	21.013 .8273	20.988 .8263	21.029 .8279	21.003 .8269	21.013 .8273	20.988 .8263	20.998 .8267	20.970 .8256	21.006 .8270	20.978 .8259	20.998 .8267	20.970 .8256

Note: These dimensions are for set-up reference. Diameters must be finally established by actual rolling.

\* Only Certain Grades Rollable

# Chart 4

## Recommended Blank Diameters

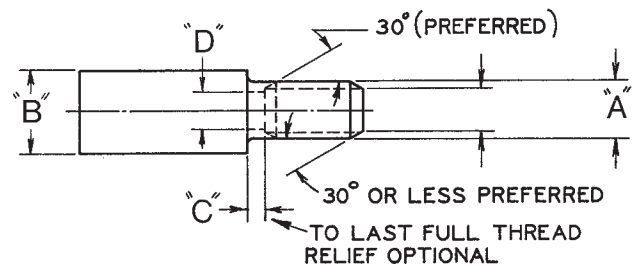
Blank Diameters In Inches & MMs for Straight, Rolled Metric Threads

Steel																	Aluminum Alloy			
Size in M/M			10-15 C Soft		30-50 C Soft		30-50 C or Alloy 15-25 RC		30-50 C or Alloy 26-32 RC		Stainless Chrome Nickel 300 Series*		Stainless Chrome 400 Series*		Brass and Bronze		Soft		Hard	
Size	Pitch		Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
22	2.5	M/M In.	20.312 .7997	20.274 .7982	20.335 .8006	20.297 .7991	20.345 .8010	20.307 .7995	20.358 .8015	20.320 .8000	20.381 .8024	20.343 .8009	20.358 .8015	20.320 .8000	20.335 .8006	20.297 .7991	20.345 .8010	20.307 .7995	20.335 .8006	20.297 .7991
24	2	M/M In.	22.647 .8916	22.614 .8903	22.664 .8923	22.631 .8910	22.675 .8927	22.642 .8927	22.685 .8914	22.652 .8918	22.705 .8939	22.672 .8926	22.685 .8931	22.652 .8918	22.664 .8923	22.631 .8910	22.675 .8927	22.642 .8914	22.664 .8923	22.631 .8910
24	3	M/M In.	21.979 .8653	21.930 .8634	22.004 .8663	21.958 .8645	22.017 .8668	21.971 .8650	22.029 .8673	21.984 .8655	22.055 .8683	22.007 .8664	22.029 .8673	21.984 .8655	22.004 .8663	21.958 .8645	22.017 .8668	21.971 .8650	22.004 .8663	21.958 .8645
27	2	M/M In.	25.646 1.0097	25.613 1.0084	25.664 1.0104	25.631 1.0091	25.674 1.0108	25.641 1.0095	25.684 1.0112	25.651 1.0099	25.705 1.012	25.672 1.0107	25.684 1.0112	25.651 1.0099	25.664 1.0104	25.631 1.0091	25.674 1.0208	25.641 1.0095	25.664 1.0104	25.631 1.0091
27	3	M/M In.	24.981 .9835	24.933 .9816	25.006 .9845	24.961 .9827	25.019 .9850	24.973 .9832	25.032 .9855	24.986 .9837	25.060 .9866	25.011 .9847	25.032 .9855	24.986 .9837	25.006 .9845	24.961 .9827	25.109 .9850	24.973 .9832	25.006 .9845	24.961 .9827
30	2	M/M In.	28.646 1.1278	28.613 1.1265	28.664 1.1285	28.631 1.1272	28.674 1.1289	28.641 1.1276	28.684 1.1293	28.651 1.1280	28.705 1.1301	28.672 1.1288	28.684 1.1293	28.651 1.1280	28.664 1.1285	28.631 1.1272	28.674 1.1289	28.641 1.1276	28.664 1.1285	28.631 1.1272
30	3.5	M/M In.	27.643 1.0883	27.595 1.0864	27.763 1.0895	27.623 1.0875	27.689 1.0901	27.638 1.0881	27.704 1.0907	27.653 1.0887	27.732 1.0918	27.683 1.0899	27.704 1.0907	27.653 1.0887	27.673 1.0895	27.623 1.0875	27.689 1.0901	27.638 1.0881	27.673 1.0881	27.623 1.0875
33	2	M/M In.	31.648 1.2460	31.615 1.2447	31.666 1.2467	31.633 1.2454	31.676 1.2471	31.643 1.2458	31.687 1.2475	31.653 1.2462	31.707 1.2483	31.674 1.2470	31.687 1.2475	31.653 1.2462	31.666 1.2467	31.633 1.2454	31.676 1.2471	31.643 1.2458	31.666 1.2467	31.633 1.2454
33	3.5	M/M In.	30.643 1.2064	30.594 1.2045	30.673 1.2076	30.622 1.2056	30.688 1.2082	30.637 1.2062	30.704 1.2088	30.653 1.2068	30.731 1.2099	30.683 1.2080	30.704 1.2088	30.653 1.2068	30.673 1.2076	30.622 1.2056	30.688 1.2082	30.637 1.2062	30.673 1.2076	30.622 1.2056
36	3	M/M In.	33.973 1.3375	33.925 1.3356	34.001 1.3367	33.953 1.3392	34.016 1.3373	33.967 1.3397	34.029 1.3378	33.981 1.3408	34.057 1.3389	34.009 1.3397	34.029 1.3378	33.981 1.3386	34.001 1.3367	33.953 1.3392	34.016 1.3373	33.967 1.3397	34.001 1.3386	33.953 1.3367
36	4	M/M In.	33.316 1.3116	33.265 1.3096	33.346 1.3128	33.295 1.3108	33.361 1.3134	33.311 1.3114	33.377 1.3140	33.326 1.3120	33.407 1.3152	33.356 1.3132	33.377 1.3140	33.326 1.3120	33.346 1.3128	33.295 1.3108	33.361 1.3134	33.311 1.3114	33.346 1.3128	33.295 1.3108
39	3	M/M In.	36.973 1.4556	36.925 1.4537	37.001 1.4567	36.953 1.4548	37.015 1.4573	36.967 1.4554	37.029 1.4578	36.981 1.4559	37.057 1.4589	37.009 1.4569	37.029 1.4578	36.981 1.4559	37.001 1.4567	36.953 1.4548	37.015 1.4573	36.967 1.4554	37.001 1.4567	36.953 1.4548
39	4	M/M In.	36.316 1.4297	36.265 1.4277	36.346 1.4309	36.295 1.4289	36.361 1.4315	36.311 1.4295	36.377 1.4321	36.326 1.4301	36.407 1.4333	36.356 1.4313	36.377 1.4321	36.326 1.4301	36.346 1.4309	36.295 1.4289	36.361 1.4315	36.311 1.4295	36.346 1.4309	36.295 1.4289
42	3	M/M In.	39.971 1.5848	39.923 1.5829	39.999 1.5860	39.951 1.5841	40.014 1.5865	39.966 1.5846	40.028 1.5591	39.980 1.5572	40.056 1.5882	40.008 1.5863	40.028 1.5591	39.980 1.5572	39.999 1.5860	39.951 1.5841	40.014 1.5865	39.966 1.5846	39.999 1.5860	39.951 1.5841
42	4.5	M/M In.	38.987 1.5348	38.928 1.5325	39.020 1.5361	38.9613 1.5338	9.036 1.5368	38.978 1.5345	39.053 1.5374	38.994 1.5351	39.086 1.5387	39.027 1.5364	39.053 1.5374	38.994 1.5351	39.020 1.5361	38.961 1.5338	39.036 1.5368	38.978 1.5345	39.020 1.5361	38.961 1.5338
45	3	M/M In.	42.971 1.7029	42.923 1.7010	42.999 1.7041	42.951 1.7022	43.014 1.7046	42.966 1.7027	43.028 1.6772	42.980 1.6753	43.056 1.7063	43.008 1.7044	43.028 1.6772	42.980 1.6753	42.999 1.7041	42.951 1.7022	43.014 1.7046	42.966 1.7027	42.999 1.7041	42.951 1.7022
45	4.5	M/M In.	41.987 1.6529	41.928 1.6506	42.020 1.6542	41.961 1.6519	42.036 1.6549	41.978 1.6526	42.053 1.6555	41.994 1.6532	42.086 1.6568	42.027 1.6545	42.053 1.6555	41.994 1.6532	42.020 1.6542	41.961 1.6519	42.036 1.6549	41.978 1.6526	42.020 1.6542	41.961 1.6519
48	3	M/M In.	45.971 1.8099	45.921 1.8079	46.000 1.8111	45.950 1.8091	46.015 1.8117	45.964 1.8097	46.029 1.8123	45.979 1.8103	46.058 1.8135	46.008 1.8115	46.029 1.8123	45.979 1.8103	46.000 1.8111	45.950 1.8091	46.015 1.8117	45.964 1.8097	46.000 1.8111	45.950 1.8091
48	5	M/M In.	44.655 1.7581	44.592 1.7556	44.691 1.7595	44.628 1.7570	44.709 1.7601	44.645 1.7577	44.727 1.7609	44.663 1.7584	44.762 1.7623	44.699 1.7598	44.727 1.7609	44.663 1.7584	44.691 1.7595	44.628 1.7570	44.709 1.7602	44.645 1.7577	44.691 1.7595	44.628 1.7570
52	3	M/M In.	49.969 1.9673	49.918 1.9653	49.999 1.9685	49.948 1.9665	50.013 1.9691	49.963 1.9671	50.028 1.9697	49.977 1.9677	50.058 1.9709	50.007 1.9689	50.028 1.9697	49.977 1.9677	49.999 1.9685	49.948 1.9665	50.013 1.9691	49.963 1.9671	49.999 1.9671	49.948 1.9665
52	5	M/M In.	48.643 1.9151	48.592 1.9131	48.678 1.9165	48.628 1.9145	48.696 1.9172	48.645 1.9152	48.714 1.9179	48.663 1.9159	48.749 1.9193	48.699 1.9173	48.714 1.9179	48.663 1.9159	48.678 1.9165	48.628 1.9145	48.696 1.9172	48.645 1.9152	48.678 1.9152	48.628 1.9145

Note: These dimensions are for set-up reference. Diameters must be finally established by actual rolling.

\* Only Certain Grades Rollable

# Width of Relief Required For 3-1/2, 5 and 7 TRB Head



## 3 1/2 TRB Head

Identical Long Throat							Identical Short Throat						
Diameter of Shoulder "B"							Diameter of Shoulder "B"						
	1/4	5/16	3/8	7/16	1/2	9/16		1/4	5/16	3/8	7/16	1/2	9/16
THD. Size A	Width of Neck "C"							Width of Neck "C"					
N.C. 1/4 20P	3/16	3/16	3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64		9/64	9/64	9/64	5/32	5/32	5/32
5/8-18P		3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64			9/64	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32
3/8-16P			7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32				5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32
7/16-14P				15/64	15/64	15/64					11/64	11/64	11/64
N.F. 1/4 28P	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32		1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8
5/16-24P		11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64			9/64	9/64	9/64	9/64	5/32
3/8-24P			11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64				9/64	9/64	9/64	9/64
7/16-20P				3/16	3/16	13/64					9/64	9/64	5/32

## 5 TRB Head

Identical Long Throat											Identical Short Throat										
Diameter of Shoulder "B"											Diameter of Shoulder "B"										
	5/16	3/8	7/16	1/2	9/16	5/8	11/16	3/4	13/16	7/8		5/16	3/8	7/16	1/2	9/16	5/8	11/16	3/4	13/16	7/8
THD. Size A	Width of Neck "C"											Width of Neck "C"									
N.C. 5/16 18P	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64		9/64	9/64	9/64	9/64	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32
3/8 16P		7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64			5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64
7/16 14P			15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64				11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64
1/2 13P				1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	17/64	17/64					11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	3/16	3/16
9/16 12P					9/32	9/32	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64						13/64	13/64	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32
5/8 11P						9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32							3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16
N.F. 5/16 24P	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16		1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32
3/8 24P		11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16			1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32
7/16 20P			3/16	3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64				9/64	9/64	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32
1/2 20P				3/16	3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64					9/64	9/64	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32
9/16 18P					3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64						9/64	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32
5/8 18P						3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64							9/64	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32

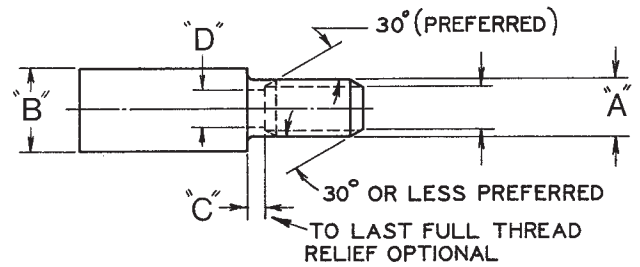
## 7 TRB Head

Identical Long Throat													Identical Short Throat														
Diameter of Shoulder "B"													Diameter of Shoulder "B"														
	7/16	1/2	9/16	5/8	11/16	3/4	13/16	7/8	15/16	1	1-1/16	1-1/8		7/16	1/2	9/16	5/8	11/16	3/4	13/16	7/8	15/16	1	1-1/16	1-1/8		
THD. Size A	Width of Neck "C"												Width of Neck "C"												"D"		
N.C. 7/16 14P	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	7/32	7/32	.3447	
1/2 13P		17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32		3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	.4001	
9/16 12P			19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	5/16	5/16			7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	15/64	15/64	.4542	
5/8 11P				19/64	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	21/64	21/64				13/64	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	15/64	15/64	.5069	
3/4 10P						19/64	19/64	19/64	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16						13/64	13/64	13/64	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	.6201		
7/8 9P								23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	3/8									1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	17/64	.7307	
N.F. 7/16 20P	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	9/64	9/64	9/64	9/64	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	.3725	
1/2 20P		3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64		9/64	9/64	9/64	9/64	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	.4350	
9/16 18P			7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32			11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	.4903	
5/8 18P				7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32				11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	.5528	
3/4 16P					7/32	7/32	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64						5/32	5/32	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	.6688	
7/18 14P								1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	17/64									3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	13/64	.7822	

For No Throat Rolls, subtract one pitch length from equivalent "C" dimension listed for "Identical Short" roll.

# Chart 2

## Width of Relief Required For 10 TRB Heads



### 10 TRB Head

Identical Long Throat

Diameter of Shoulder "B"

THD. Size A	5/8	11/16	3/4	13/16	7/8	15/16	1	1-1/16	1-1/8	1-3/16	1-1/4	1-5/16	1-3/8	1-7/16	1-1/2	1-9/16	1-5/8	1-11/16	1-3/4	"D"
N.C. 5/8 11P	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	.5069
3/4 10P			19/64	19/64	19/64	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	21/64	21/64	21/64	21/64	.6201
7/8 9P					3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	25/64	25/64	25/64	25/64	25/64	25/64	.7307
1 8P							25/64	25/64	13/32	13/32	13/32	13/32	13/32	13/32	13/32	13/32	13/32	13/32	27/64	.8376
1-1/8 7P									27/64	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	29/64	.9394
1-1/4 7P											27/64	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	7/16	1.0644
N.F. 5/8 18P	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	.5528
3/4 16P			7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	1/4	1/4	1/4	.6688
7/8 14P					17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	19/64	19/64	19/64	.7822
1 12P							9/32	9/32	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	5/16	5/16	.8918
1-1/8 12P									9/32	9/32	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	1.0168
1-1/4 12P											9/32	9/32	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	1.1418

Identical Short Throat

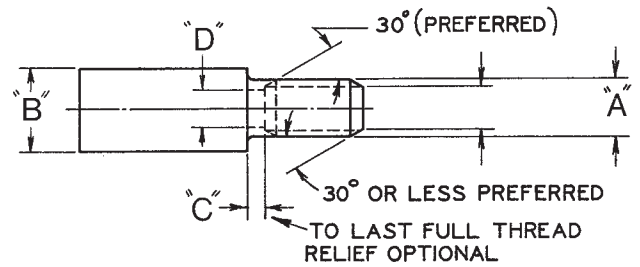
Diameter of Shoulder "B"

THD. Size A	5/8	11/16	3/4	13/16	7/8	15/16	1	1-1/16	1-1/8	1-3/16	1-1/4	1-5/16	1-3/8	1-7/16	1-1/2	1-9/16	1-5/8	1-11/16	1-3/4	"D"
N.C. 5/8 11P	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	13/64	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	.5528
3/4 10P			13/64	13/64	13/64	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	.6201
7/8 9P					17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	.7307
1 8P							17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	19/64	.8376
1-1/8 7P									9/32	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	5/16	.9394
1-1/4 7P											9/32	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	19/64	1.0644
N.F. 5/8 18P	9/64	9/64	9/64	9/64	9/64	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	.5528
3/4 16P			5/32	5/32	5/32	5/32	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	11/64	3/16	3/16	3/16	.6688
7/8 14P					13/64	13/64	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	15/64	15/64	15/64	15/64	.7822
1 12P							13/64	13/64	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	15/64	15/64	.8918
1-1/8 12P									13/64	13/64	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	1.0168
1-1/4 12P											13/64	13/64	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	7/32	1.1418

For No Throat Rolls, subtract one pitch length from equivalent "C" dimension listed for "Identical Short" roll.

# Chart 3

## Width of Relief Required For 16 TRB Head



### 16 TRB Head

Identical Long Throat

Diameter of Shoulder "B"																				
1-1/4		1-3/8	1-1/2	1-5/8	1-3/4	1-7/8	2	2-1/8	2-1/4	2-3/8	2-1/2	2-5/8	2-3/4	2-7/8	3	3-1/8	3-1/4	3-3/8	3-1/2	
THD. Size A		Width of Neck "C"																		"D"
U.N.C. 1-1/4 7P	15/32	15/32	15/32	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	33/64	33/64	33/64	1-3/64
1-3/8 6P		39/64	5/8	5/8	5/8	5/8	5/8	5/8	41/64	41/64	41/64	41/64	41/64	41/64	21/32	21/32	21/32	21/32	21/32	1-9/64
1-1/2 6P			5/8	5/8	5/8	5/8	5/8	5/8	41/64	41/64	41/64	41/64	41/64	41/64	21/32	21/32	21/32	21/32	21/32	1-17/64
1-3/4 5P					47/64	47/64	47/64	47/64	47/64	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	49/64	49/64	49/64	1-15/32
2 4.5P							13/16	13/16	13/16	13/16	13/16	13/16	53/64	53/64	53/64	53/64	53/64	53/64	53/64	1-45/64
U.N.F. 1-1/4 12P	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	1-1/8
1-3/8 12P		11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	1-15/64
1-1/2 12P			11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	1-23/64
12P Series 1-5/8				11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	1-1/2
1-3/4					11/32	11/32	11/32	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	1-39/64
1-7/8						11/32	11/32	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	1-47/64
2							11/32	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	1-55/64
8P Series 1-1/4	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	33/64	33/64	33/64	33/64	33/64	33/64	17/32	17/32	1-1/16
1-3/8		31/64	31/64	31/64	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	33/64	33/64	33/64	33/64	33/64	33/64	17/32	17/32	1-3/16
1-1/2			31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1-5/16
1-5/8				31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1-7/16
1-3/4					31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1-9/16
1-7/8						31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1-11/16
2							31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1-13/16

Identical Short Throat

Diameter of Shoulder "B"																					
		1-1/4	1-3/8	1-1/2	1-5/8	1-3/4	1-7/8	2	2-1/8	2-1/4	2-3/8	2-1/2	2-5/8	2-3/4	2-7/8	3	3-1/8	3-1/4	3-3/8	3-1/2	
THD. Size A		Width of Neck "C"																		"D"	
U.N.C. 1-1/4 7P	21/64	21/64	21/64	21/64	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	11/32	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	3/8	1-3/64
1-3/8 6P		29/64	29/64	29/64	29/64	29/64	15/32	15/32	15/32	15/32	15/32	15/32	15/32	15/32	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	1-9/64
1-1/2 6P			29/64	29/64	29/64	15/32	15/32	15/32	15/32	15/32	15/32	15/32	15/32	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	31/64	1-17/64
1-3/4 5P					17/32	17/32	17/32	17/32	35/64	35/64	35/64	35/64	35/64	35/64	35/64	9/16	9/16	9/16	9/16	9/16	1-15/32
2 4.5P							37/64	19/32	19/32	19/32	19/32	19/32	19/32	39/64	39/64	39/64	39/64	39/64	39/64	39/64	1-45/64
U.N.F. 1-1/4 12P	1/4	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	1-1/8
1-3/8 12P		17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	1-15/64
1-1/2 12P			17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	1-23/64
12P Series 1-5/8				17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	1-1/2
1-3/4					17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	1-39/64
1-7/8						17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	1-47/64
2	17/64								17/64	17/64	17/64	17/64	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	9/32	1-55/64
8P Series 1-1/4	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	25/64	25/64	25/64	25/64	25/64	25/64	13/32	13/32	1-1/16
1-3/8		23/64	23/64	23/64	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	25/64	25/64	25/64	25/64	25/64	25/64	13/32	13/32	1-3/16
1-1/2			23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	1-5/16
1-5/8				23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	1-7/16
1-3/4					23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	1-9/16
1-7/8						23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	1-11/16
2							23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	23/64	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	1-13/16

For No Throat Rolls, subtract one pitch length from equivalent "C" dimension listed for "Identical Short" roll.



## Thread Cutting



## Thread Forming & Rolling



## Collapsible & Solid Adjustable Taps



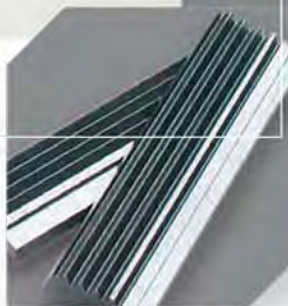
## Reamers



## Replacement Dies



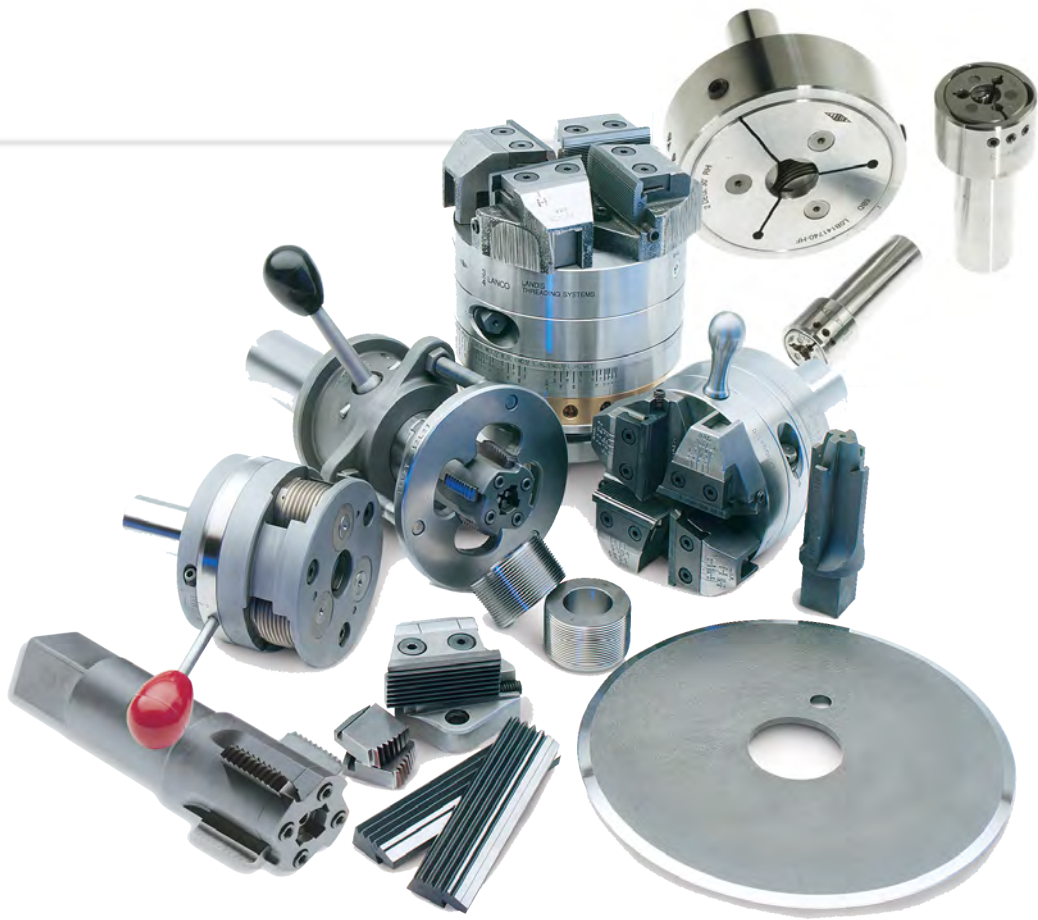
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